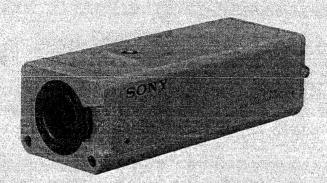
CCD Color Video Camera

DXC-151/151P



SONY SERVICE MANUAL

This service manual is for both the DXC-151 and the DXC-151P color video cameras.

The operating instructions for both cameras are the same, but their signal systems and the camera adaptors to be connected are different.

	Signal system	Camera adaptor	
DXC-151 EIA standards, NTSC color system		CMA-D1	
DXC-151P	CCIR standards, PAL color system	CMA-D1CE	

For the customers in the U.S.A.

Warning—This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions manual, may cause interference to radio communications. It has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A computing device pursuant to Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC Rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference when operated in a commercial environment. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause interference in which case the user at his own expense will be required to take whatever measures may be required to correct the interference.

Important—To insure that the complete system (including this peripheral) is capable of complying with the FCC requirements, it is recommended that the user make sure that the individual equipment of the complete system has a label with one of the following statements.

"This equipment has been tested with a Class A Computing Device and has been found to comply with Part 15 of FCC Rules."

-or-

"This equipment complies with the requirements in Part 15 of FCC Rules for a Class A Computing Device."
—or equivalent.

The shielded interface cable recommended in this manual must be used with this equipment in order to comply with the limits for a computing device pursuant to Subpart J of Part 15 of FCC Rules.

For the customers in Canada

This apparatus complies with the Class A limits for radio noise emissions set out in Radio Interference Regulations.

Pour les utilisateurs au Canada

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SECTION 1 OPERATION

1-1. FEATURES

The DXC-151/151P is a color video camera which uses a CCD (Charge Coupled Device), a solid stage image sensor.

Mechanical Features

Compact and lightweight

The camera is so small and light that you can attach it anywhere: on a wall, ceiling, or tripod.

High resistance to vibration and jarring

You can obtain a fine picture with the least vibration noise even when the camera is moved.

Video Features

High quality picture

- High resolution: The CCD used in the camera has 768 × 493 (DXC-151) or 756 × 581 (DXC-151P) picture elements, ensuring a high resolution picture.
- Very faint after-images: A clear picture can be obtained even when shooting a rapidly moving object or shooting in low light.
- Minimum image distortion: Pictures can be shot in precise geometry.

RGB output connector (D-SUB 9-pin)

In addition to a composite video signal output, the camera has an RGB signal output, so you can connect it to an RGB monitor or an image processing device.

Y/C separated video output

By switching the setting of the internal switch, the camera outputs the luminance (Y) signal and the chrominance (C) signal separately. This allows you to connect the camera to a monitor equipped with the S-video connector and gives you a picture with the minimum flicker and color blur.

Features for Functions

Four modes for white balance adjustment

You can choose the mode of white balance appropriate for the lighting condition.

Electronic shutter with wide range of operating speeds

This camera's electronic shutter has nine speed settings from 1/60 (for the DXC-151) or 1/50 (for the DXC-151P) to 1/10000 second.

Four modes for the video output level (gain)

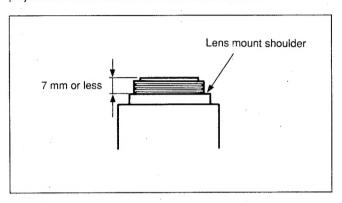
You can choose the video output level appropriate for the lighting condition from among four modes: AGC (Auto-Gain Control), 0 dB, 6 dB and 12 dB.

External sync system

When you use a video switcher to control two or more cameras, you can input the same sync signal to all of them so that they output pictures having the same quality.

1-2. LENS

You can mount any 2/3-inch C-mount lens as long as it does not project more than 7 mm from the lens mount shoulder.



1-3. CAMERA ADAPTOR

The camera adaptor you can use with this camera is the Sony CMA-D1 for the DXC-151 and the CMA-D1CE for the DXC-151P.

Note

The CMA-D1/D1CE camera adaptor is equipped with two DC OUT connectors to which two units can be connected. However, two DXC-151/151P cameras cannot be connected to this camera adaptor because of the specification of the power consumption. Be sure to use a camera adaptor for each camera.

1-4. CARE OF THE UNIT

Safety

- This camera is designed for operation on a power supply meeting the requirements indicated in the "Specifications".
- Should any material, liquid or solid, get into the body, unplug the AC power cord of the camera adaptor, and have the camera checked by qualified personnel before operating it further.

Operation

- · Avoid rough handling or mechanical shocks.
- Operate the camera at a temperature ranging from 0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F).

Installation

- Allow adequate air circulation to prevent internal heat build-up.
- Do not install the unit near a heat source such as a radiator or air duct or in a place subject to direct sunlight.

Cleaning

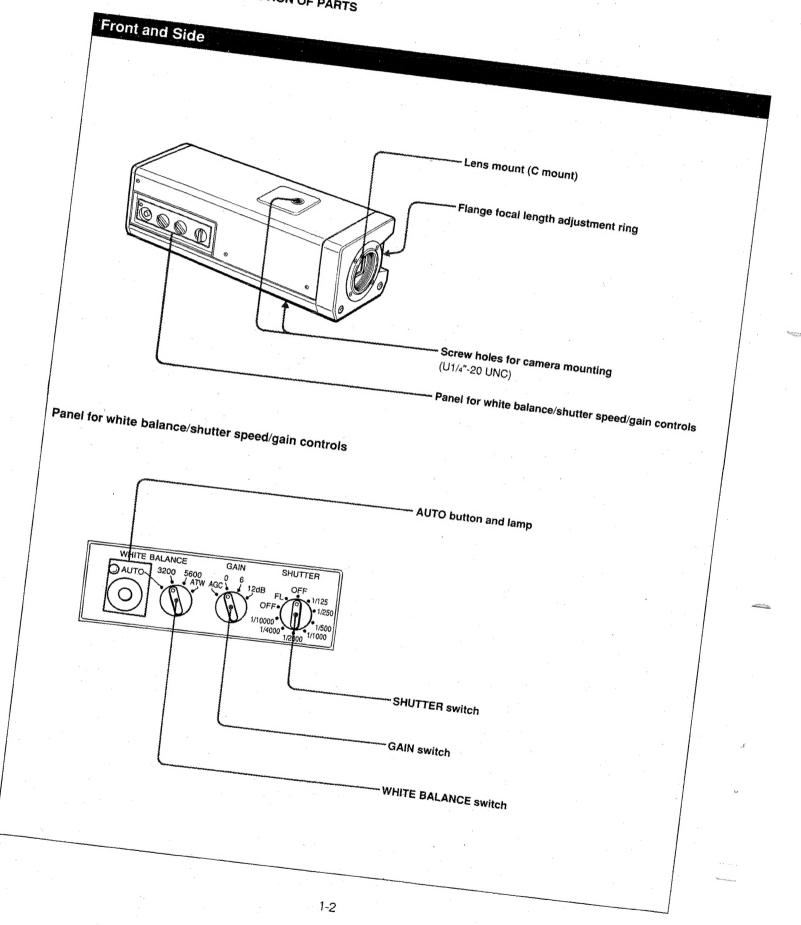
Clean the lens and filter with a blower.

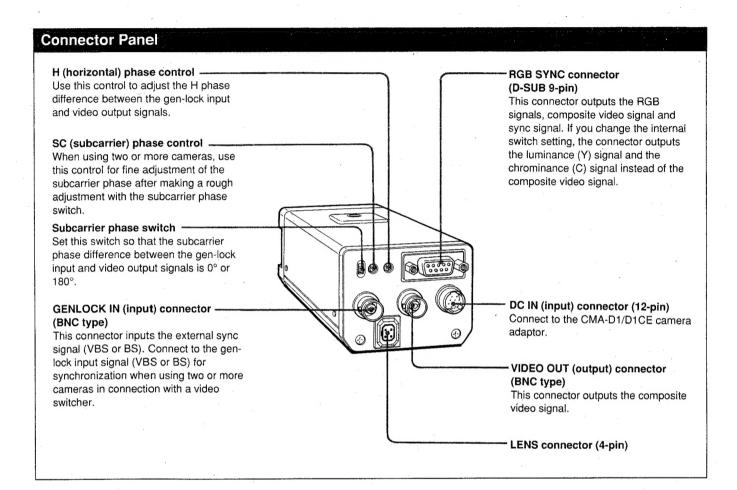
Clean the body, panel and controls with a dry soft cloth, or soft cloth lightly moistened with a mild detergent solution. Do not use any organic solvents, such as alcohol or benzine, which might damage the finish.

Repacking

Do not discard the carton. It affords maximum protection for shipping the camera. Repack the camera as it was originally packed at the factory.

1-5. LOCATION AND FUNCTION OF PARTS





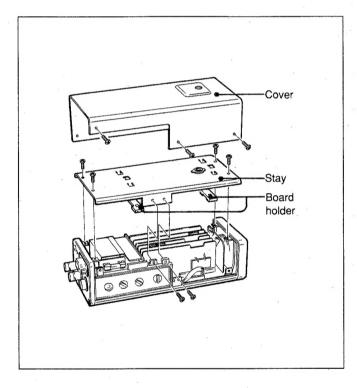
1-6. CHANGING THE SETTINGS OF THE INTERNAL SWITCHES

Six boards are installed in the camera. By changing the settings of the internal switches on two boards, you can do the following concerning the outputs of the RGB SYNC connector:

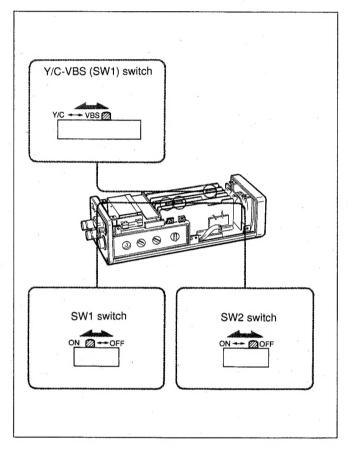
- Selecting one of the two output signals: Y/C separated signals or composite video signal
- Adding the sync signal to the G signal
- Selecting the sync signal level

Removing the cover

Unscrew five screws and remove the cover. Then unscrew the six screws securing the stay, and remove the stay and the board holder.



Setting the internal switches on the boards



Y/C-VBS (SW1) switch: for selecting the video output signal from the RGB SYNC connector

Y/C	The camera outputs the Y/C separated signal.
VBS	The camera outputs the composite video signal (factory setting).

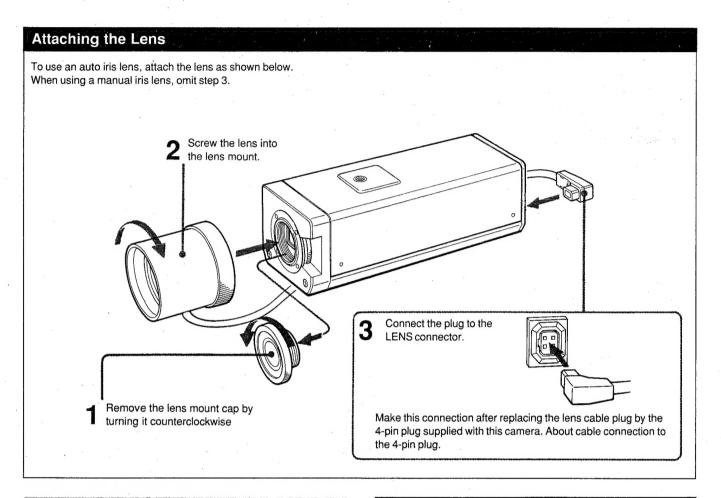
SW1 switch: for changing the level of the sync signal

ON	The level is set to 2.0 Vp-p (factory setting).
OFF	The level is set to 0.3 Vp-p.

SW2 switch: for adding the sync signal to the G signal

ON	The sync signal is added to the G signal.
OFF	The sync signal is not added (factory setting).

1-7. INSTALLATION

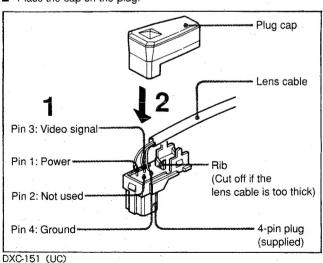


Replacing the lens cable plug with the 4-pin plug supplied with the camera

To use an auto iris lens, replace its cable end plug by the 4-pin plug supplied with the camera, as shown below.

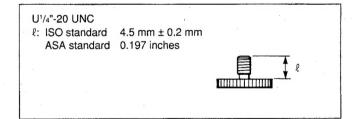
- 1 After disconnecting the lens cable from its plug, solder the cable wires to the pins on the supplied 4-pin plug as illustrated. (For identification of the cable wires, refer to the manual for your lens.) lens.)
- 2 Place the cap on the plug.

DXC-151P (EK)



Installing the Camera

- When installing the camera on a wall or ceiling, use an appropriate support or mounting bracket. Fix the camera to the support or bracket using screws as specified below, which match the screw holes in the camera body.
- When mounting the camera on a tripod, use the screw hole provided in the bottom of the camera.



1-5

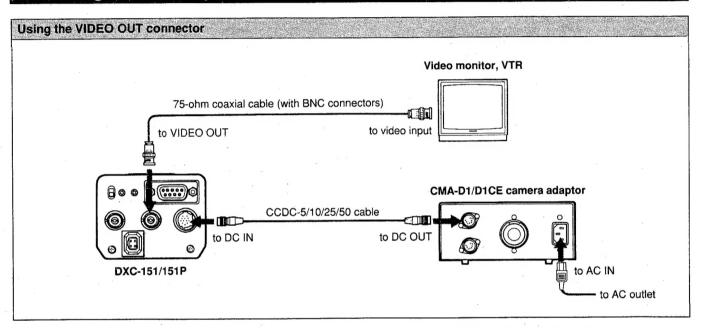
1-8. CONNECTION

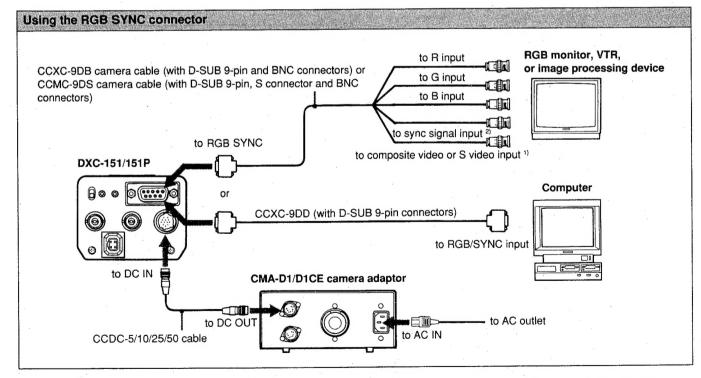
Supply power from the CMA-D1/D1CE camera adaptor to the camera.

Use either of the two video output connectors according to your application.

- VIDEO OUT connector
- RGB SYNC connector

When using one camera



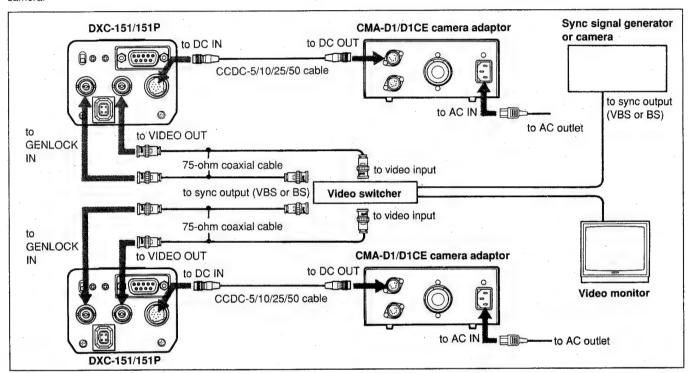


- To select either the composite video signal or Y/C separated signals, change the setting of the Y/C - VBS select switch located on the internal board.
- When using a monitor not equipped with a sync signal input connector, the camera can output the sync signal with the G signal. Change the setting of the SW2 switch located on the internal board.

When Using Two or More Cameras

When two or more cameras are connected to a video switcher, do the following two things on each camera to prevent the picture from being distorted and to obtain the same picture tone from each camera.

- Input a sync signal to the GENLOCK IN connector
- · Adjust the subcarrier phase and the horizontal phase



Note

The CMA-D1/D1CE camera adaptor is equipped with two DC OUT connectors to which two units can be connected. However, two DXC-151/151P cameras cannot be connected to this camera adaptor because of the specification of the power consumption. Be sure to use a camera adaptor for each camera.

Use of the GENLOCK IN connector

When two or more cameras are to be used in connection with a video switcher, or a similar equipment, and each camera picture selected by the switcher is to be observed on the same video monitor, supply each camera with the same reference signal to obtain the same picture tone.

Connect a sync signal generator to the GENLOCK IN connector to supply a sync signal (VBS or BS) to each camera, so that all the cameras are synchronized to this signal.

Adjustment of the picture tone for two or more cameras

When two or more cameras are used in connection with a video switcher, or a similar equipment, supply each camera with a sync signal and adjust each camera to obtain the same picture tone. Adjust the subcarrier phase and the horizontal phase following the procedure described below.

Subcarrier phase adjustment

Adjust the subcarrier phase roughly by setting the subcarrier phase switch to 0 or 180 so that the phase difference between the gen-lock input and video output signals is 0° or 180°. Then, make the fine adjustment using the SC control. You need a screwdriver to turn the control. A vectorscope will allow you to make the adjustment more easily.

Horizontal phase adjustment

Adjust the horizontal phase with the H control. You need a screwdriver to turn the control. A waveform monitor or an oscilloscope will allow you to make the adjustment more easily.

1-9. OPERATION

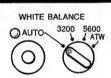
Preparation

- 1 Check that all the units are connected properly.
- 2 Turn the POWER switch of the CMA-D1/D1CE to on.
- 3 Turn on the video monitor, and adjust its controls properly.
- 4 Set the GAIN switch of the camera to 0 (0 dB). (Factory setting: 0 (dB))
- 5 Illuminate the object properly.
- 6 When using a manual iris lens, adjust the iris depending on the lighting conditions.

When the preparation as described above has been completed, carry out the following adjustments and settings.

Adjusting the White Balance

Select the mode of white balance adjustment according to the lighting condition by setting the WHITE BALANCE switch to one of the following four positions.



Mode/Switch position	Color temperature When the AUTO button is pressed, the white balance is adjusted according to the color temperature of the subject automatically. The adjusted white balance is stored in the built-in memory until readjustment. This mode is suitable for shooting to be repeated under the same conditions.	
AUTO (automatic white balance)		
3200	3200 K (fixed): Suitable for indoor shooting under the incandescent light.	
5600	5600 K (fixed): Suitable for outdoor shooting on sunny days.	
ATW (auto tracing white balance)	The white balance is adjusted according to the transition of the color temperature of the subject. This mode is suitable for shooting with variable lighting.	

Note-

When shooting a subject that moves fast in the ATW mode, the color of the picture may change due to the rapid change in color temperature. In such a case, change the mode of the white balance adjustment to another setting.

For better color setup according to the lighting conditions (automatic white balance adjustment)

- 1 Set the WHITE BALANCE switch to AUTO.
- 2 Shoot a white object (such as a white cloth or a white wall) so that it fills the screen.
- 3 Press the AUTO button. When the white balance has been adjusted, the lamp lights steadily for about two seconds:

The white balance is adjusted automatically so that the object looks white on the screen.

Memory of the automatic white balance adjustment value

The adjusted white balance is stored in the built-in memory and it is retained even if the camera is turned off. When the white balance is set to AUTO next time, the white balance is set to the value retained in the built-in memory automatically, so that you start shooting under the same lighting conditions immediately.

When the white balance is not adjusted automatically

When the white balance cannot be adjusted due to insufficient lighting, the lamp flashes.

When the lighting is too bright, the lamp lights even if the white balance cannot be adjusted properly. In this case, a white object does not appear in white to indicate that the white balance adjustment cannot be made properly. In both cases, try to adjust the white balance again as follows.

When an auto iris lens is used:

If the lighting is insufficient, increase the lighting and press the AUTO button again. Also, make the level adjustment or the ALC adjustment on the lens as required.

When a manual iris lens is used:

If the lighting is insufficient, open the iris or increase the lighting; if the lighting is excessive, stop down the lens. Then press the AUTO button again.

Adjusting the Video Output Level

To adjust the video output level, set the GAIN switch in the appropriate position.



Gain/switch position	
AGC (automatic gain control)	The video output level is automatically adjusted according to the lighting condition. Set the switch in this position when the lighting conditions are subject to change, as in conditions outdoors.
0 (dB)	Generally, set the switch in this position.
6 (dB)	The video output level is raised by 6 dB or 12 dB depending on the position of the switch. When the lighting is insufficient and the picture
12 dB	observed on the monitor is too dim, set the switch in one of these positions.

Selecting the Shutter Speed

To select the desired shutter speed, set the SHUTTER switch in the corresponding position.



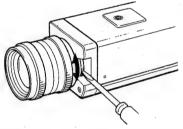
Switch position	Shutter speed (in seconds)	
OFF	DXC-151: 1/60 DXC-151P: 1/50	
1/125	1/125	
1/250	1/250	
1/500	1/500	
1/1000	1/1000	
1/2000	1/2000	
1/4000	1/4000	
1/10000	1/10000	
FL*	DXC-151: 1/100 DXC-151P: 1/120	

FL (flickerless): Setting to prevent the picture from flickering on 50-Hz (DXC-151) or 60-Hz (DXC-151P) power supply.

Adjusting the Flange Focal Length

When using a zoom lens with this camera, it may be necessary to adjust the flange focal length (the distance between the lens mounting plane and the image plane). The properly adjusted flange focal length ensures that the subject is in focus whether the zoom is in the wide-angle position or telephoto position. Once the flange focal length has been adjusted, readjustment is not necessary as long as the same lens is mounted on the camera.

- 1 When a manual iris lens is used, open the iris fully. When an auto iris lens is used, adjust lighting until the iris is fully open.
- 2 Point the camera at a subject about 3 meters (10 feet) away.
- 3 Set the zoom in the telephoto position.
- 4 Observing the monitor screen, turn the focus ring to focus on the subject.
- 5 Set the zoom in the wide-angle position.
- 6 Turn the flange focal length adjustment ring until the same subject is in focus. Do not turn the focus ring.



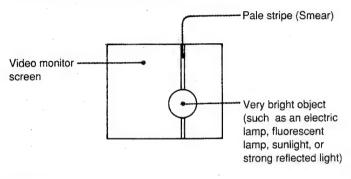
7 Repeat steps 3 to 6 until the subject is in focus both when the zoom is in the telephoto position and when it is in the wide-angle position.

1-10. SPECIAL CHARACTERISTICS OF A CCD CAMERA

The following conditions that may be observed during the use of a CCD video camera are not associated with any fault of the camera:

Smearing

The picture may be smeared when a very bright object is shot.



Patterned noise

This may appear over the entire monitor screen when the camera is operated at a high temperature.

Jagged picture

When fine stripes, straight lines, or the like are shot, the image monitored on the screen may appear jagged.

1-11. SPECIFICATIONS

Pickup device

Pickup device Color filter

Interline-transfer CCD Primary color filter

Picture element

DXC-151: 768 × 493 (horizontal x vertical) DXC-151P: 756 × 581 (horizontal x vertical)

Sensing area

Equivalent to a 2/3-inch pickup tube

Optical and others

Lens mount Signal system C mount DXC-151: EIA standards, NTSC color

system

DXC-151P: CCIR standards, PAL color

system

Scanning system

DXC-151: 525 lines, 2:1 interface,

30 frame/sec. DXC-151P: 625 lines, 2:1 interface,

25 frame/sec.

Sync/system

Internal/external (switched automatically)

External sync signal Horizontal resolution VBS or BS signal 460 TV lines

Minimum illumination

25 lux with F1.4 (GAIN: 12 dB SHUTTER:

OFF)

Sensitivity Video output 2000 lux, F4 (GAIN: 0 dB) RGB: 0.7 Vp-p, 75 ohms

Composite video: 1 Vp-p, sync negative,

75 ohms

Y: 1 Vp-p, 75 ohms

C: C level is in accordance with VBS

Video signal to noise ratio

DXC-151: 48 dB or more DXC-151P: 46 dB or more

Electrical shutter

Gain control

9 speeds selectable: OFF, 1/125 sec., 1/250

sec., 1/500 sec., 1/1000 sec., 1/2000., 1/4000., 1/10000 sec. and FL (flickerless)

White balance adjustment

4 modes selectable: AUTO, 3200, 5600 and

ATW (auto tracing white balance)

4 modes selectable: AGC, 0 dB, 6 dB and

12 dB

Input/output connectors

GENLOCK IN: BNC type DC IN: 12-pin connector VIDEO OUT: BNC type

RGB SYNC: D-SUB 9-pin connector

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Pin assignment of the RGB SYNC connector

Pin No.	Signal
1	GND
2	
3	Routput
4	G output 1)
5	B output
.6	Y output or composite video output 2)
7	Sync output 3)
8	GND
9	NC or C output 2)

- Change the setting of the internal switch to add the sync signal.
- Change the setting of the internal switch to select the desired signal.
- Change the setting of the internal switch to change the level of the sync signal.

+8.5 V, 40 mA

Video output for lens

Not used

GND

Signal

LENS: 4-pin connector

Pin No.

1

2

3

4



Pin assignment of the LENS connector of the camera

Power requirements

12 V DC

Powerconsumption

7 W

Operating temperature

0°C to 40°C (32°F to 104°F)

Storage temperature

-20°C to +60°C (-4°F to 140°F)

Operating humidity Less than 80% (no condensation allowed)

Less than 90% (no condensation allowed)

Storage humidity Shock resistance

Less than 70 G

Dimensions

 $65 \times 50 \times 170$ mm (w/h/d)

 $(2^5/8 \times 2 \times 6^3/4 \text{ inches})$

excluding projecting parts

Weight

Approx. 520 g (1 lb 2 oz)

Accessories supplied

Lens mount cap (1)

4-pin plug matching the LENS connector (1)

CCDC-5 cable (5m) (1) Operating instructions (1) Accessories not supplied

CMA-D1 camera adaptor (for the DXC-151)

CMA-D1CE camera adaptor (for the DXC-151P)

CCDC-10/25/50 cable (10/25/50 m)

(with 12-pin connectors)
CCXC-9DD cable (with D-SUB 9-pin

connectors)

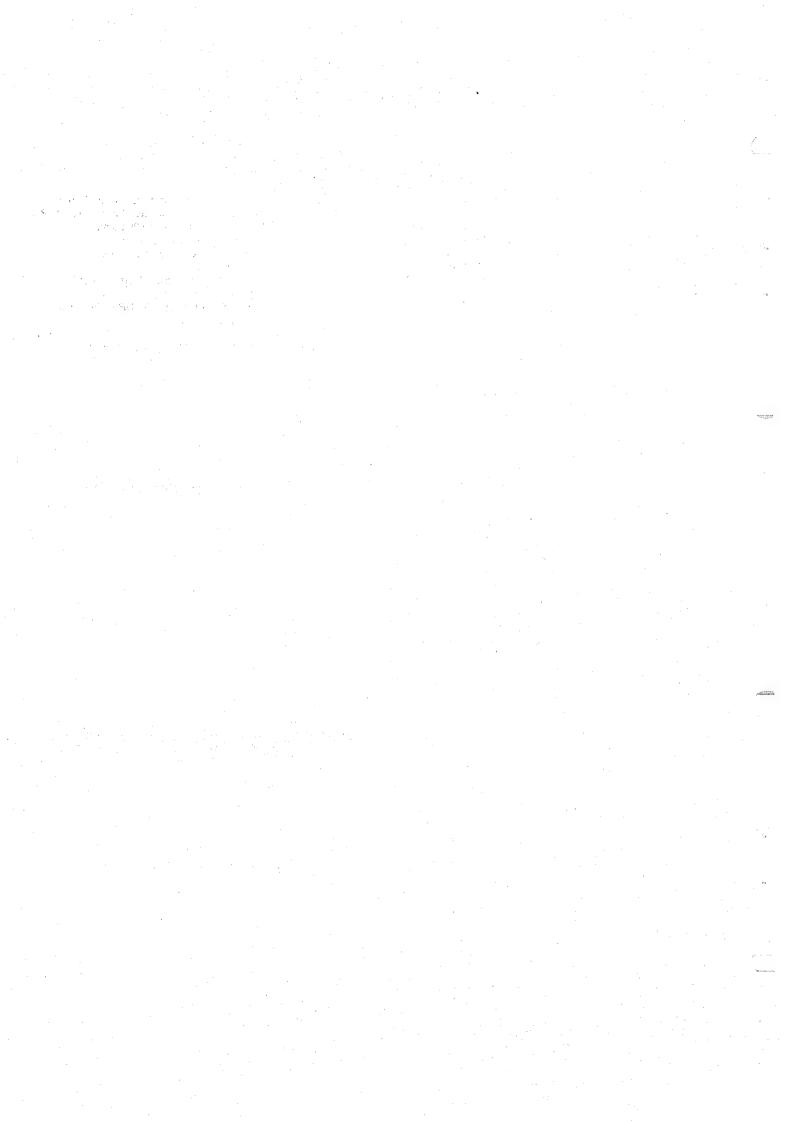
CCXC-9DB cable (with D-SUB 9-pin and

5 BNC connectors)

CCMC-9DS cable (with D-SUB 9-pin, 4 BNC

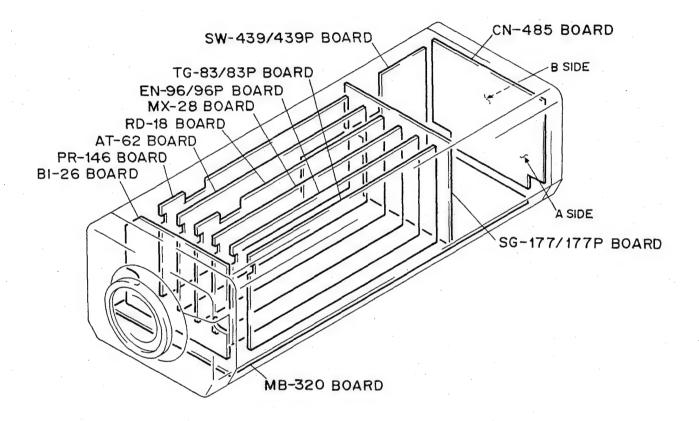
and S connectors)

Design and specifications are subject to change without notice.



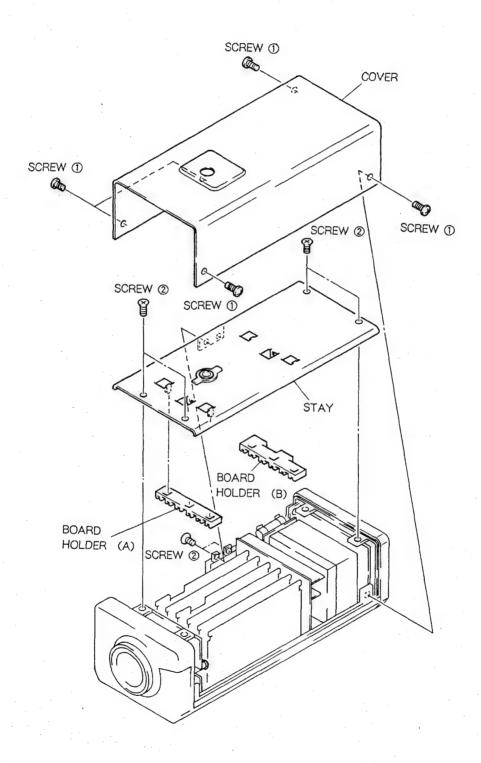
SECTION 2 SERVICE INFORMATION

2-1. BOARD LAYOUT



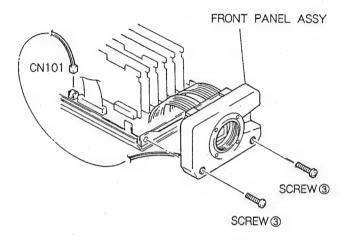
2-2. CABINET REMOVAL

- 1. Remove the five screws 1 (+P2×6) and remove the COVER.
- 2. Remove the six screws ② (+K2×4) and remove the BOARD HOLDERS (A) and (B).

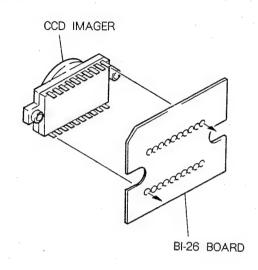


2-3. CCD IMAGER REMOVAL

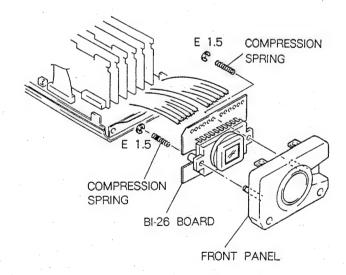
- Remove the cabinet by referring to section 2-2 "Cabinet Removal".
- 2. Disconnect the connector CN101.
- 3. Remove the two screws ③ (+B2.6×4) and remove the FRONT PANEL ASSY.



6. Unsolder and remove the CCD imager from the BI-26 board using a soldering iron.



- 4. Remove the two E-rings and remove the two COMPRESSION SPRINGs and the FRONT PANEL.
- 5. Remove the BI-26 board from the harness using a soldering iron.



2-4. NOTE ON MAINTENANCE SERVICE

2-4-1. Notes On Replacement Parts

(1) Safety Related Components Warning

Components identified by shading marked and \triangle marked on the schematic diagrams, exploded views and electrical spare parts list are critical to safe operation. Replace these components with Sony Parts whose part numbers appear as shown in this manual or in Service bulletins and service manual supplement published by Sony.

(2) Standardization of Parts

Repair parts supplied from Sony Parts Center may not be always identical with the part which actually in use due to "accommodation the improved parts and/or engineering changes" or "standardization of genuine parts". This manual's exploded views and electrical spare parts list are indicating the parts number of " the standardization genuine parts at present".

(3) Stocked Parts

The parts marked with "s" in the SP column of the exploded views and electrical spare parts list are normally required for routine service work. Order for parts marked with "o" will be processed, but allow for additional delivery time.

(4) Units of Capacitors, Inductors, and Resistors

The following units are omitted in the schematic diagrams, exploded views, and electrical parts lists unless otherwise specified;

Capacitor: μF Inductor: μH Resistor: Ω

2-4-2. PROM IC

Each PROM IC on the PC board has a suffix to its original designation.

This suffix may change according to improvement of IC. Never use an IC having no suffix to its original designation, because it is not programmed.

2-5. MATCHING CONNECTORS AND CABLES

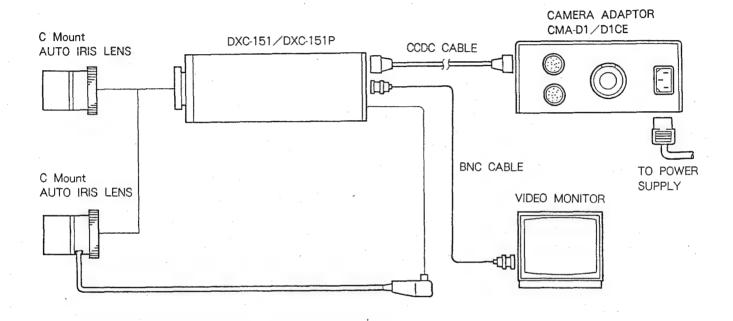
Connections made with the connector panels during installation or service, should be made with the connectors/complete cable assemblies specified in the following list, or equiralent parts.

Functional Name of	Part No. and name of connectors
DXC-151/DXC-151P	to be connected
DC IN 12P (Male)	ROUND CONNECTOR 12P (Female) CCDC-5/10/25/50 CABLES
LENS 4P (Female)	1-580-173-11 4P (Male)
VIDEO OUT BNC VIDEO OUT D-SUB 9P (Female)	D-SUB 9P (Female)

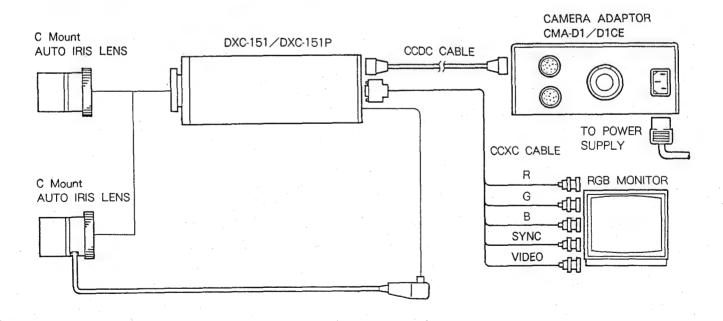
2-6. CONNECTION

2-6-1. System Connection

In case the VIDEO OUT connector is used:



In case the RGB SYNC terminal connector is used:

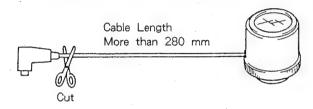


2-6-2. Modification of Lens Connector

When connecting the auto iris lens, it is necessary to replace the lens connector with the supplied small type 4P connector.

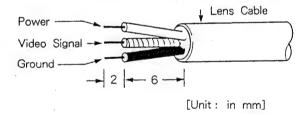
Please make wiring according to the following procedures:

1. Cut the lens cable just beside the connector.



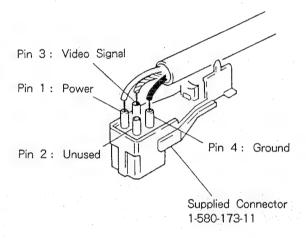
Note: Use the lens which operates on +8.5Vdc with a current of 40 mA or less.

2. Strip the cover from each wire in specified length.



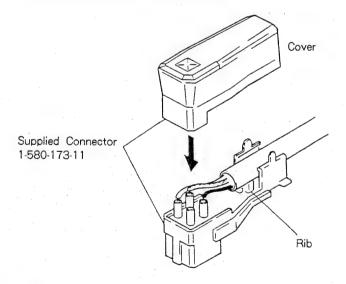
Note: Regarding the signal names of each wire in the lens cable, refer to the specification sheet of the lens.

Solder the three wires at the pins of the supplied 4-pin connector.



Note: In order to prevent transformation from excessive heating, soldering should be done quickly.

4. Install the connector cover with cable on the rib.



Note: When the cover can not be installed because the cable is too thick, cut off the rib.

2-7. INSERTION OF EXTENSION BOARD (EX-273)

To align the DXC-151/151P, two EX-273 boards are required.

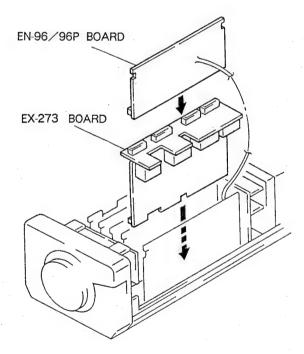
Note 1: Pull out or insert the board in proper manner to prevent connector from damage.

Note 2: Since the EN-96/96P board and SG-177/177P board have been connected with a short lead wire, be very careful to perform servicing.

2-7-1. Extension of EN-96/96P Board

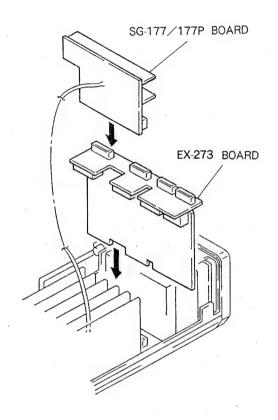
Extend the PR-146, AT-62, RD-18, MX-28, or TG-83/83P board in the same manner.

- 1. Remove the parts referring to section 2-2. "Cabinet Removal".
- 2. Pull out the EN-96/96P board carefully upward.
- 3. Insert the EX-273 board then EN-96/96P board straight into the connector as shown in Figure.



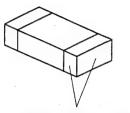
2-7-2. Extension of SG-177/177P Board

- 1. Remove the parts referring to section 2-2. "Cabinet Removal".
- 2. Pull out the SG-177/177P board carefully upward.
- 3. Insert the EX-273 board then SG-177/177P board straight into the connector as shown in Figure.



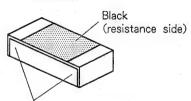
2-8. REPLACEMENT OF CHIP PARTS

Capacitor



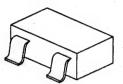
Covered with electrode.

Resistor



Not covered with electrode.

Diode and transistor



Tools required

- Soldering iron of approximately 20W (Use a temperature controller, if possible, which can control the iron temperature to 270 ± 10 °C.)
- Desoldering metal braid (Part No. 7-641-300-81)
- solder (A solder of 0.6 mm in diameter is recommended.)
- Tweezers

Soldering conditions

- Iron temperature of 270 ± 10 °C
- Soldering should be performed within two seconds.

Procedures

- To remove a resistor or capacitor, place the tip of a soldering iron on chip parts to heat the parts, and then move it horizontally for removal while being desoldered. For removal of a diode or transistor, heat the one side, with two pins, of chip parts at the same time. Set the parts up when desoldered and remove two pins. And then remove the pin on another side.
- 2. Absorb solder by using a desoldering metal braid to smooth the land surface after removal.
- 3. Confirm by visual check that no trace is come off, no adjacent parts is damage and no bridging occur.
- 4. Perform a thin pretinning on the trace.
- Place new chip parts on the trace to solder its both sides.

Note: Do not reuse parts which have been removed.

For details, see "CHIP COMPONENTS manual" (Part No. 9-963-089-01) prepared by Sony Corporation.

SECTION 3 THEORY OF OPERATION

3-1. OPERATION PRINCIPLE OF CCD

A CCD (Charge-Coupled Device) image sensor is a semiconductor device consisting of a MOS capacitors (unit cells) regularly arranged in two dimensional arrays. It has the following three functions for handling charges.

1. Photoelectric Conversion (Photosensor)

When incident light falls on the image sensor, the electric charge is generated by the MOS capacitors in proportion to the brightness received.

2. Accumulation of electric charge

When an external voltage is applied to the electrodes of a MOS capacitors, an electric potential well is generated in the silicon substrate of the MOS capacitors. The electric charge is accumulated in this well.

3. Transmission of electric charge

When a high or low voltage is successively applied to the electrodes of adjacent MOS capacitors, a deeper well or a shallower well is formed in proportion to the voltage. The electric charge can be transferred sequentially from one MOS capacitor to an adjacent MOS capacitor using this character.

When a high voltage is applied to a specific electrodes of a MOS capacitor, a deep electric potential well is generated, and a electric charge is transferred from neighboring well. When this is repeated among the regularly arranged electrodes, a electric charge is transferred from one MOS capacitor to another. This is the principle of CCD charge transmission.

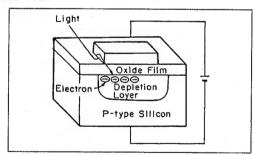


Fig. 1. MOS Capacitor

3-2. MECHANISM OF CCD CHARGE TRANSFER

DXC-151/151P employs the interline transfer system. In this system, the electric charges are transferred to neighboring potential well inproportion to the brightness of the image on the CCD sequentially as shown in Fig. 4 on page 3-2.

An image proportional to the brightness of the object is converted into an electric charge by the photosensor, and it is transferred to the neighboring vertical shift register. This electric charge is thus shifted vertically to the horizontal shift register section. Then it is output from the output section in horizontal sequence.

1. Vertical shift register operating principle

The vertical shift register operates on a "four-phase" drive system which reads the electric charge from the

photosensor element. Fig. 2 shows an example of a change in the potential wells in each time period.

At t0, the electrode potentials from V1 through V4 are (V1=V2) > (V3=V4), the V1 and V2 potentials are deeper and the V3 and V4 potentials are shallower, so the charge is stored in V1 and V2 wells.

At t1, the electrode potentials are (V1=V2=V3) > (V4), so the charge is stored in V1, V2 and V3.

At t2, the electrode potentials are (V2=V3) > (V4=V1), so the charge is stored in V2 and V3.

Electrode potential states at t3 and after are shown below.

- t3 (V2=V3=V4) > (V1)
- t4 (V3=V4) > (V1=V2)
- t5 (V4)=(V1=V2=V3)
- t6 (V4=V1) > (V2=V3)
- $t7 \quad (V4=V1=V2) > (V3)$
- t8 (V1=V2) > (V3=V4) (initial state: t0)

The vertical transfer is carried out by repeating the above operations.

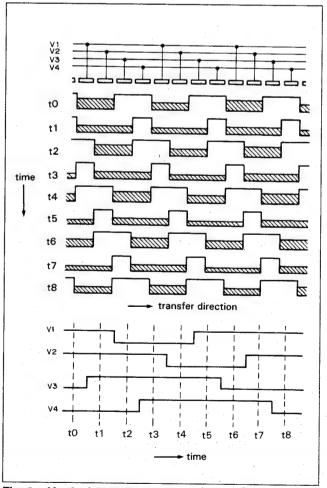


Fig. 2. Vertical Shift Register Operating Principle

2. Horizontal shift register operating principle

The horizontal shift register operates on a "two-phase" drive system which reads the electric charge from the photosensor element. Fig. 3 shows an example of a change in the potential wells in each time period.

At t1, the electrode potentials of H1 and H2 are H1>H2, the higher electrode potential of H1 well is deeper and H2 well is shallower so that the charge is stored in the deeper well H1.

At t2, the electrode potentials of H1 and H2 are inverted, the higher electrode potential of H2 well is deeper and H1 well is shallower so that the charge is stored in H2 well.

At t3, the electrode potentials of H1 and H2 have not changed, so the charge flows into the H2 well and one transfer of charge is completed.

The horizontal transfer is carried out by repeating the above operations.

3-3. BI-26 BOARD

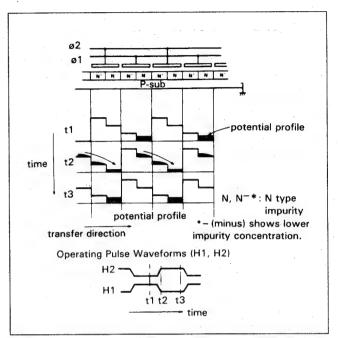
The incident light which comes through the camera lens falls on the surface of the CCD IC1 on the BI-26 board.

The surface of the CCD contains a number of photosensors. The CCD imager consists of 818 photosensors horizontally and 513 photosensors vertically. The total number of photosensors is 419,634 photosensors and the total number of effective photosensors is 378,624 (768 horizontally \times 493 vertically).

The color filters of R (Red), G (Green) and B (Blue) are formed on the effective picture elements. G, R and B are formed in vertical stripe configuration. When the incident light passes the color filters, it is divided into the color components R, G and B. The divided colors are converted into electrical charge proportional to the brightness of each color. The converted signal charge is read out by a register section from the photosensor, and is transferred in sequence then fed to the output section.

There are horizontal shift register and vertical shift register in the shift register section. As shown in Fig. 4, there are 818 vertical rows of registers, while there is only one horizontal row of register, across the top. Each converted charge is transmitted every field (frequency of VD) to the vertical shift register adjoining to the photosensor. The signal charge is then vertically transferred in sequence at the vertical transfer clocks V1, V2, V3 and V4 to the horizontal register. The horizontal registers transfer charges horizontally at the horizontal transfer clocks H1 and H2 (=910 fH) to the output section.

The output from IC1 is output after the electrical charge has been converted to a voltage signal by the capacitor at the output section. It is then sent to the PR-146 board after passing buffer Q1.



Flg. 3. Horlzontal Shift Register Operating Principle

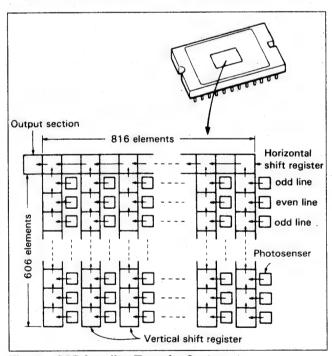


Fig. 4. CCD Interline Transfer System

3-4. PR-146 BOARD

The major functions of the PR-146 board are as follows:

- ① AGC
- ② Color separation of G signal and R/B signals from the CCD output signal
- ③ White balance.
- ④ Gamma correction

The CCD output signal from the BI-26 board passes correlation double sampling type sample-and-hold circuit in IC4 so that the noise components peculiar to CCD is eliminated. This output is divided into two paths. One path is amplified by the amplifier inside IC4, and passed through the inverter Q10 and output as lens iris control signal from buffer Q9. The other path is passed through the AGC circuit in IC4 and is divided into two paths again. One path is input to the sample/hold circuit inside IC4 for separating the color components so that the signal is fed to the next stage by separating into the G signal and R/B signal. The other path is input to Q1 and is detected for AGC signal. Detected signal is passed through the operational amplifier in IC4 and is input to IC1 as one of the AGC signals. The AGC signal that inputs to IC1 is selected in accordance with the setting of AGC mode.

In order to compensate the leakage (cross-color peculiar to CCD) to G signal from R/B signal which has already generated by the previous circuit, separated G and R/B signals are input to the respective lowpass filters FL1 and FL2 having the band-width of luminance frequency, so the unwanted high frequency noise components are removed. These signals are input to cross-color cancel circuit (subtractor) consisting of Q11 and Q12 then the compensated signal is input to IC3.

The G and R/B signals that are input to IC3, are passed through the white balance circuit in IC3. The white balance circuit consists of three white balance amplifiers. The R/B signal that is input to IC3, is separated to R and B signals then input to the R signal white balance amplifier and B signal white balance amplifier respectively. They are controlled by the DC voltages (R CONT and B CONT signals) supplied from the AT-62 board then the white balance controlled R and B signals are mixed. The G and R/B signals passed through the white balance circuits, are fed to the MX-28 board via the gamma correction circuit IC2.

3-5. MX-28 BOARD

The major function of the MX-28 board is to obtain the vertical aperture compensation signal in order to improve the sharpness in the vertical direction, and to obtain the matrix signals, such as luminance signals (YH and YL-YH), color difference signals (R-Y and B-Y) and the RGB reproducing signals (R-YH, G-YH and B-YH) from the line sequential signals (every line for G signal and every other line for R/B signal) output from the CCD's color filter.

The G and R/B signals that are passed through the white balance circuit and the gamma correction circuit on the PR-146 board are processed by the clamp circuit and the sample/hold circuit inside IC5 and is then input to the matrix circuit of IC5 via the CCD type 1H delay lines IC1 and IC2.

Matrixed signals are defined by the following equations:

Definition:

G0, R0/B0: Signals directly input to IC5

G1, R1/B1: Signals passed through the first 1H delay line G2, R2/B2: Signals passed through the second 1H delay line

YH =0.5G1+0.25R1+0.25B0

YL =G1+0.3 (R1 - G1)+0.11 \times 1/2{ (B0 - G0)+(B2 - G2) } =0.59G+0.3R+0.11B

R-Y =R1 - YL =R1 - {0.3R1+0.7G1 - 0.11× 1/2(G0+G2)+0.11×1/2 (B0+B2) } =0.7R - 0.59G - 0.11B

B-Y =1/2 (B0+B2) - YL =1/2 (B0+B2) - {0.3R1+0.7G1 - 0.11 ×1/2 (G0+G2)+0.11×1/2 (B0+B2) } =0.89B - 0.59G - 0.30R

VAP = G0 - 0.5 (G1+G2)

Above signal processings are taken the characteristic of color filter against the CCD into consideration, so the same processings are performed when G0 and R0 signals are directly input to IC5.

Generated Үн, Үц-Үн, R-Ү, B-Y and VAP signals are sent to the EN-96/96P board and generated R-Үн, G-Үн and B-Үн signals are sent to the RD-18 board.

3-6. EN-96/96P BOARD

The EN-96/96P board consists of the encoder circuit, sync generator circuit and a part of the subcarrier gen-lock circuit. The encoder circuit produces the VBS signal from the luminance signals (YH and YL-YH), color difference signals (R-Y and B-Y), vertical aperture compensation signal (VAP), etc.

The YH signal is bandwidth-limited by 7.2 MHz lowpass filters FL1 and FL2 then output to IC3 and to RD-18 board for outputting the RGB signals. The YL-YH signal is passed through the active-lowpass filter, delay time is compensated by delay line DL2 and input to IC3.

The YH signal input to IC3 is passed through the horizontal aperture compensation circuit then output as Y signal. In IC3, the Y signal is further amplified, excessive white component is clipped, setup level is added. The processed signalis input to the encoder circuit then output from IC3 at the same time.

The R-Y and B-Y signals are band-limited by active-lowpass filter and is input to IC3. In IC3, signals are clamped, and passed through the balanced modulator. And they are added to the burst signal and output as a chroma signal.

The chroma signal is once output from IC3, it is passed through the band-pass filter consisting of L5 and C81 and input IC3 again. At the same time, the chroma signal that is output from the band-pass filter, is sent to the MB-320 board via SW1. Further, the Y signal that is output from IC3, is also sent to the MB-320 board via SW1.

The Y and the chroma signals are mixed by IC3 and mixed signal is sent to the MB-320 board as VBS signal.

The sync generator IC2 generates the sync, blanking, FLD, HD, VD, FH and BF signals for the system from the clock signal (NTSC: 4fsc=14.31818MHz, PAL: 14.1875MHz) supplied from the TG-83/83P board in case of an internal sync mode, or from the VR, HR and L ALT R signals supplied from the SG-177/177P board in case of an external sync mode.

Since the EN-96/96P board contains sync signal generator and the VCO (IC6) which generates the 4fsc for the PAL system, a part of the subcarrier gen-lock circuit is also contained in the EN-96/96P board. Refer to section 3-11. SG-177/177P Board for more details.

3-7. RD-18 BOARD

The RD-18 board consists of the setup adjustment, white clip level adjustment, horizontal aperture compensation and vertical aperture compensation functions of each signal for outputting the RGB signals.

The vertical aperture compensation signal (VAP) is added to the R-YH, G-YH and B-YH signals respectively, they are sent to IC3, IC5 and IC4. The RGB signals are generated by adding the horizontal aperture compensation signal (YH) to each signal inside each IC.

The RGB signals are generated by the following equations:

Definition:

RL, GL, BL: Low frequency component of each color signal

YH': High frequency component of YH signal VAP: Vertical aperture compensation signal

R = RL+YH'+VAP G = GL+YH'+VAP

B = BL+YH'+VAP

Generated RGB signals are passed through the setup circuit, white clip circuit level adjustment circuit inside each IC, then sent to the MB-320 board.

The SW1 and SW2 conselect either superimposing the sync signal on the G signal or output them independently.

3-8. TG-83/83P BOARD

The TG-83/83P board generates the following signals:

CCD Drive Signals

XH1, XH2:

Horizontal clocks

XPG:

Pre-charge gate clock

V1 to V4:

Vertical clocks

SUB CONT: DC voltage for controlling the substrate

potential

Electronic Shutter Clock Signals

SHP. SHD:

Correlation double sample/hold pulses

SPI, SP2:

Sample/hold pulses for separating the color

signals

PRE BLKG: Blanking pulse for signal processing

CLP1, CLP2: Clamp pulses for signal processing

Color Filter Line Sequence Signals for synchronization

XDL1, XDL2: Matrix

sample/hold

pulses

synchronization, CCD type delay line input

pulses

All the above signals are generated by the timing generator IC4. The timing generator works when the 28 MHz clock (NTSC: 28.63636 MHz, PAL: 28.375 MHz) and the VD and HD signals from the EN-96/96P board are input.

Generated signals are processed as follows:

All the CCD drive signals are output to the BI-26 board. The XH1, XH2 and XPG are directly output and V1 to V4 are output after reaching to a specified amplitude by the vertical clock driver IC2. The SUB CONT signal is designated by the electronic shutter mode select switch SW4 on the SW-439/439P board and is output after its voltage is adjusted by RV1. The SHP and SHD signal processing pulses for the electronic shutter clock are directly sent to the PR-146 board. The SP1 and SP2 signal processing pulses for the electronic shutter clock are also sent to the PR-146 as a pulses with defective correction function determined by IC4 and IC5.

The other signal processing pulses are output to each board according to the necessity.

A frequency of the 28 MHz VCO (IC1) is controlled by the VCO CONT signal. As to detail of the VCO CONT signal. refer to section 3-11. SG-177/177P board.

3-9. AT-62 BOARD

There is a white balance control function on the AT-62 board.

The G and R/B signals from the PR-146 board which have not been gamma-corrected are input to IC7. In IC7, the line sequential R/B signal is separated into R and B signals at an interval of 1H unit. Respective lower portion components on the screen are extracted from the R. G and B signals by the WINDOW pulse, they are rectified to DC voltage respectively. The G's DC voltage is regarded as the reference and is input to IC10. Further, the R's and B's DC voltages are regarded as the reference signal of the white balance and are input to IC10, too. The IC10 is an one-chip 8-bit microprocessor with EEPROM.

A white balance mode is selected by the WB SEL0 and WB SEL1 signals from the SW-439/439P board.

When AWB/ATW mode has been selected, the control signals proportional to the input of G and R/B signals are output from the serial ports. The R CONT and B CONT signals are converted into analog signals by the D/A converter IC5, and are sent to the PR-146 board in order to make a feedback loop.

In the AWB mode, D1 (LED) on the SW-439/439P is lit during activating the feedback loop. When the automatic white balance operation has been ended. D1 is turned off. If the automatic white balance can not achieve, D1 blinks to tell as an alarm.

An automatic white balance function does not work correctly if the unit is set at the dark place. The reason why it does not work is that the microprocessor is controlled by the DC voltage detected from the reference G signal. Namely, under the dark condition, the designation signal for the white balance mode is not input to the microprocessor from the SW-439/439P board, but the final step of the microprocessor is forcibly executed.

Presetting of the white balance mode is carried out by outputting the stored data from the EEPROM to the R CONT and B CONT signals for controlling the gain of the white balance amplifier on the PR-146 board.

3-10. SW-439/439P BOARD

The major functions of the camera can be selected by a user in accordance with the setting of each switch on the SW-439/439P board.

Switches on the board are as follows: SW1: AWB mode select (Push switch)

SW2: White balance mode select (Rotary switch)

SW3: Gain mode select (Rotary switch)
SW4: Shutter mode select (Rotary switch)

D1: AWB mode indicator (LED)

3-11. SG-177/177P BOARD

The SG-177/177P board is a subcarrier gen-lock board. Gen-lock is performed by locking the local (main) oscillator VCO on the camera with EXT VBS signal input from the CN-485 board. Namely, as frequency of the local oscillator is 8fsc in NTSC system, phase difference between the internal subcarrier that generates from the local oscillator and the burst of the EXT VBS signal is detected. The resultant error is input to the 8fsc VCO (8fsc=2×910fH=28.63636 MHz) so that the phase locked loop is formed.

A phase of VD and HD signals are phase-locked by synchronizing the sync generator on the EN-96/96P board with the VR and HR signals separated from the EXT VBS signal forcibly.

The EXT VBS signal is input to IC1 and it is separated into two signals, VS signal and chroma signal. The VS signal is input to IC2, its sync components are separated and the VR and HR signals are generated. The VR signal is instantly output to the EN-96/96P board and the HR signal is passed through the monostable multivibrator IC5 then output to the EN-96/96P board. The phase of the monostable multivibrator IC5 can be adjusted by RV1 on the CN-485 board.

The chroma signal is once amplified by the amplifier in IC2 then it is detected by the phase detector.

Internal SC (subcarrier) signal is input to IC4 from the EN-96/96P board. IC4 has a function to change both positive and negative phase output and each phase as well, as against the SC input. The phase can be adjusted by RV2 on the CN-485 board. Either phase of subcarrier is selected by the switch in IC3 and the selected subcarrier is input to the phase detector in IC2. Virtual selection is performed by SW1 (SC 0/180°) on the CN-485 board.

Phase-detected output is again input to IC3 from IC2, it is passed through the sample/hold circuit and output to the EN-96/96P board the as the 4fsc CONT signal.

The 4fsc CONT signal that is input to the EN-96/96P board, is sent to the control terminal of the VCO IC1 on the TG-83/83P board via the analog switch IC1 on the EN-96/96P board.

In NTSC model, the VR and HR signals are not output during internal sync mode but the frequency-adjusted signal with RV1 that is connected to the analog switch on the EN-96/96P board, is input to the control terminal of the VCO on the TG-83/83P board.

In PAL model, there is a little difference as against the NTSC model. The two VCO system is employed in PAL model. One is a 4fsc VCO and the other is a system clock VCO (2×908fH=28.375 MHz). Signal flow of the subcarrier gen-lock circuit block is similar to the NTSC model, phase-detected error output (4fsc CONT signal) is input to the control terminal of VCO IC6 on the EN-96P board via the analog switcher. In internal sync mode, oscillating frequency of VCO can be adjusted by RV1 on the EN-96P board about the same as NTSC model.

But it is necessary to synchronize the system clock VCO (28 MHz) signal. In external sync mode, the H-interval's FH signal that is generated from the sync generator IC2 on the EN-96P board, and the H-interval's signal that is obtained from the sync separator circuit, are passed through the phase detector IC2 and the resultant error signal (EXT H COM) is sent to the EN-96P board. The EXT H COM signal is passed through the analog switch IC1 and the FET type buffer Q1, then it is output to the TG-83P board as the VCO CONT signal.

In the internal sync mode, the H-interval's FH signal and the H-interval's signal that is generated from the internal subcarrier, are passed through the phase detector IC2 and the resultant error signal is processed in similar manner of an external sync mode.

Namely, during external mode, the 4fsc VCO is synchronized with the external burst, and the system clock VCO is synchronized with the external H sync, V sync and L ALT signal.

During internal mode, the 4fsc VCO works as master and the system clock VCO works as slave, so the both VCO are synchronized at an interval of H (horizontal) frequency.

3-12. MB-320 BOARD

The MB-320 board is a mother board for all boards other than the BI-26 board, CN-485 board and the SW-439/439P board. The MB-320 board has a DC-DC converter. This DC-DC converter generates each power voltage from the externally supplied 12Vdc. Also, the MB-320 board output the VBS, Y, CHROMA, R, G and B signals to the CN-485 board from the 75 Ω drivers consisting of IC1 through IC6.

3-13. CN-485 BOARD

On the CN-485 board, all connectors on the rear panel are mounted. Signal interface to all external equipments are performed on this board.

R/G/B, SYNC, Y and CHROMA signals are output from the 9-Pin D-SUB connector CN105.

VBS signal is output from the BNC connector CN103.

In 12-Pin multi-connector (CN101), 12Vdc power and gen-lock signal are input, and the VBS signal is also output from this connector.

Also, an external gen-lock signal can be input from the BNC connector CN102.

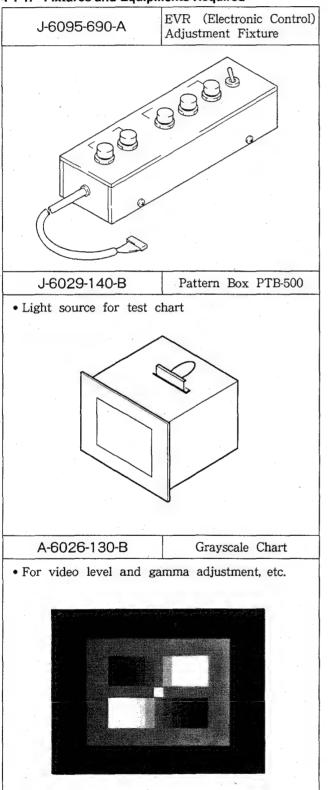
+12V power for the lens with auto-iris function and the video signal for detection are output from the 4-Pin connector CN104.

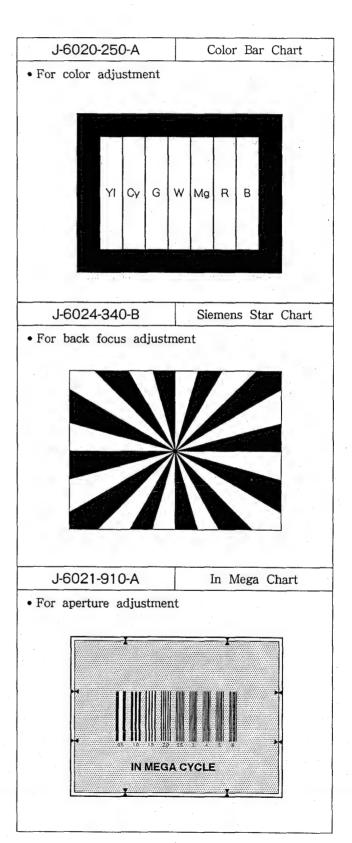


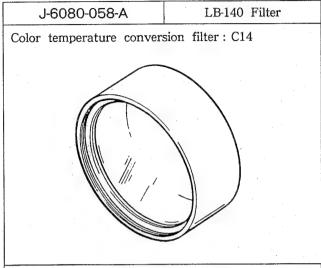
SECTION 4 ALIGNMENT

4-1. PREPARATION

4-1-1. Fixtures and Equipments Required

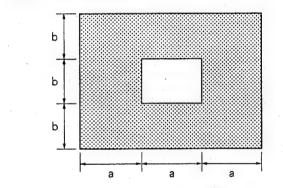






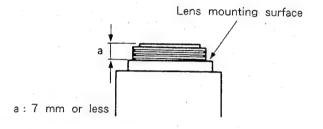
White Window Chart

Make a hole in the center of black paper. (Size of hole should be about one third from both vertical and horizontal.)

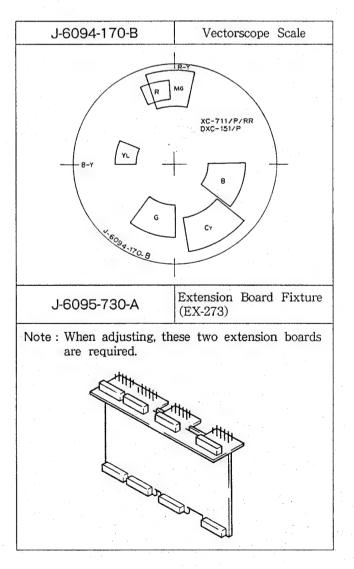


Commercial equipment and fixture

- Dual Trace Oscilloscope
- Vectorscope
- Waveform Monitor
- Frequency Counter
- Digital Voltmeter
- Color Monitor
- Lens (C mount and manual iris type)

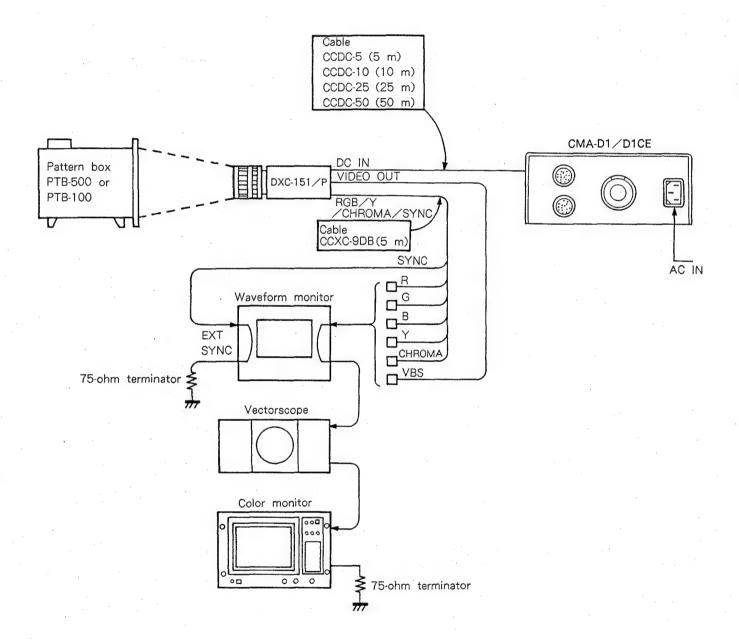


Note: Be sure to use a lens whose amount of "a" is less than 7 mm from the lens mounting surface.



4-1-2. Connection

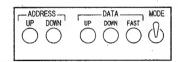
When performing the adjustment, make the following connection.



Note: When performing the adjustment, use the C mount type lens with manual iris function.

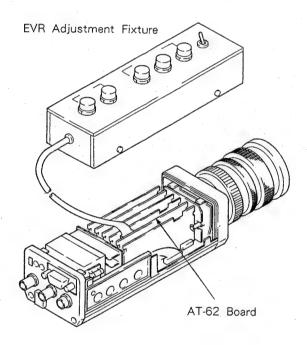
4-1-3. How to use an EVR Adjustment Fixture

Adjustment of an electronic controls (potentiometers) on the unit can be performed by the EVR adjustment fixture.



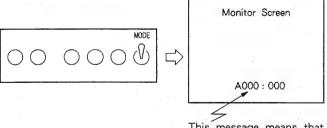
1. Preparation

Remove the camera cover. Connect the connector from the EVR adjustment fixture to CN1 on the AT-62 board, then connect the regulated DC power supply, junction box and the color monitor to the unit.



2. Mode Setting

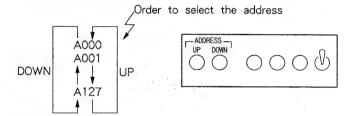
Put the fixture into adjustment mode. The address and the data of an EVR adjustment fixture are displayed on the monitor screen.



This message means that the address is A000 and the data is 000.

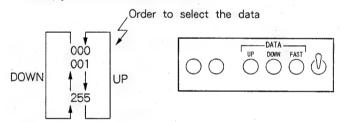
3. Address Selection

The address that is displayed on the monitor will go up (or down) by pressing the ADDRESS UP (or DOWN) button on the EVR adjustment fixture. When pressing the ADDRESS UP (or DOWN) button continuously, displayed address will change in succession.



4. Data Selection

The data (adjustment value) that is displayed on the monitor will go up (or down or fast) by pressing the DATA UP (or DOWN or FAST) button on the EVR adjustment fixture. By this operation, the adjustment value will change in the same manner that when an ordinary level control is turned.



<Coarse Adjustment>

When performing the coarse adjustment, press DATA UP or DATA DOWN button together with FAST BUTTON to change the data in 8-step unit.

5. Data Write into the Memory (End of adjustment)

A new data that has been set by the DATA button, will be written into the memory by shifting the address with ADDRESS UP or DOWN button. Thus, the adjustment is completed.

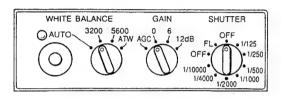
Note: If the adjustment mode is interrupted or the power is turned OFF without pressing the address button, a new data cannot be written into the memory but old data remains as it is.

4-1-4. Switch Setting Before Adjustment

(a) Switches

Switch setting of the camera

WHITE BALANCE switch: "3200"
GAIN switch: "0dB"
SHUTTER switch: "0FF"



EN-96(96P) Board

• SW1 (VBS/YC) switch : "VBS"

RD-18 Board

SW1 (SYNC 0.3V/2V) switch: "ON"
SW2 (G ON SYNC) switch: "OFF"

(b) Electronic control

1. GAIN switch (on the camera) → "12dB"

2. WHITE BALANCE switch (on the camera) → "3200"

3. **Test point:** TP1 (GND: E1)/AT-62 board Adj. point: A018/EVR adjustment fixture

Spec.: $+2.60 \pm 0.05 \,\text{Vdc}$

4. Test point: TP2 (GND: E1)/AT-62 board Adj. point: A019/EVR adjustment fixture

Spec.: $+2.75 \pm 0.05 \,\text{Vdc}$

5. GAIN switch (on the camera) → "0dB"

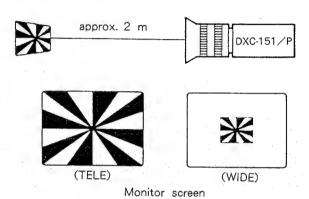
4-1-5. Mechanical Back Focal Length Adjustment

As the zoom lens has been attached, and if the best focus cannot be obtained both in telephoto and wide-angle positions, be sure to perform the back focal length (distance from the lens mounting surface to a plane where image is formed.) adjustment.

Readjustment will not be required until the lens is replaced.

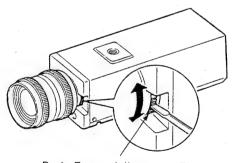
Subject: Siemens star chart

Lens iris: Open



Adjustment Procedures

- 1. To appear the image on the monitor screen, open the lens iris, then shoot the siemens star chart approximately 2m away from the camera.
- 2. Set the zoom control to TELE-end position.
- While observing the monitor screen, turn the zoom control for best focus.
- 4. Set the zoom control to WIDE-end position.
- While observing the monitor screen, turn the back focus adjusting ring for best focus. At this time, do not turn the zoom control.



Back Focus Adjustment Ring

Repeat steps 2 to 5 until both TELE-end and WIDE-end are the best focus.

4-1-6. Precautions for Adjustment

Note

- Before adjustment, be sure to warm up the unit more than 10 minutes.
- (2) Adjusting value which the tolerance does not specify, should be adjusted within \pm 2% of the specified value. (However, the EVR data should be adjusted within the specified value.)
- (3) Connect the cold terminal of the probe to a chassis, if it is no specific ground position.
- (4) If the amplitude level of the measured waveform cannot discriminate on the oscilloscope screen, connect 10k-ohm resistor in series with the probe of the oscilloscope.
- (5) If the amplitude level of the measured waveform cannot discriminate on the waveform monitor screen, set the RESPONSE switch on the waveform monitor to "LUM" mode.

4-1-7. Adjustment Items

- 4-2. REFERENCE SYSTEM ADJUSTMENT
- 4-2-1. CCD Substrate Voltage Adjustment
- 4-2-2. Subcarrier Frequency Adjustment

4-3. PROCESS SYSTEM ADJUSTMENT

- 4-3-1. White Clip Pre-adjustment
- 4-3-2. Color Mixture Compensation Adjustment
- 4-3-3. Gain Adjustment
- 4-3-4. Pedestal Adjustment
- 4-3-5. Gamma Pre-adjustment
- 4-3-6. White Balance Pre-adjustment
- 4-3-7. SYNC Level Adjustment
- 4-3-8. Burst Quadrature Adjustment (for PAL)
- 4-3-9. Burst Level Adjustment
- 4-3-10. Setup Level Adjustment
- 4-3-11. White Clip Pre-adjustment
- 4-3-12. White Clip Adjustment
- 4-3-13. Y Level Adjustment
- 4-3-14. Gamma Adjustment
- 4-3-15. Y Gain Adjustment
- 4-3-16. Chroma Gain Adjustment
- 4-3-17. Multiplex Adjustment
- 4-3-18. G1 Gain Adjustment
- 4-3-19. G2 Gain Adjustment
- 4-3-20. R1/B1 Gain Adjustment
- 4-3-21. R2/B2 Gain Adjustment
- 4-3-22. White Balance Adjustment
- 4-3-23. HUE Adjustment

4-4. RGB SYSTEM ADJUSTMENT

- 4-4-1. Setup Level Adjustment
- 4-4-2. RGB Level Adjustment
- 4-4-3. White Clip Level Adjustment
- 4-4-4. G ON SYNC Level Adjustment
- 4-4-5. RGB Aperture Adjustment

4-5. VBS SYSTEM ADJUSTMENT

- 4-5-1. VBS Aperture Adjustment
- 4-5-2. Chroma Suppress Adjustment
- 4-5-3. Color Mixture Compensation Fine Adjustment
- 4-5-4. AGC Adjustment
- 4-5-5. Low Light Level Adjustment

4-6. WHITE BALANCE SYSTEM ADJUSTMENT

- 4-6-1. 5600°K Adjustment
- 4-6-2. Auto Tracing White Balance Offset Adjustment
- 4-6-3. Auto White Balance Hysteresis Data Setting

4-2. REFERENCE SYSTEM ADJUSTMENT

4-2-1. CCD Substrate Voltage Adjustment

Equipment: Digital voltmeter **To be extended:** TG-83 (83P) board

Test point: TP1 (GND: E1)/TG-83 (83P) board

Spec.: Set value ± 0.1V

Set value

When replacing the CCD imager, refer to a code (two digits) in the reverse side of a new CCD imager.

When the CCD imager is not replaced, refer to a printed code which labeled inside the upper portion of the front panel.

When the CCD imager has been replaced, be sure to change a two digits code inside the upper portion of the front panel to a new code.

Relationship between a integer portion of the codes and the actual values is as follows:

Integer codes	of	9	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	1	J
Actual	values	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19

<Ex.> F5 → 15.5 (V)

4-2-2. Subcarrier Frequency Adjustment

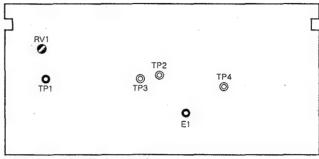
Equipment: Frequency counter **To be extended:** EN-96 (96P) board

Test point: TP1/SG-177 (177P) board

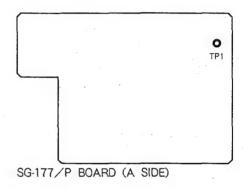
(GND: E1/TG-83 (83P) board)

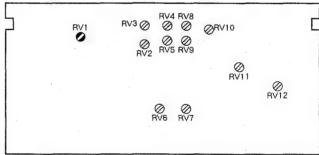
Adj. point: ⊘ RV1/EN-96 (96P) board **Spec.:** 3,579,545 ± 10 Hz (for NTSC)

 $4,433,619 \pm 10$ Hz (for PAL)



TG-83/P BOARD (A SIDE)





EN-96/P BOARD (A SIDE)

4-3. PROCESS SYSTEM ADJUSTMENT

4-3-1. White Clip Pre-adjustment

Subject:

Color bar chart

Equipment:

Oscilloscope

To be extended: PR-146 board

Trigger:

HD (TP3/TG-83 (83P) board)

Adj. point:

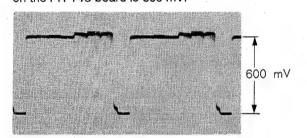
RV7/PR-146 board

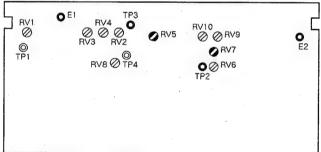
Adjustment Procedure

1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.

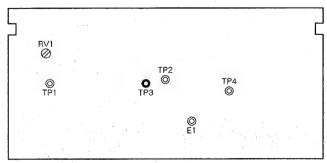
Monitor screen Cy G W Mg R В

- 2. Open the lens iris.
- 3. Adjust RV7 so that the video level at TP3 (GND; E1) on the PR-146 board is 600 mV.





PR-146 BOARD (A SIDE)



TG-83/P BOARD (A SIDE)

4-3-2. Color Mixture Compensation Adjustment

Subject:

Color bar chart

Equipment:

Oscilloscope

To be extended: PR-146 board

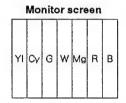
Trigger:

HD (TP3/TG-83 (83P) board)

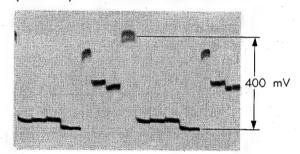
Adj. point:

Adjustment Procedure

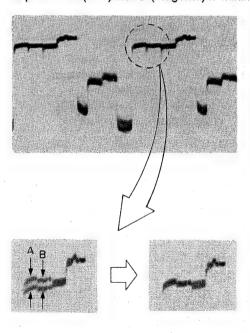
1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.



2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at TP2 (GND: E2) on the PR-146 board is 400 mV.



3. Adjust the video waveform at pin 35 (GND: pin 22) on the extension board with RV5 so that the fluctuation of portions A (Red) and B (Magenta) is minimum.



4-3-3. Gain Adjustment

Subject:

Gray scale chart

Equipment:

Oscilloscope To be extended: PR-146 board

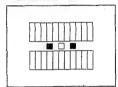
Trigger:

HD (TP3/TG-83 (83P) board)

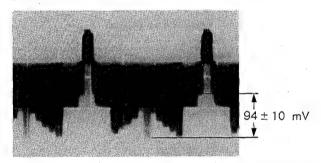
Adjustment Procedure

1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.

Monitor screen

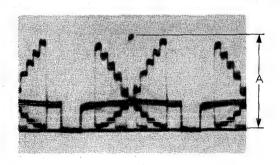


2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at TP1 (GND: E1) on the PR-146 board is 94 \pm 10 mV.



3. While selecting the GAIN switch of the camera in sequence, adjust so that the video level at TP2 (GND: E2) on the PR-146 board meets specifications. (Adjust in order of 12dB, 6dB, 0dB.)

GAIN switch	Adj. point	Specification		
12 dB	ØRV2/PR-146	$A = 1000 \pm 20 \text{ mV}$		
6 dB	⊘ RV3/PR-146	$A = 500 \pm 10 \text{ mV}$		
0 dB	ORV4/PR-146	$A = 250 \pm 10 \text{ mV}$		



4-3-4. Pedestal Adjustment

Lens iris:

Close "C"

Equipment:

Oscilloscope

Test point:

To be extended: PR-146 board

TP3 (GND: E1)/PR-146 board

Trigger:

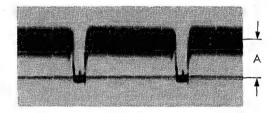
HD (TP3/TG-83 (83P) board)

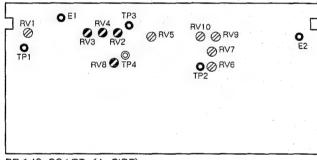
Adj. point:

RV8/PR-146 board

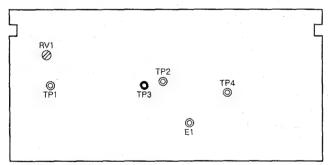
Spec.:

 $A=30 \pm 10 \text{ mV}$





PR-146 BOARD (A SIDE)



TG-83/P BOARD (A SIDE)

Note: After adjustment, set GAIN switch to "0dB" position.

4-3-5. Gamma Pre-adjustment

Subject:

Gray scale chart

Equipment:

Oscilloscope

To be extended: PR-146 board

Trigger:

HD (TP3/TG-83 (83P) board)

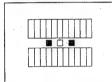
Adj. point:

RV6/PR-146 board

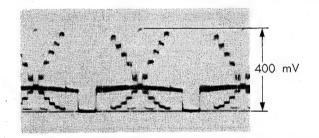
Adjustment Procedure

1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.

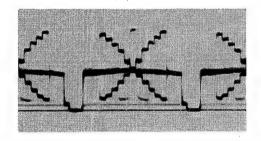
Monitor screen

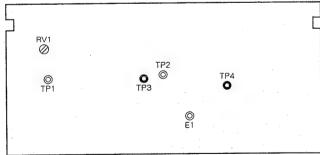


2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at TP2 (GND: E2) on the PR-146 board is 400 mV.

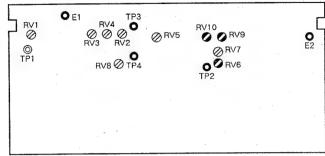


3. Observe the waveform at TP3 (GND: E1) on the PR-146 board and adjust @ RV6 so that the gamma curvature becomes a straight line.





TG-83/P BOARD (A SIDE)



PR-146 BOARD (A SIDE)

4-3-6. White Balance Pre-adjustment

Subject:

Gray scale chart

Equipment:

Oscilloscope

To be extended: PR-146 board

Adjustment Procedure

Trigger:

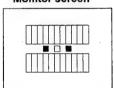
ID (TP4/TG-83 (83P) board) ØRV9/PR-146 board

Adj. point:

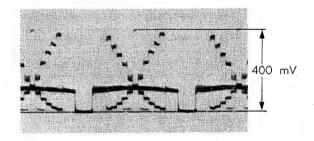
RV10/PR-146 board

1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.

Monitor screen

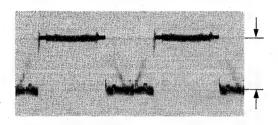


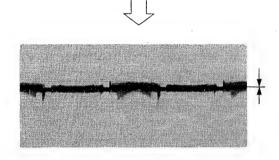
2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at TP2 (GND: E2) on the PR-146 board is 400 mV.

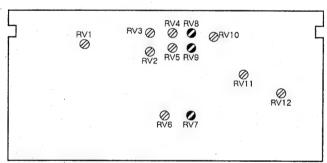


- 3. Set the oscilloscope to GAIN ADD mode and to CH-2 INVERT mode.
- 4. Connect CH-1 and CH-2 of oscilloscope to TP3 (GND: E1) on the PR-146 board. Adjust CH2-VAR control on the oscilloscope so that the waveform becomes flat for gain correction.

5. Connect CH-1 of oscilloscope to TP3 (GND: E1) and CH-2 to TP4 (GND: E2) on the PR-146 board. Adjust RV9 and RV10 alternately so that the waveform becomes flat.







EN-96/P BOARD (A SIDE)

4-3-7. SYNC Level Adjustment

Lens Iris:

Close "C"

Equipment:

Waveform monitor

To be extended: EN-96 (96P) board

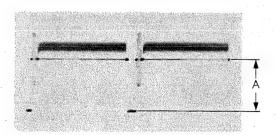
Test point:

VIDEO OUT

Adj. point: Spec.:

A=40 ± 2 IRE (for NTSC)

300 \pm 10 mV (for PAL)



4-3-8. Burst Quadrature Adjustment (for PAL)

Lens Iris:

Close "C"

Equipment:

Vectorscope

To be extended: EN-96P board

Test point:

VIDEO OUT

Preparation:

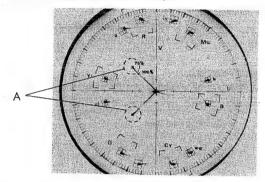
 Vectorscope → "PAL" mode

Adj. point:

PHASE control on the vectorscope

Adjustment Procedure

 The beam spots "A" of the burst signal shall be adjusted with the scale of the vectorscope.



4-3-9. Burst Level Adjustment

Lens iris:

Close "C"

Equipment:

Waveform monitor

To be extended: EN-96 (96P) board

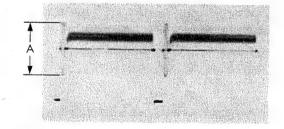
Test point: Adj. point:

VIDEO OUT

Spec.:

A=40 ± 2 IRE (for NTSC)

300 ± 10 mV (for PAL)



4-3-10. Setup Level Adjustment

Lens iris:

Close "C"

Equipment:

Waveform monitor

To be extended: EN-96 (96P) board

Test point:

VIDEO OUT

Adj. point:

RV8/EN-96 (96P) board

Spec.:

 $A=3.0 \pm 1$ IRE (for NTSC)

 $20 \pm 5 \text{ mV (for PAL)}$



4-3-11. White Clip Pre-adjustment

Note: Since this adjustment and the following adjustments are influenced each other. Therefore, when this adjustment is carried out, repeat the following adjustments until all specifications are conformed.

4-3-12. White Clip Adjustment 4-3-13. Y Level Adjustment 4-3-14. Gamma Adjustment

Subject: Gray scale chart Equipment: Oscilloscope
To be extended: PR-146 board

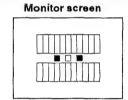
Trigger: HD (TP3/TG-83 (83P) board)

Adl. point:

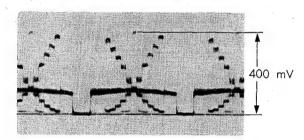
RV7/PR-146 board

Adjustment Procedure

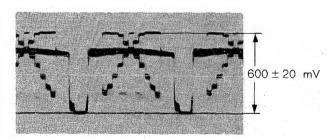
1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.



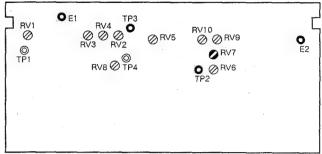
Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at TP2 (GND: E2) on the PR-146 board is 400 mV.



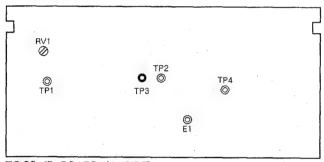
- 3. Set the GAIN switch on the camera to "12dB" position.



Note: After adjustment, set the GAIN switch to "0dB" position.



PR-146 BOARD (A SIDE)



TG-83/P BOARD (A SIDE)

4-3-12. White Clip Adjustment

Note: Since this adjustment and the following adjustments are influenced each other. Therefore, when this adjustment is carried out, repeat the following adjustments until all the specifications are conformed.

4-3-11. White Clip Pre-adjustment

4-3-13. Y Level Adjustment

4-3-14. Gamma Adjustment

Subject: Gray scale chart Equipment: Oscilloscope

To be extended: EN-96 (96P) board

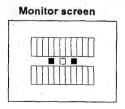
Trigger: HD (TP3/TG-83 (83P) board)

Adj. point:

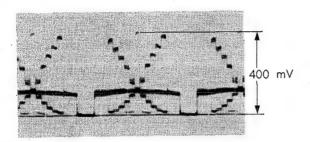
✓ RV5/EN-96 (96P) board

Adjustment Procedure

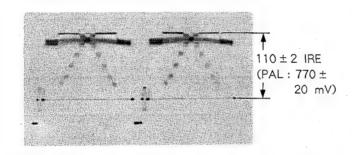
1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.



Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at TP2 (GND: E2) on the PR-146 board is 400 mV.



- 3. Set the GAIN switch on the camera to "12dB" position.
- Adjust RV5 so that the the video level at the VIDEO OUT connector of the camera is 110 ± 2 IRE (PAL; 770 ± 20 mV).



Note: After adjustment, set the GAIN switch to "0dB" position.

RV1 RV3 Ø Ø Ø Ø PV10 Ø RV2 RV5 RV9 RV11 RV12

EN-96/P BOARD (A SIDE)

4-3-13. Y Level Adjustment

Note: Since this adjustment and the following adjustments are influenced each other. Therefore, when this adjustment is carried out, repeat the following adjustments until all specifications are conformed.

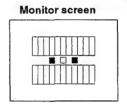
4-3-11. White Clip Pre-adjustment4-3-12. White Clip Adjustment4-3-14. Gamma Adjustment

Subject: Gray scale chart
Equipment: Waveform monitor
To be extended: EN-96 (96P) board

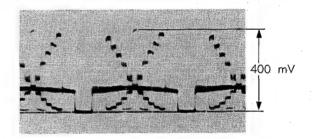
Trigger: HD (TP3/TG-83 (83P) board)
Adj. point: ◆ RV4/EN-96 (96P) board

Adjustment Procedure

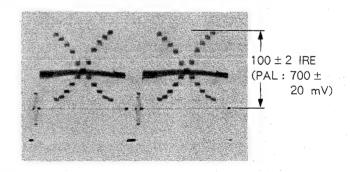
1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.



Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at TP2 (GND: E2) on the PR-146 board is 400 mV.



Adjust RV4 so that the the video level at the VIDEO OUT connector of the camera is 100 ± 2 IRE(PAL: 700 ± 20 mV).



4-3-14. Gamma Adjustment

Note: Since this adjustment the following and adjustments are influenced each other. Therefore, when this adjustment is carried out, repeat the following adjustments until all the specifications are conformed.

> 4-3-11. White Clip Pre-adjustment 4-3-12. White Clip Adjustment 4-3-13. Y Level Adjustment

Subject: **Equipment:**

Gray scale chart Waveform monitor To be extended: EN-96 (96P) board

Triager:

HD (TP3/TG-83 (83P) board)

Adj. point:

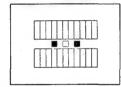
RV6/PR-146 board

@ RV4/EN-96 (96P) board

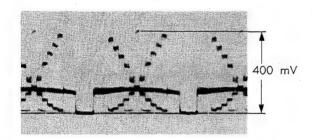
Adjustment Procedure

1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.

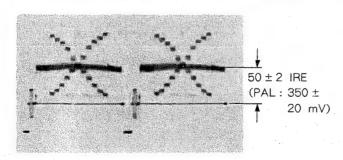


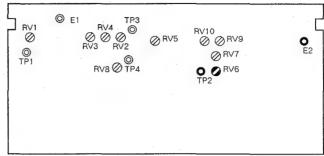


2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at TP2 (GND: E2) on the PR-146 board is 400 mV.

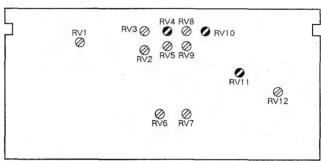


3. Observe the waveform at the VIDEO OUT connector of the camera. Adjust @ RV6 on the PR-146 board and RV4 on the EN-96 (96P) board so that the cross point of the gray scale is 50 ±2 IRE (PAL: 350±10 mV).

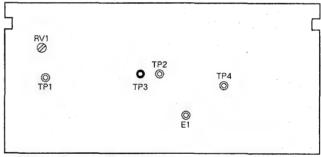




PR-146 BOARD (A SIDE)



EN-96/P BOARD (A SIDE)



TG-83/P BOARD (A SIDE)

4-3-15. Y Gain Adjustment

Subject:

Gray scale chart

Equipment:

Waveform monitor

To be extended: EN-96 (96P) board

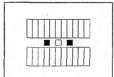
Trigger:

HD (TP3/TG-83 (83P) board)

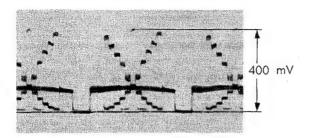
Adjustment Procedure

1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.

Monitor screen



Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at TP2 (GND: E2) on the PR-146 board is 400 mV.



3. Set the GAIN switch on the camera to "12dB" position.

4. Test point: Y OUT (terminate with 75-ohm)

(pin 6 (GND:pin 1) of D-SUB connector)

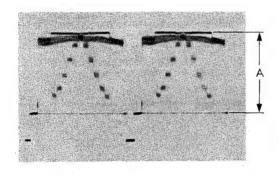
Adj. point:

RV10/EN-96 (96P) board
 RV10/EN-96 (

Spec.:

A=110 ± 2 IRE (for NTSC)

770 ± 20 mV (for PAL)



Note: After adjustment, set the GAIN switch to "0dB" position.

4-3-16. Chroma Gain Adjustment

Subject:

Color bar chart

Equipment:

Waveform monitor

Tobeck

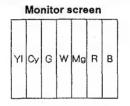
To be extended: EN-96 (96P) board

Trigger:

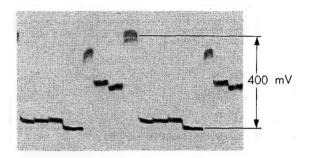
HD (TP3/TG-83 (83P) board)

Adjustment Procedure

1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.



2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at TP2 (GND: E2) on the PR-146 board is 400 mV.



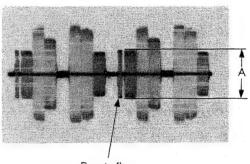
3. Test point:

CHROMA OUT (terminate with 75-ohm)

(pin 9 (GND: pin 1) of D-SUB connector)

Adj. point: Spec.:

300 ± 10 mV (for PAL)



Burst flag

4-3-17. Multiplex Adjustment

Lens iris:

Close "C"

Equipment:

Vectorscope

To be extended: MX-28 board

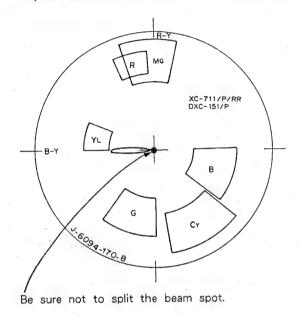
Test point:

VIDEO OUT

Adj. point:

Adjustment Procedure

1. Adjust RV6 so that there is no split in the beam spot.



ØRV6 ØRV7 RV3 Ø Ø RV8 ØRV9 RV4 Ø O RV10 B side MX-28 BOARD (A SIDE)

4-3-18. G1 Gain Adjustment

Subject:

Grav scale chart

Equipment:

Oscilloscope

Waveform monitor

To be extended: MX-28 board

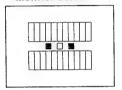
Triager: Adj. point: ID (TP4/TG-83 (83P) board)

RV10/MX-28 board

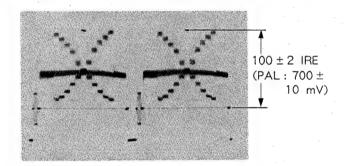
Adjustment Procedure

1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.

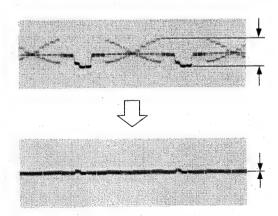
Monitor screen



2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at VIDEO OUT connector is 100 \pm 2 IRE (PAL: 700 \pm 10 mV).



- 3. Set oscilloscope to GAIN ADD mode and to CH-2 INVERT mode.
- 4. Connect CH-1 and CH-2 of oscilloscope to TP1 (GND: E1) on the MX-28 board. Adjust CH2-VAR control on the oscilloscope so that the waveform becomes flat for gain correction.
- 5. Connect CH-1 of oscilloscope to TP1 (GND: E1) and CH-2 to TP3 (GND: E2) on the MX-28 board. Adjust RV10 so that the waveform becomes flat.



4-3-19. G2 Gain Adjustment

Subject:

Gray scale chart

Equipment:

Oscilloscope

Waveform monitor

To be extended: MX-28 board **Trigger:** ID (TP4/TG-8

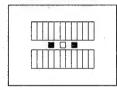
ID (TP4/TG-83(83P) board)

Adj. point:

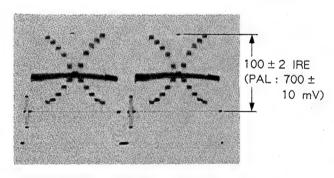
Adjustment Procedure

1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.

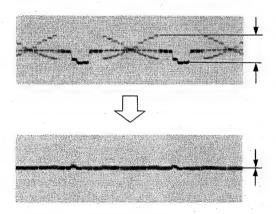
Monitor screen

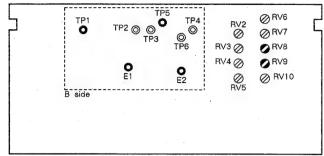


2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at VIDEO OUT connector is 100 \pm 2 IRE (PAL: 700 \pm 10 mV).

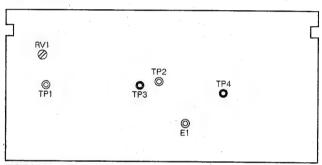


- Set oscilloscope to GAIN ADD mode and to CH-2 INVERT mode.
- Connect CH-1 and CH-2 of oscilloscope to TP1 (GND: E1) on the MX-28 board. Adjust CH2-VAR control on the oscilloscope so that the waveform becomes flat for gain correction.
- Connect CH-1 of oscilloscope to TP1 (GND: E1) and CH-2 to TP5 (GND: E2) on the MX-28 board. Adjust
 ▶ RV8 so that the waveform becomes flat.





MX-28 BOARD (A SIDE)



TG-83/P BOARD (A SIDE)

4-3-20. R1/B1 Gain Adjustment

Subject:

Gray scale chart
Oscilloscope

Equipment:

Waveform monitor

To be extended: MX-28 board

MY-28 hoard

Trigger:

ID (TP4/TG-83 (83P) board)

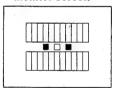
Adj. point:

RV9/MX-28 board

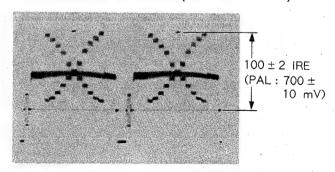
Adjustment Procedure

1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.

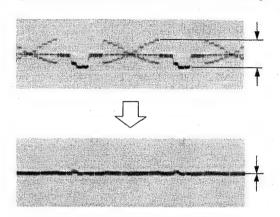
Monitor screen



2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at VIDEO OUT connector is 100 \pm 2 IRE (PAL: 700 \pm 10 mV).



- 3. Set oscilloscope to GAIN ADD mode and to CH-2 INVERT mode.
- 4. Connect CH-1 and CH-2 of oscilloscope to TP2 (GND: E1) on the MX-28 board. Adjust CH2-VAR control on the oscilloscope so that the waveform becomes a straight line.
- 5. Connect CH-1 of oscilloscope to TP2 (GND: E1) and CH-2 to TP4 (GND: E2) on the MX-28 board. Adjust RV9 so that the waveform becomes a straight line.



4-3-21. R2/B2 Gain Adjustment

Subject:

Gray scale chart

Equipment:

Oscilloscope Waveform monitor

To be extended: MX-28 board

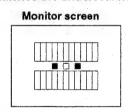
Trigger:

ID (TP4/TG-83(83P) board)

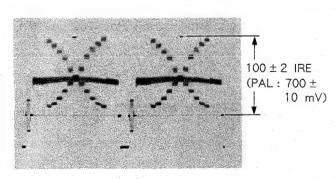
Adj. point:

Adjustment Procedure

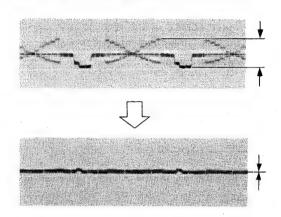
1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.

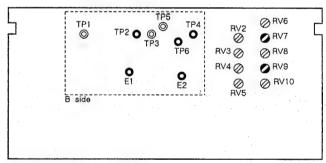


2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at VIDEO OUT connector is 100 \pm 2 IRE (PAL: 700 \pm 10 mV).

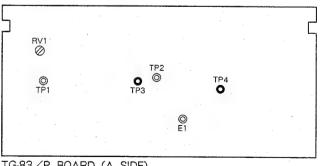


- 3. Set oscilloscope to GAIN ADD mode and to CH-2 INVERT mode.
- 4. Connect CH-1 and CH-2 of oscilloscope to TP2 (GND: E1) on the MX-28 board. Adjust CH2-VAR control on the oscilloscope so that the waveform becomes flat for gain correction.
- 5. Connect CH-1 of oscilloscope to TP2 (GND: E1) and CH-2 to TP6 (GND: E2) on the MX-28 board. Adjust RV7 so that the waveform becomes flat.





MX-28 BOARD (A SIDE)



TG-83/P BOARD (A SIDE)

4-3-22. White Balance Adjustment

Subject:

Color bar chart

Equipment:

Waveform monitor

To be extended: PR-146 board

Test point:

VIDEO OUT

Adj. point:

RV9/PR-146 board

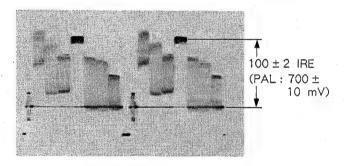
RV10/PR-146 board

Adjustment Procedure

1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.

Monitor screen YI Cy G W Mg R B

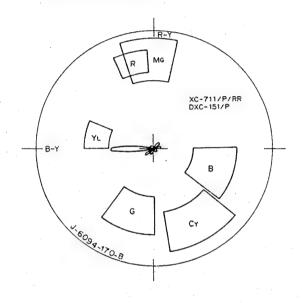
2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at VIDEO OUT connector is 100 \pm 2 IRE(PAL: 700 \pm 10 mV).

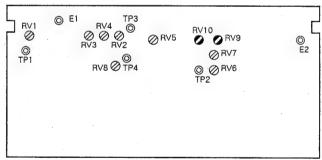


3. Adjust ORV9 and ORV10/PR-146 board so that the white beam spot stays in the center of the vectorscope

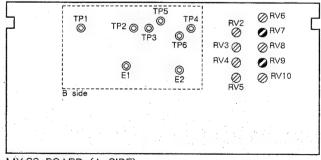
When the white beam spot is split, readjust

the following controls.





PR-146 BOARD (A SIDE)



MX-28 BOARD (A SIDE)

4-3-23. HUE Adjustment

Subject: Equipment: Color bar chart Waveform monitor

Vectorscope

Test point:

To be extended: MX-28 board

VIDEO OUT

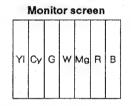
Preparation:

RESPONSE switch

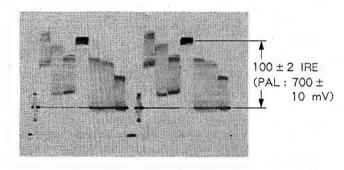
(on the waveform monitor) →

Adjustment Procedure

1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.



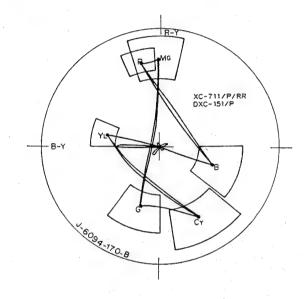
2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at VIDEO OUT connector is 100 \pm 2 IRE (PAL: 700 \pm 10 mV).

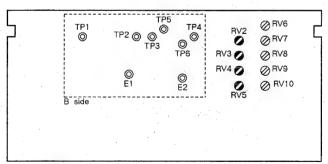


3. If the white balance on the vectorscope is not correct, set the WHITE BAL switch to "AUTO" position then press the AUTO WHITE BAL button.

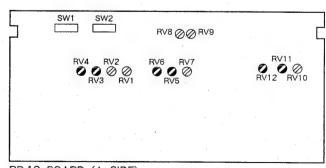
- 4. Adjust the following controls alternately so that each beam spot stays inside the reference frame.
 - RV2 (B-Y HUE)/MX-28 board

 - RV4 (B-Y GAIN)/MX-28 board





MX-28 BOARD (A SIDE)



RD-18 BOARD (A SIDE)

4-4. RGB SYSTEM ADJUSTMENT

4-4-1. Setup Level Adjustment

Lens iris:

Close "C"

Equipment:

Waveform monitor

To be extended: RD-18 board

Adjustment Procedure

	Test Point D-SUB connector	Adj. Point RD-18	Specification
G	G OUT Pin 4 (GND: pin 1)	ØRV3	A = 3.0 ± 1 IRE
R	R OUT Pin 3 (GND: pin 2)	ØRV11	(for NTSC) 20 ± 10 mV
В	B OUT Pin 5 (GND: pin 8)	ØRV5	(for PAL)



4-4-2. RGB Level Adjustment

Subject:

Color bar chart

Equipment:

Waveform monitor

To be extended: RD-18 board

Test point:

VIDEO OUT

Preparation:

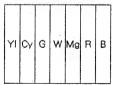
RESPONSE switch

(on the waveform monitor) → "LUM"

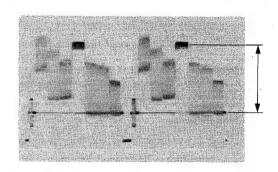
Adjustment Procedure

1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.

Monitor screen



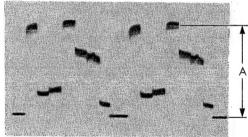
2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at VIDEO OUT connector is 100 ± 2 IRE (PAL: 700 ± 10 mV).



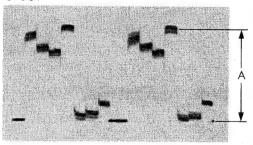
3.

	Test Point D-SUB connector	Adj. Point RD-18	Specification
G	G OUT Pin 4 (GND: pin 1)	ORV4	A = 100 ±2 IRE
R	R OUT Pin 3 (GND: pin 2)	⊘ RV12	(for NTSC) 700 ± 10mV
В	B OUT Pin 5 (GND: pin 8)	ØRV6	(for PAL)

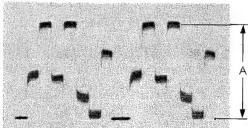
R OUT



G OUT



B OUT



4-4-3. White Clip Level Adjustment

Subject:

Gray scale chart

Equipment:

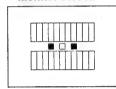
Waveform monitor

To be extended: RD-18 board

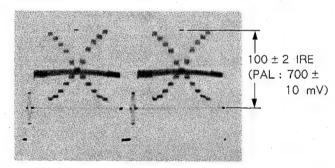
Adjustment Procedure

1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.

Monitor screen

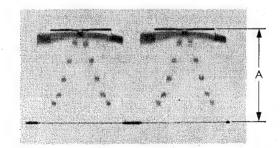


2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at VIDEO OUT connector is 100 \pm 2 IRE (PAL: 700 \pm 10 mV).



- 3. Set the GAIN switch on the camera to "12dB" position.
- 4. Adjust the white clip level.

	Test Point D-SUB connector	Adj. Point RD-18	Specification
G	G OUT Pin 4 (GND: pin 1)	ORV1	
R	R OUT Pin 3 (GND: pin 2)	⊘ RV10	A = 110 ± 2 IRE
В	B OUT Pin 5 (GND: pin 8)	ØRV7	



Note: After adjustment, set the GAIN switch to "0dB" position.

4-4-4. G ON SYNC Level Adjustment

Equipment:

Waveform monitor

To be extended: RD-18 board

Test point:

G OUT (terminate with 75-ohm)

(pin 4(GND: pin 1) of D-SUB connector)

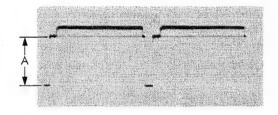
Preparation:

SW2 (G SYNC ON/OFF)/RD-18

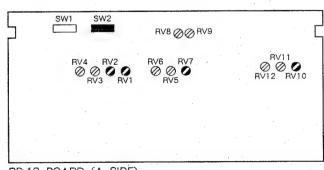
"ON"

Adj. point: Spec.: A=40 ± 1IRE (for NTSC)

300 ± 10 mV (for PAL)



Note: After adjustment, set the switch SW2 (G SYNC ON/OFF) on the RD-18 board to OFF position.



RD-18 BOARD (A SIDE)

4-4-5. RGB Aperture Adjustment

Note: Since the aperture level is very delicate against the

focus, be sure to adjust the best focus.

Subject:

In mega chart Waveform monitor

Equipment: To be extended: RD-18 board

Test point:

G OUT (terminate with 75-ohm)

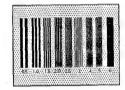
(pin 4 (GND:pin 1) of D-SUB connector)

Adj. point:

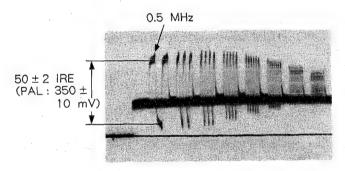
Adjustment Procedure

1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.

Monitor screen

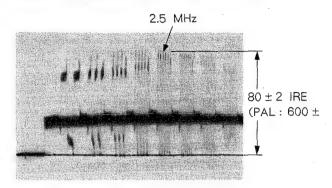


- 2. Turn RV9 fully clockwise. (Position where the noise component on the video signal is minimum.)
- 3. Adjust the lens iris so that the level at 0.5 MHz portion of the VIDEO OUT waveform is 50 ± 2 IRE(PAL: 350 ± 10 mV).

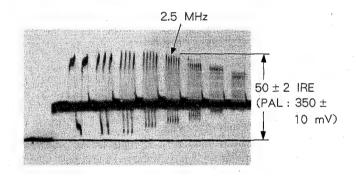


4. Turn RV9 fully counterclockwise. (Position where the noise component on the video signal is maximum.)

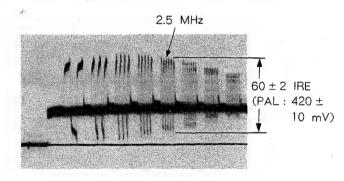
5. Adjust RV8 so that the level at 2.5 MHz portion of the VIDEO OUT waveform is 80±2 IRE (PAL: 600±10 mV).

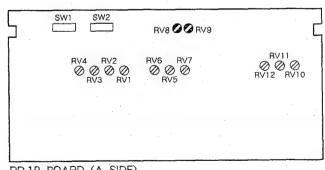


6. Adjust RV9 so that the level at 2.5 MHz portion of the VIDEO OUT waveform is 50±2 IRE (PAL: 350±10 mV).



7. Adjust RV8 so that the level at 2.5 MHz portion of the VIDEO OUT waveform is 60±2 IRE (PAL: 420±10 mV).





RD-18 BOARD (A SIDE)

4-5. VBS SYSTEM ADJUSTMENT

4-5-1. VBS Aperture Adjustment

Note: Since the aperture level is very delicate against the

focus, be sure to adjust the best focus.

Subject: **Equipment:** In mega chart

To be extended: EN-96 (96P) board

Waveform monitor

Test point:

VIDEO OUT

Adj. point:

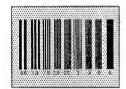
RV2/EN-96 (96P) board

@ RV3/EN-96 (96P) board

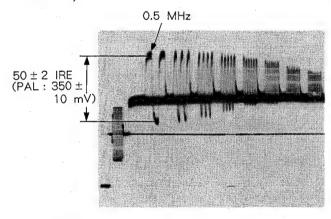
Adjustment Procedure

1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.

Monitor screen

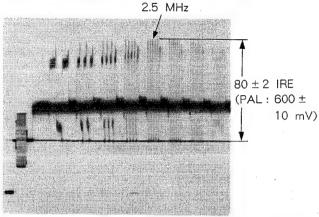


- 2. Turn RV2 fully clockwise. (Position where the noise component on the video signal is minimum.)
- 3. Adjust the lens iris so that the level at 0.5 MHz portion of the VIDEO OUT waveform is 50 \pm 2 IRE (PAL: 350 \pm 10 mV).

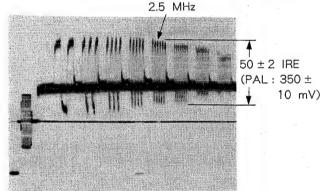


4. Turn RV2 fully counterclockwise. (Position where the noise component on the video signal is maximum.)

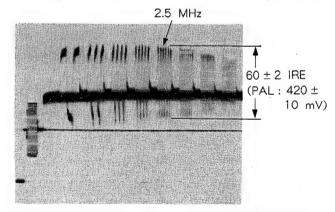
5. Adjust RV3 so that the level at 2.5 MHz portion of the VIDEO OUT waveform is 80±2 IRE (PAL: 600±10 mV).

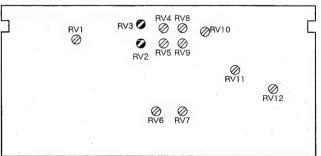


6. Adjust RV2 so that the level at 2.5 MHz portion of the VIDEO OUT waveform is 50±2 IRE (PAL: 350±10 mV).



7. Adjust RV3 so that the level at 2.5 MHz portion of the VIDEO OUT waveform is 60±2 IRE (PAL: 420±10 mV).





EN-96/P BOARD (A SIDE)

4-5-2. Chroma Suppress Adjustment

Subject:

Color bar chart

Equipment:

Waveform monitor

Vectorscope

To be extended: EN-96 (96P) board

Test point:

VIDEO OUT

Preparation:

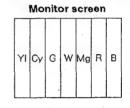
RESPONSE switch

Adj. point:

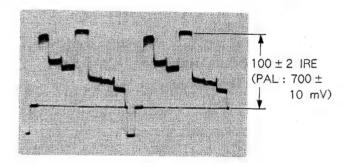
(on the waveform monitor) → RV12/EN-96 (96P) board

Adjustment Procedure

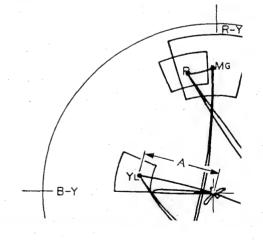
- 1. Set the GAIN switch on the camera to "0dB" position.
- 2. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame. .



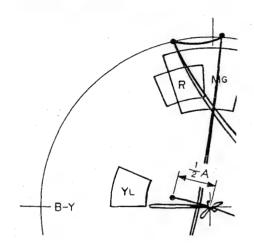
3. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at VIDEO OUT connector is 100 ± 2 IRE (PAL: 700 ± 10 mV).



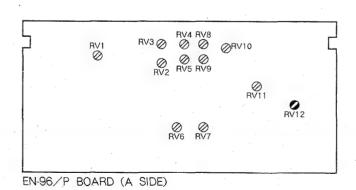
4. Write the YL level "A" down.



- 5. Set the GAIN switch on the camera to "6dB" position.
- 6. Adjust RV12 so that the YL level on the vectorscope becomes 50% against the level "A".



Note: After adjustment, set the GAIN switch to "0dB" position.



4-5-3. Color Mixture Compensation Fine Adjustment

Subject:

Color bar chart

Equipment:

Waveform monitor

To be extended: PR-146 board Test point:

VIDEO OUT

Preparation:

RESPONSE switch

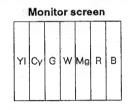
(on the waveform monitor) → "LUM"

Adj. point:

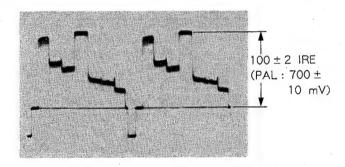
RV5/PR-146 board

Adjustment Procedure

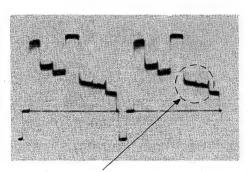
1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.



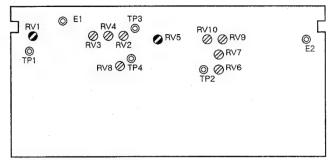
2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at VIDEO OUT connectoris 100 \pm 2 IRE (PAL: 700 \pm 10 mV).



3. Adjust @ RV5 so that the fluctuation of Red and Magenta components on the waveform monitor is minimum.



Minimize the fluctuation.



PR-146 BOARD (A SIDE)

4-5-4. AGC Adjustment

Subject:

Color bar chart

Equipment:

Waveform monitor To be extended: PR-146 board

Test point:

VIDEO OUT

Preparation:

RESPONSE switch

(on the waveform monitor) → "LUM"

GAIN switch/Camera's side panel

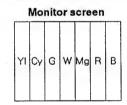
"0dB"

Adj. point:

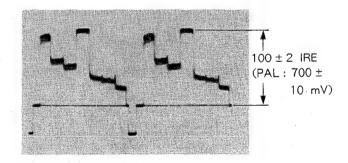
RV1/PR-146 board

Adjustment Procedure

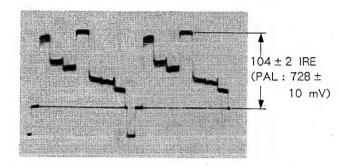
1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.



2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at the VIDEO OUT connector is 100 \pm 2 IRE (PAL: 700 \pm 10 mV).



- 3. Set the GAIN mode to "AGC".
- Adjust ♠ RV1 so that the video level at the VIDEO OUT connector is 104 ± 2 IRE (PAL: 728 ± 10 mV).



Note: After adjustment, set the GAIN switch to "0dB" position.

4-5-5. Low Light Level Adjustment

Subject:

White window chart

Equipment:

Waveform monitor

Test point:

To be extended: AT-62 board

t:

Portion A of chip resistor R62/AT-62

board

Adj. point:

A001/EVR adjustment fixture

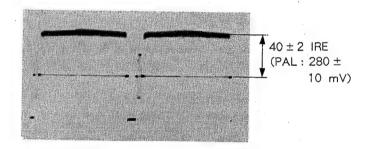
(electronic control)

Adjustment Procedure

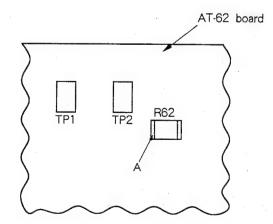
1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.



2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at the VIDEO OUT connector is 40 \pm 2 IRE (PAL: 280 \pm 10 mV).



- Connect oscilloscope probe at portion A of chip resistor R62. Check that the DC level is 0Vdc.
- Observe the voltage at portion A of chip resistor R62.
 Adjust address A001 of the EVR adjustment fixture so that the voltage is approximately 4Vdc.
- 5. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at the VIDEO OUT connector is 45 \pm 2IRE (PAL: 315 \pm 10 mV). Check the DC voltage at portion A of chip resistor R62 is approximately 0Vdc at that time.
- 6. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at the VIDEO OUT connector is 40 ± 2IRE (PAL: 280 ± 10 mV). Check the DC voltage at portion A of chip resistor R62 is approximately 4Vdc at that time.
- 7. Repeat steps 4 to 6 alternately until the specifications in steps 5 and 6 are met.



4-6. WHITE BALANCE SYSTEM ADJUSTMENT

4-6-1. 5600° K Adjustment

Subject:

Color bar chart

Equipment:

Waveform monitor

Vectorscope

To be extended: PR-146 board Test point:

VIDEO OUT

Preparation:

WHITE BALANCE switch/Camera's side

→ "5600"

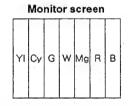
Put the LB-140 filter on the lens. RV9/PR-146 board

Adj. point:

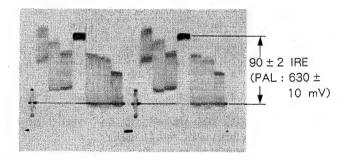
RV10/PR-146 board

Adjustment Procedure

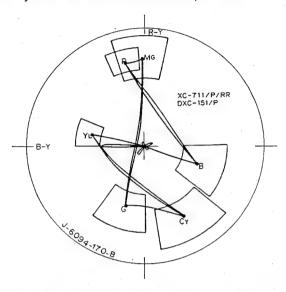
1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.



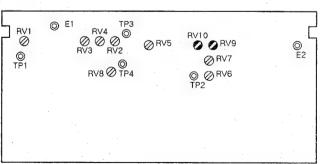
2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at the VIDEO OUT connector is 90 ± 2 IRE (PAL: 630 ± 10 mV).



3. Adjust @ RV9 and @ RV10 so that the white beam spot stays in the center of the vectorscope screen.



Note: After adjustment, remove the LB-140 filter and set the WHITE BALANCE switch to "3200" position.



PR-146 BOARD (A SIDE)

4-6-2. Auto Tracing White Balance Offset Adjustment

Subject:

White window chart

Equipment:

Waveform monitor

Vectorscope

Test point:

VIDEO OUT

Preparation:

WHITE BALANCE switch/Camera's side

panel

→ "ATW"

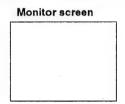
Adj. point:

A003/EVR adjustment fixture A004/EVR adjustment fixture

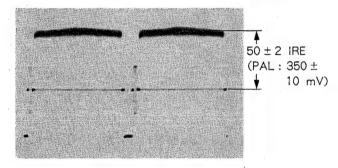
A014/EVR adjustment fixture

Adjustment Procedure

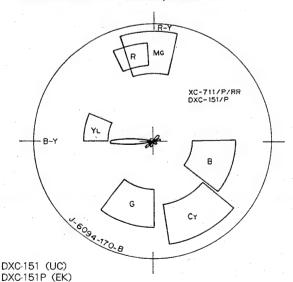
1. Adjust the zoom control of the lens so that the chart frame matches the underscanned monitor frame.



2. Adjust the lens iris so that the video level at the VIDEO OUT connector is 50 \pm 2 IRE (PAL: 350 \pm 10 mV).



- 3. Set the data to "000" with address A014 of the EVR adjustment fixture.
- 4. Adjust addresses A003 and A004 of the EVR adjustment fixture so that the white beam spot stays in the center of the vectorscope screen.



4-6-3. Auto White Balance Hysteresis Data Setting

Equipment:

Waveform monitor

Test point:

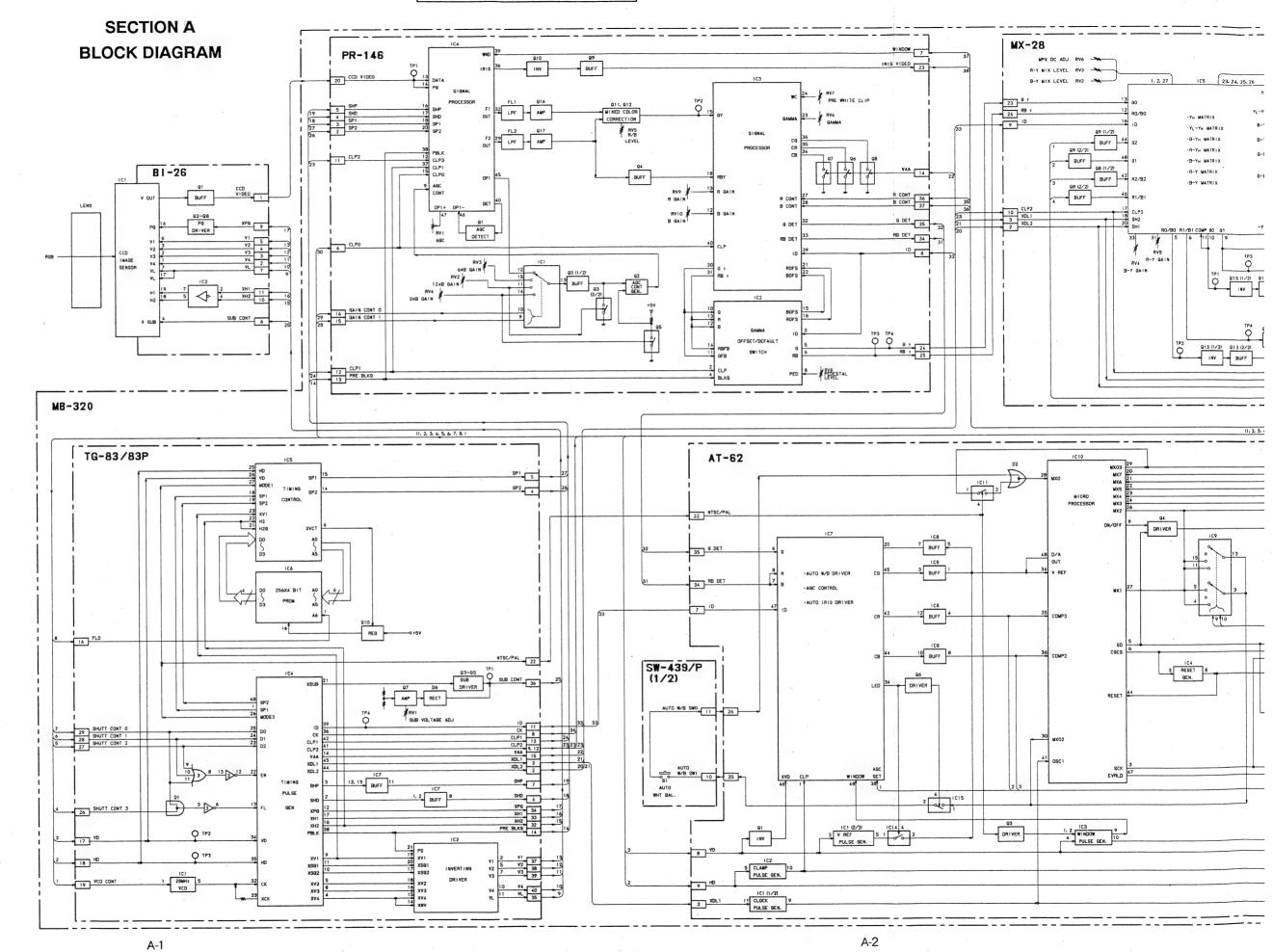
VIDEO OUT

Adj. point:

A014/EVR adjustment fixture

Adjustment Procedure

- Check that the data in address A014 of the EVR adjustment fixture is "000".
 If not, set the data to "000", then readjust section 4-6-2.
- 2. Set data "010" in address A014.
- 3. Set the EVR adjustment fixture to OFF, then disconnect the EVR adjustment fixture from the unit.



DXC-151 (UC, J) DXC-151P (EK)

OVERALL BLOCK

В

C

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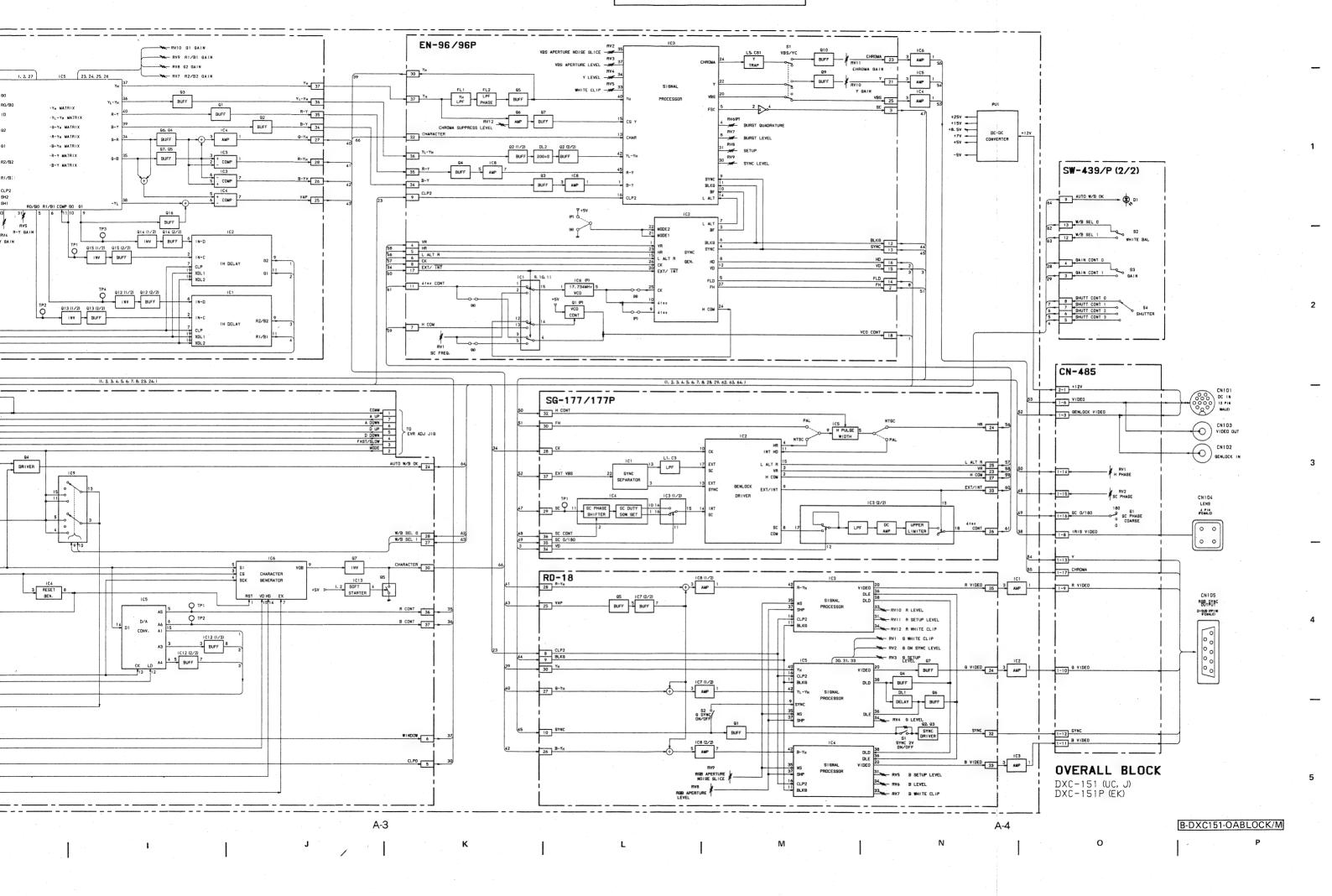
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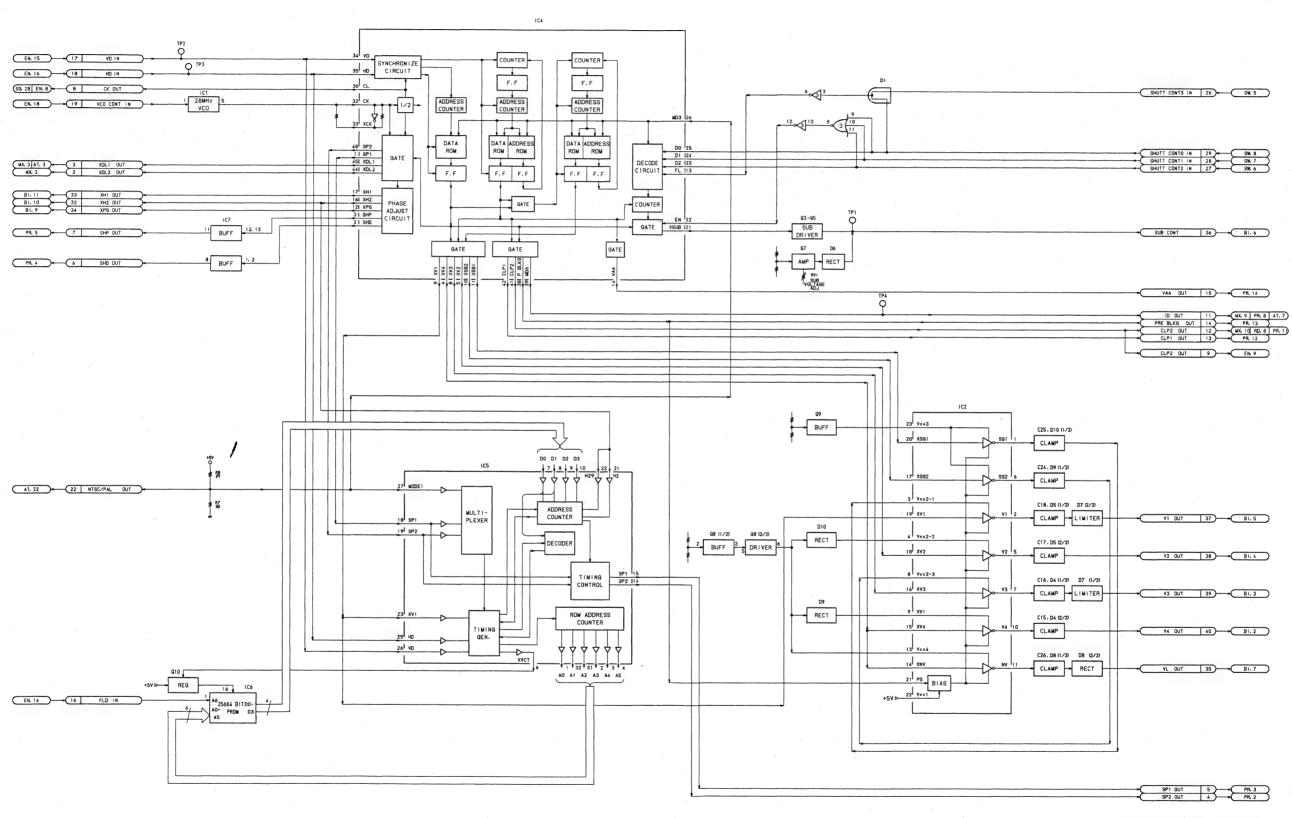
TG-83/83P

TG-83/83P

A-5

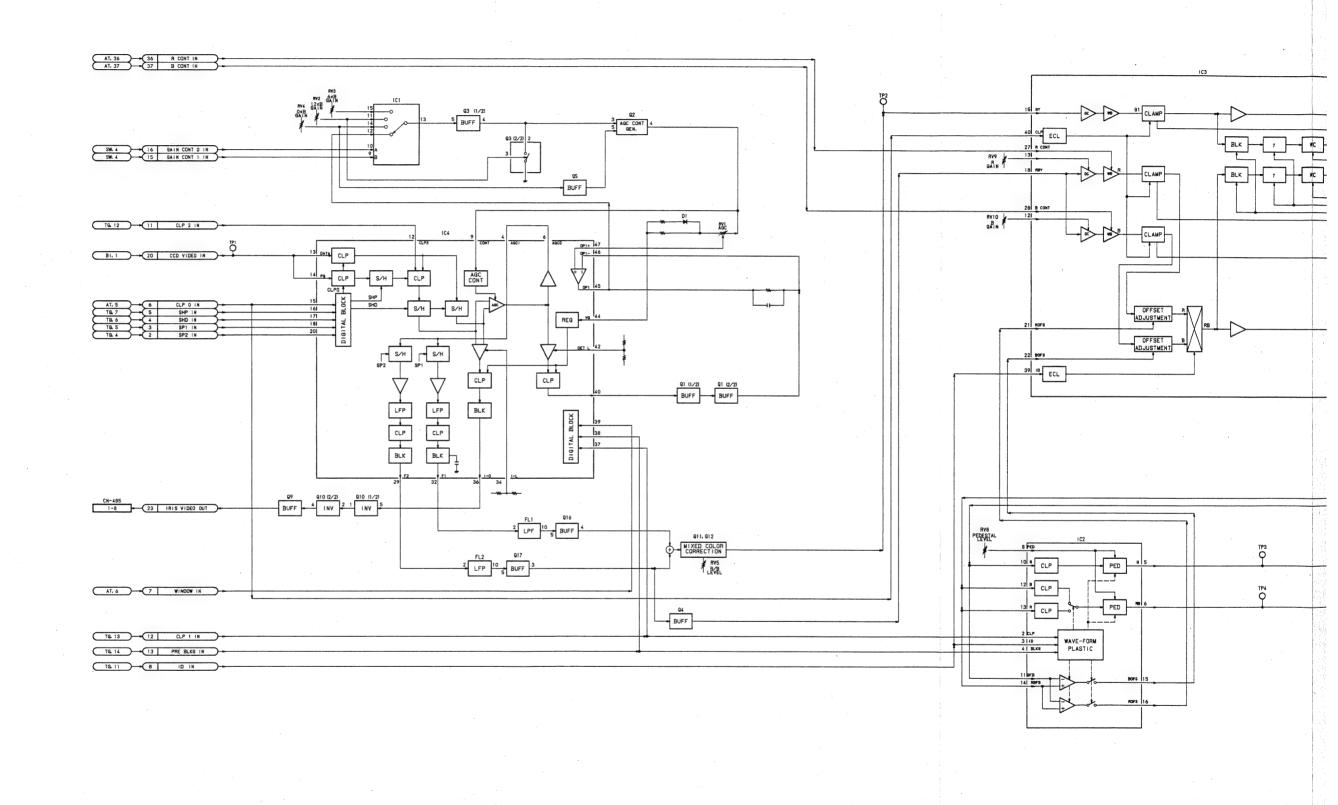
A-6

TG-83/83P BLOCK



TG-83/83P BLOCK

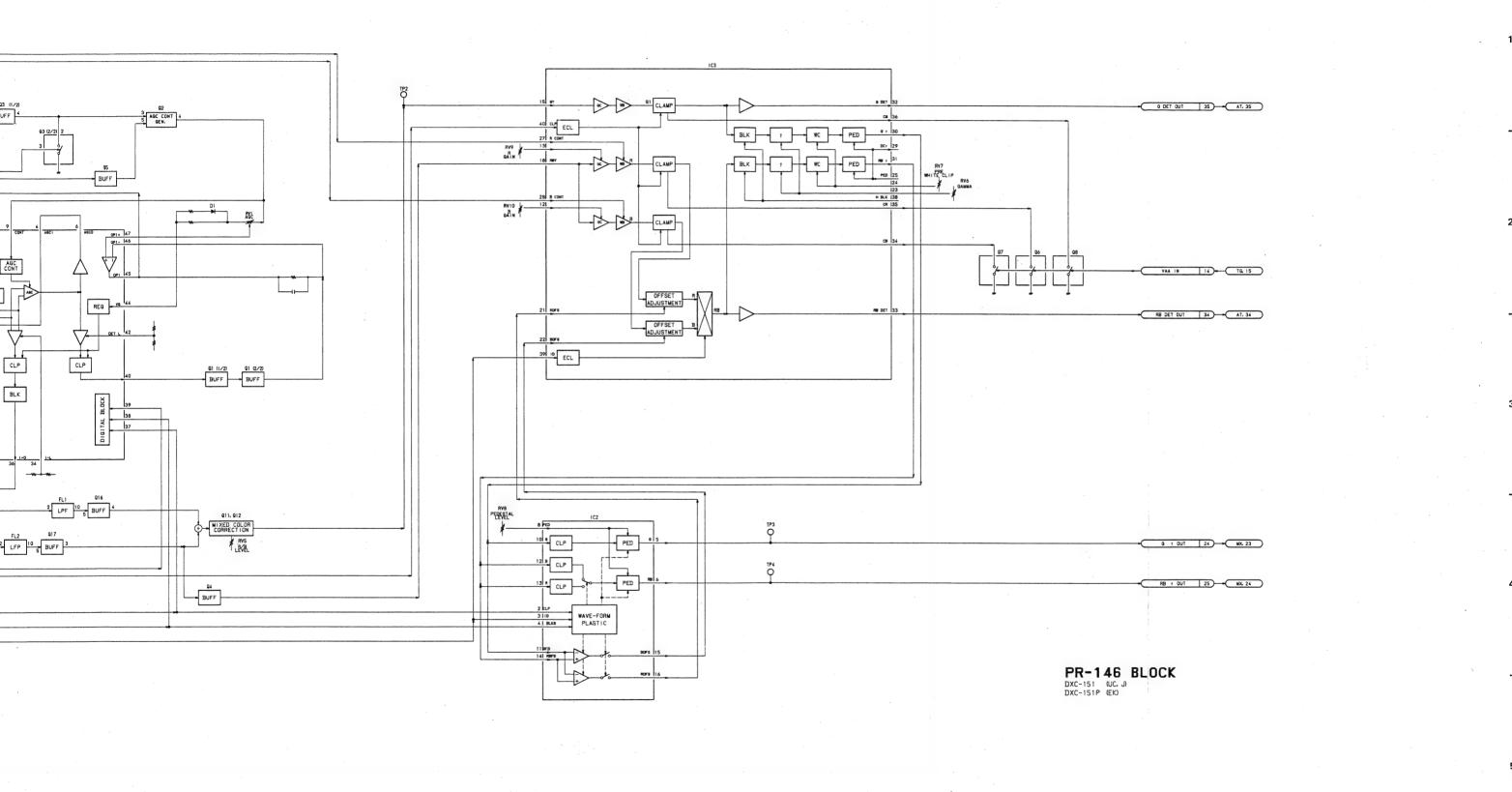
DXC-151 (UC, J)
DXC-151P (EK)



DXC-151 (UC, J) DXC-151P (EK) A-9

D

A-10



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A-11

B-DXC151-PR146BLOCK/M

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A-10

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MX-28

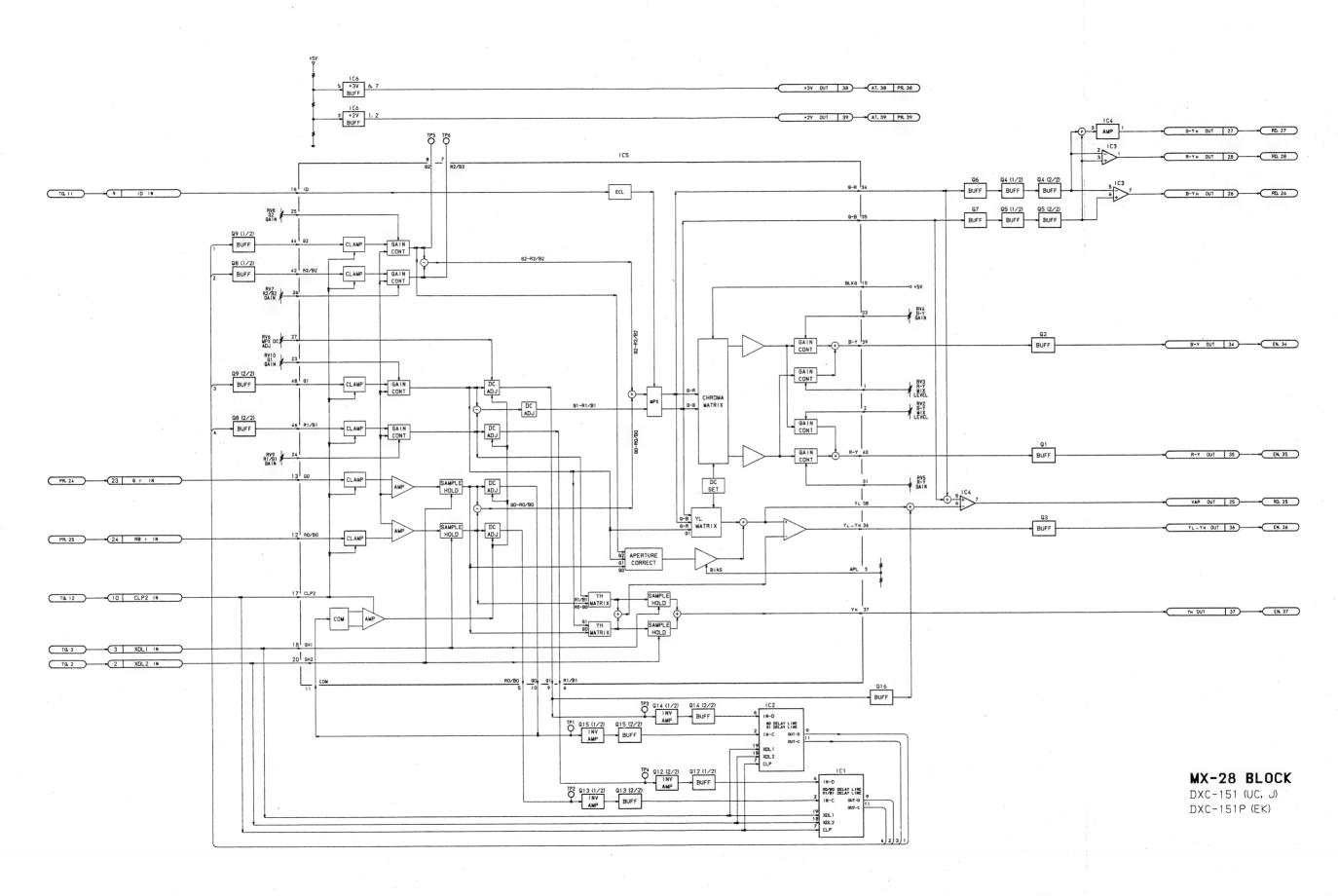
MX-28 BLOCK

RV8 25 RV7 R2/B2 / 2 GAIN # RV9 24 R1/B1 TG. 12 10 CLP2 IN

B-DXC151-MX28BLOCK/M

A-13

A-12



B-DXC151-MX28BLOCK/M

E

F

G

H

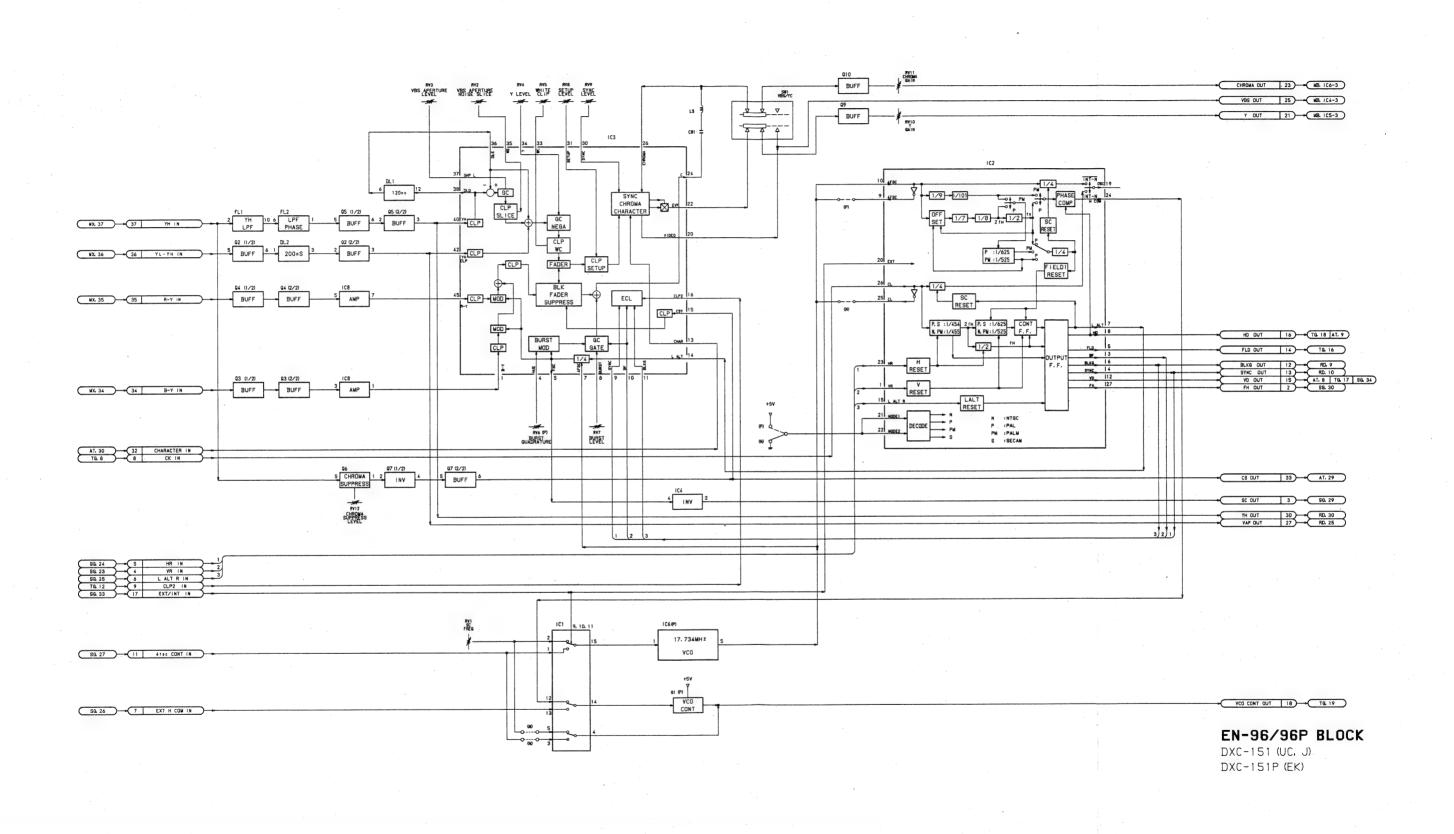
I

DXC-151 (UC; J)
DXC-151P (EK)

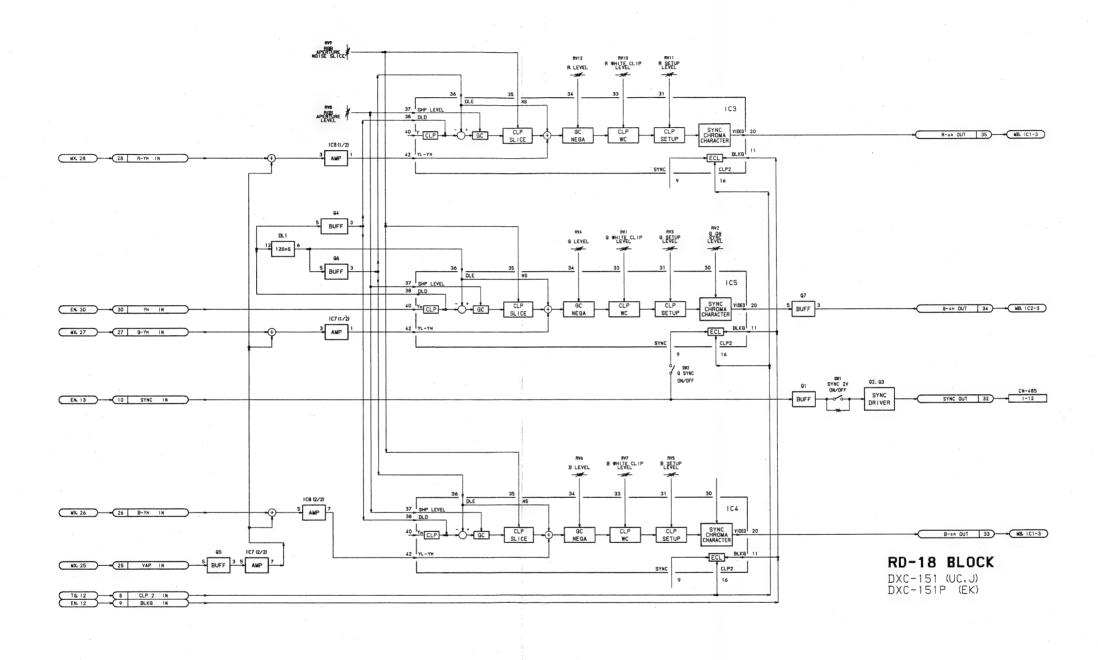
K

L

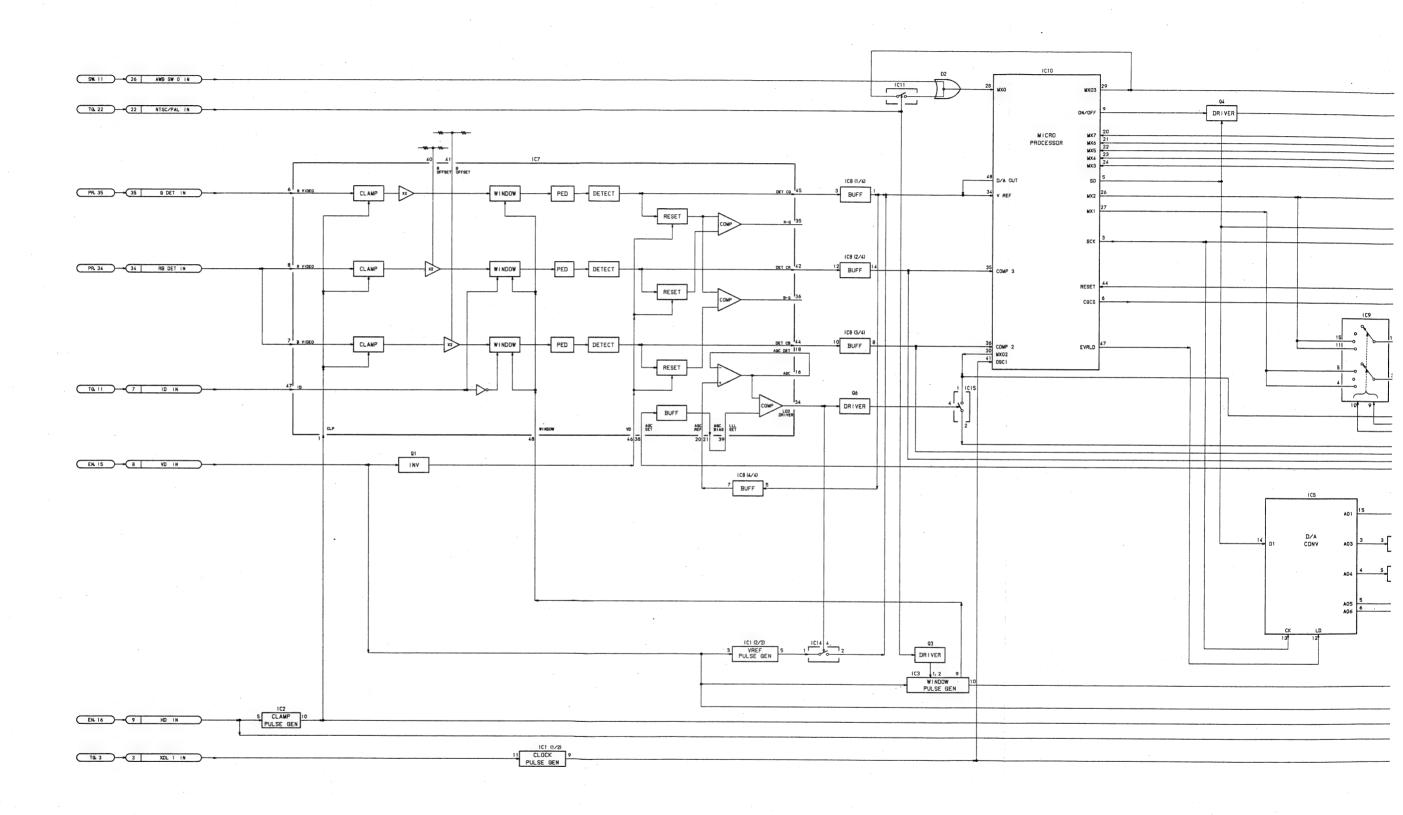
EN-96/96P BLOCK



B-DXC151-EN96BLOCK/M A-16 DXC-151 (UC, J) DXC-151P (EK) A-15



DXC-151 (UC, J) DXC-151P (EK) B-DXC151-RD18BLOCK/M A-17 A-18 Н



DXC-151 (UC, J)
DXC-151P (EK)

A-20

B

C

D

D

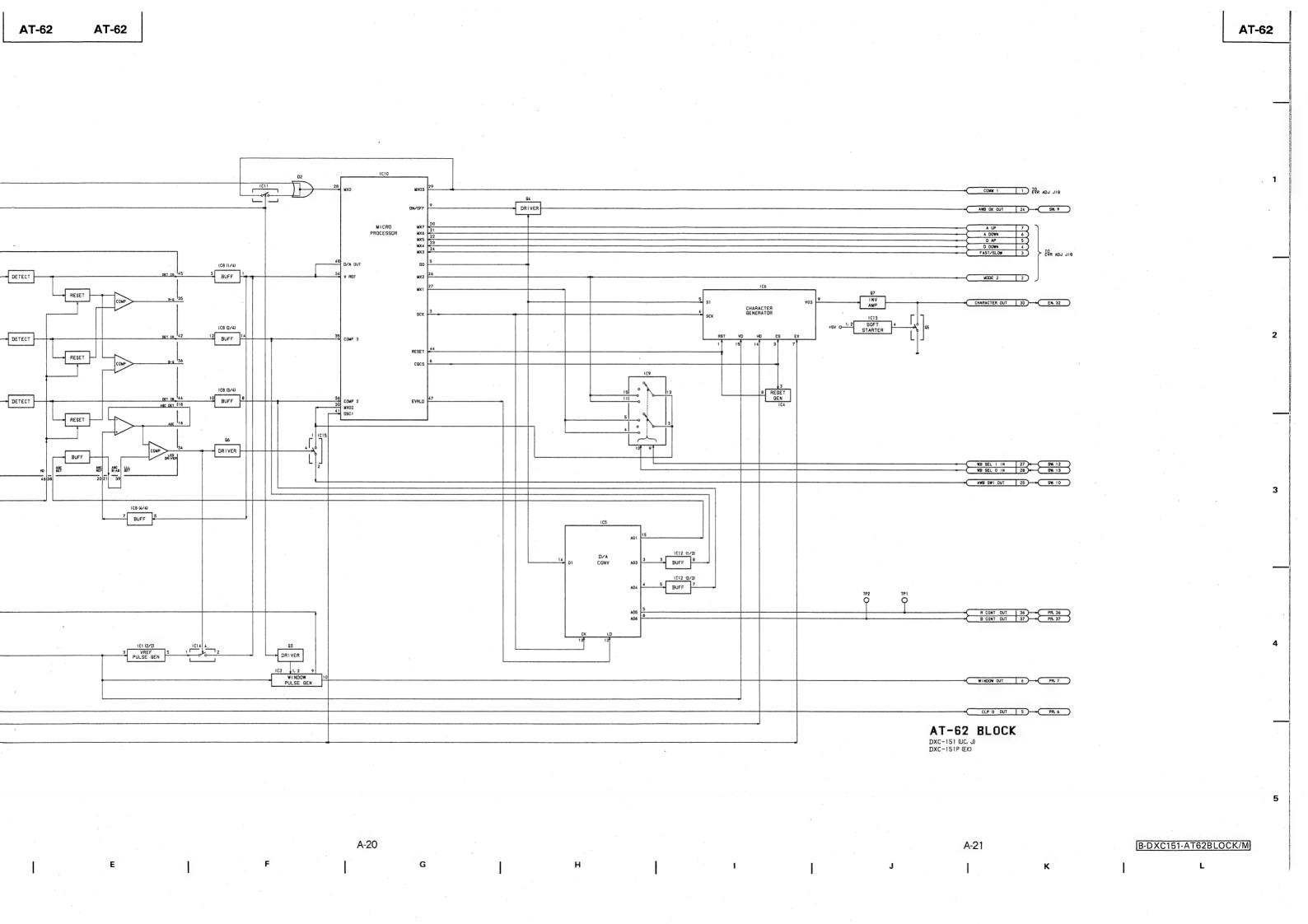
D

E

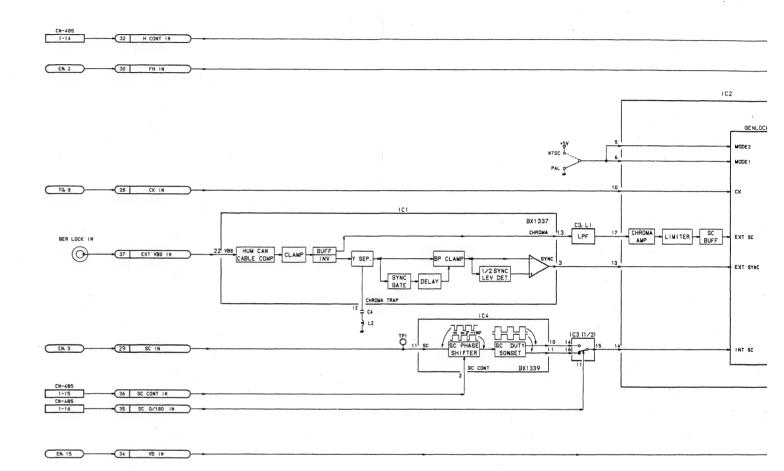
F

G

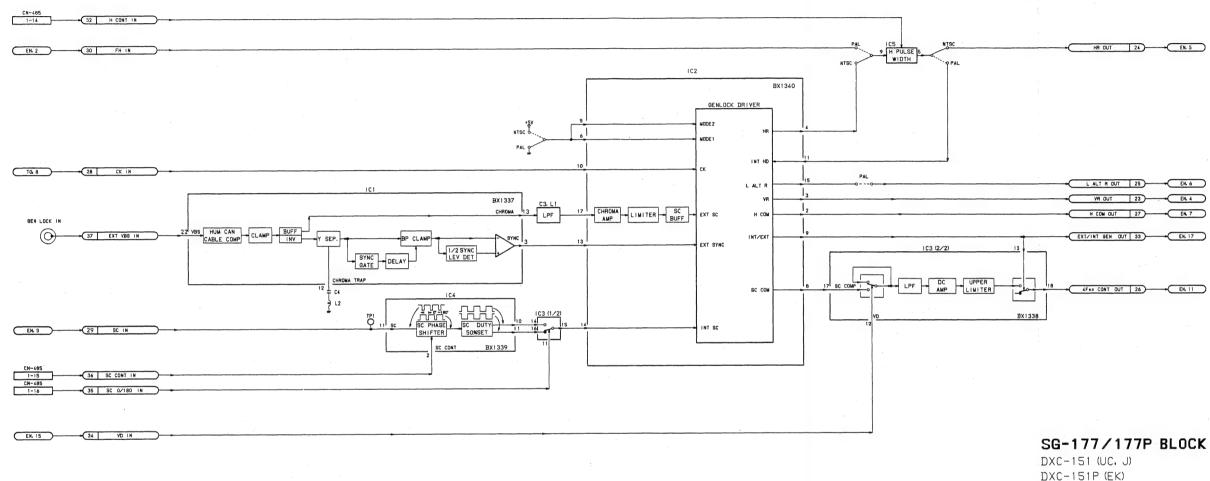
H



SG-177/177P BLOCK



SG-177/177P BLOCK



DXC-151P (EK)

A-24

B-DXC151-SG177BLOCK/M

A-23

SECTION B SEMICONDUCTOR

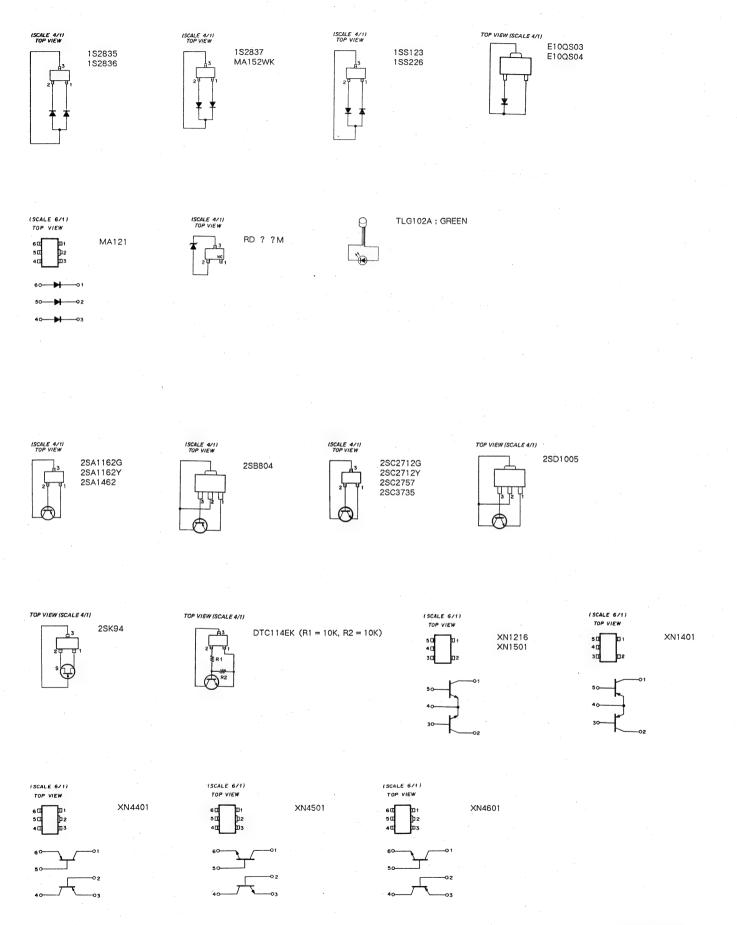
SC406670FU B-13 SN74LS221NS B-13

The circuit diagram of IC is obtained from the IC data book published by the manufacturer.

TYPE

TYPE	PAGE
1\$2835 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	··· B-2 ··· B-2 ··· B-2
2SA1162G	B-2 B-2 B-2 B-2 B-2 B-2 B-2
BX1340·····	
CX20053 CX20056 CX20151 CXA1065M CXA1072R CXA1157M CXA1337R CXB0026AM CXD1149R CXD1217M CXD1251Q CXL1505M	B-4 B-5 B-6 B-6 B-7 B-7 B-7 B-8
DTC114EK	··· В-2
E10QS03 · · · · · · · · · E10QS04 · · · · · · · · · ·	···· B-2 ···· B-2
IU022AR············ IU024AR·······	···· B-10 ···· B-10
MA121 MA152WK	···· B-2 ···· B-2
MB3773PF······· MB7114L······ MB88313PF····· MB88342PF·····	· · · · B-11
MC14577AF	B-12 B-12 B-12 B-12
RD ? ?M ······	··· В-2

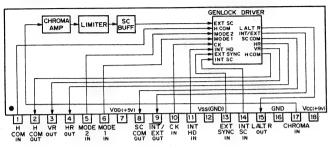
TC4S66	4F · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	··· B-13
uPC406	G2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · В-14
XN1216 XN140 XN150 XN440 XN450 XN460	1	B-2 B-2 B-2 B-2 B-2



BX1340 (SONY)

SC LIMITER AND GENLOCK DRIVER

- REAR VIEW -

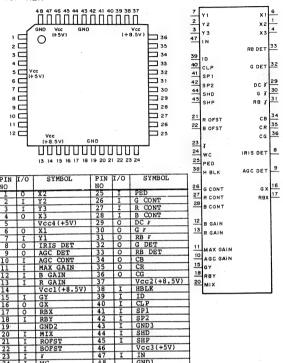


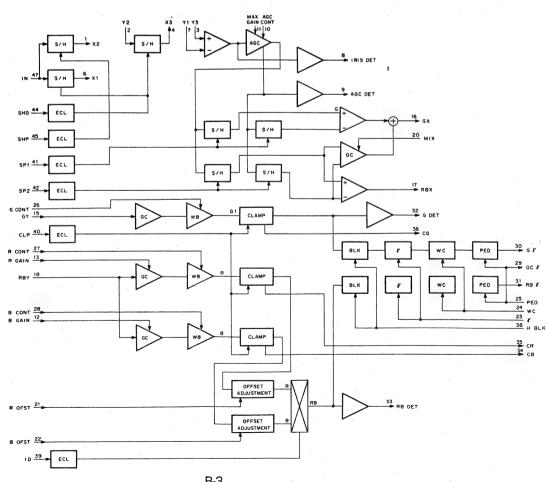
MODE SELECTION							
MODE	1 MODE 2	MODE					
1	1	NTSC					
0	0	PAL					

O; LOW LEVEL

CX20053 (SONY)

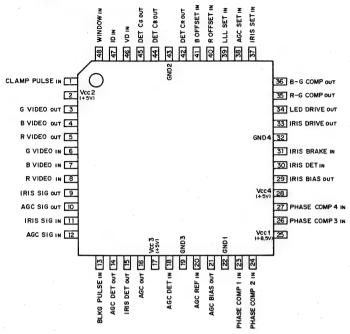
SIGNAL PROCESSING FOR COLOR CAMERA - TOP VIEW -

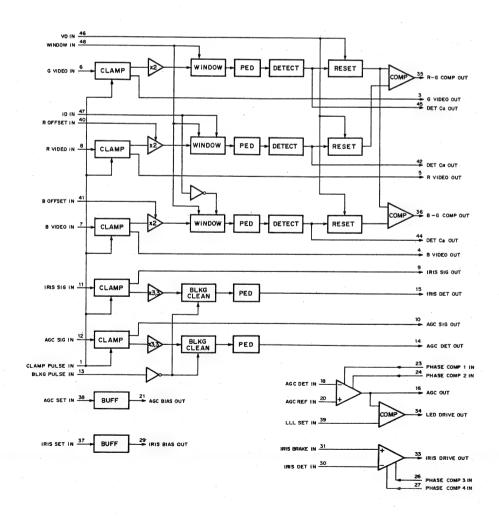




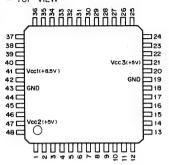
CX20056 (SONY)

AUTO IRIS, AUTO WHITE BALANCE AND AGC CONTROL FOR COLOR CAMERA – TOP VIEW – $\,$



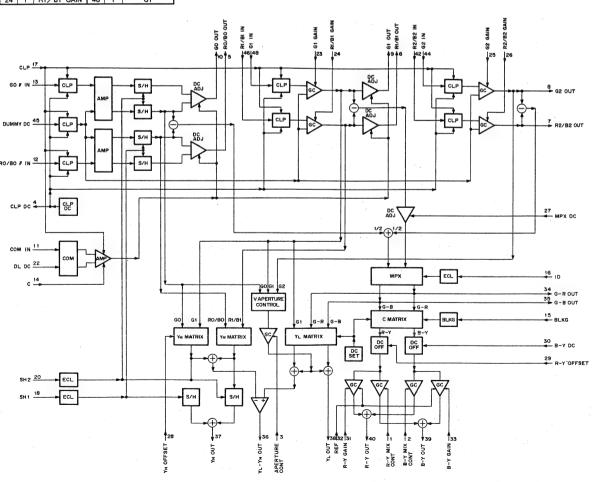


CX20151 (SONY) FLAT PACKAGE MATRIX FOR COLOR CAMERA - TOP VIEW -



	23 24 25 26 17 11 22 14	
	GI GAIN RI/BI GAIN GZ GAIN RZ/BZ GAIN CLP CLP DL DC	
	22 G G CON 100 DE	l
	22 B Z	
13	GO # IN GO OUT	10 5
12	RO/80 # IN RO/80 OUT	5_
12 45	DUMMY DC	
	GI IN GI OUT	9
48 46	RI/BI IN RI/BI OUT	9 6
	RIJBI IN	
44	G2 IN G2 OUT	7
42	R2/82 IN R2/82 OUT	7
18		37
20	SHI YH OUT	70
	SH2 YL OUT	37 38 36
28 3	YH OFFSET YL-YH OUT	
_3	APERTURE C G-ROUT	34 35
27	MPX DC G-B OUT	35
16 15 30	ID R-YOUT	40 39
15	BLKG B-Y OUT	39
30	B-Y DC	
29	R-Y OFFSET	
	2 2 2 2	
	GAII MIX DC	1
	R-YG B-Y R-Y B-Y REF	
	31 33 1 2 32 4	,

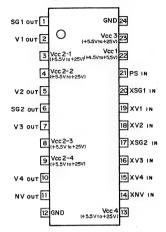
					-
PIN Nọ.	1/0	SIGNAL	PIN No.	1/0	SIGNAL
1	1	R-Y MIX CONT	25	- 1	G2 GAIN
2	1	B-Y MIX CONT	26	- 1	R2/B2 GAIN
3	1	APERTURE CONT	27	1	MPX DC
4	0	CLP DC	28	1	YH OFFSET
5	0	R0/B0	29	1	R-Y OFFSET
6	0	R1/B1	30	1	B-Y DC
7	0	R2/B2	31	1	R-Y GAIN
8	0	G2	32	1	REF
9	0	G1	33	1	B-Y GAIN
10	0	G0	34	0	G-R
11	1	СОМ	35	0.	G-B
12	ı	R0/B0 y	36	0	YL-YH
13	ı	GO Y	37	0	YH
14	1	С	38	0	YL
15	1	BLKG	39	0	B-Y
16	1	ID	40	0	R-Y
17	1	CLP	41	-	.Vcc1 (+8.5V)
18	1	SH1	42	1	R2/B2
19	-	GND	43	-	GND
20	1	SH2	44	. 1	G2
21	-	Vcc3 (+5V)	45	1	DUMMY DC
22	1	DL DC	46	1	R1/B1
23	1	G1 GAIN	47	-	Vcc2 (+5V)
24	1	R1/B1 GAIN	48	1	G1



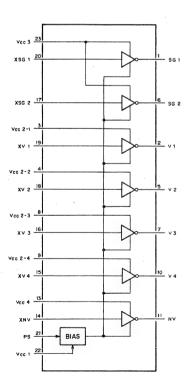
DXC-151 (UC, J) DXC-151P (EK) B-5

CXA1065M (SONY) FLAT PACKAGE

INVERTING DRIVER FOR CCD CLOCK WITH POWER SAVE - TOP VIEW -

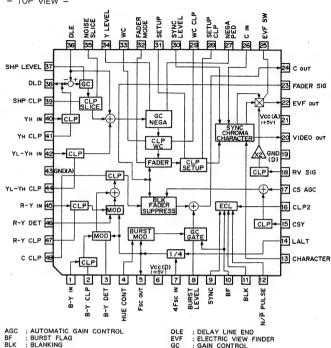


XV1-XV4; VERTICAL REGISTER TRANSMISSION CLOCK INPUT
V1-V4; VERTICAL REGISTER TRANSMISSION CLOCK OUTPUT
XSG1, XSG2; SENSOR GATE PULSE INPUT
SG1, SG2; SENSOR GATE PULSE OUTPUT
XNV; DRIVER INPUT
NV; DRIVER OUTPUT
PS; POWER SAVE INPUT
Vcc1; BIAS VOLTAGE
Vcc 2-1; V1 OUTPUT PULSE VOLTAGE
Vcc 2-2; V2 OUTPUT PULSE VOLTAGE
Vcc 2-3; V3 OUTPUT PULSE VOLTAGE
Vcc 2-4; V4 OUTPUT PULSE VOLTAGE
Vcc 3: SG1, SG2 OUTPUT PULSE VOLTAGE
Vcc 3: SG1, SG2 OUTPUT PULSE VOLTAGE Vcc 3; SG1,SG2 OUTPUT PULSE VOLTAGE Vcc 4; NV OUTPUT PULSE VOLTAGE



CXA1072R (SONY)

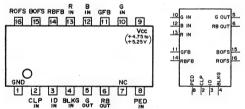
CCD CAMERA SIGNAL PROCESSOR - TOP VIEW -



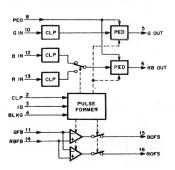
AGC : AUTOMATIC GAIN CONTROL
BF : BURST FLAG
BLK : BLANKING
C IN : CHROMA INPUT
CLP : CLAMP
CONT : CONTROL
CS : CHROMA SUPPRESS
DET : DETECTOR
DLD : DELAY LINE DRIVE

DELAY LINE END
ELECTRIC VIEW FINDER
GAIN CONTROL
NEGA/POSI
LINE ALTERNATE
PEDESTAL
RETURN VIDEO
SHARPNESS
WHITE CLIP

CXA1157M (SONY) FLAT PACKAGE VIDEO SIGNAL SWITCH, BLANKING - TOP VIEW -



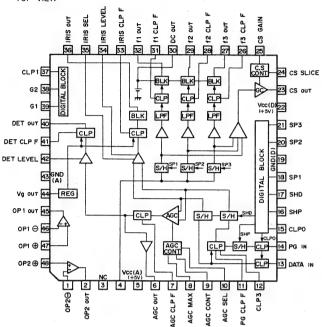
B IN
BLKG IN
BOFS
CLP
G IN
GFB
G OUT
ID IN
ROFS
R IN
RB OUT
RBFB : B SIGNAL INPUT
: BLANKING PULSE INPUT
: COMPARISON (H) OUTPUT
: CLAMP PULSE INPUT
: G SIGNAL INPUT
: REFERENCE LEVEL INPUT
: G SIGNAL OUTPUT
: ID FULSE INPUT
: PEDESTAL INPUT
: COMPARISON (L) OUTPUT
: R SIGNAL INPUT
: R // B ISIGNAL OUTPUT
: R // B ISIGNAL OUTPUT
: COMPARISON SIGNAL INPUT
: COMPARISON SIGNAL INPUT



CXA1337R (SONY)

CCD CAMERA SIGNAL PROCESSOR

- TOP VIEW -



: AUTOMATIC GAIN CONTROL
: BLANKING
: CHROMA INPUT
: CLAMP
: CONTROL
: CHROMA SUPPRESS
: DETECTOR AGC BLK C IN CLP CONT CS DET

BLK PULSE INPUT WINDOW PULSE INPUT GAIN CONTROL OPERATIONAL AMP. SAMPLE HOLD SELECT REGULATOR OUTPUT

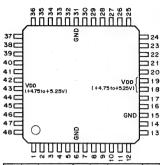
CXB0026AM (SONY) FLAT PACKAGE

DUAL INVERTING CLOCK DRIVER - TOP VIEW -



CXD1149R (SONY) FLAT PACKAGE

C-MOS SCANNING SYSTEM TIMING SIGNAL GENERATOR FOR CCD CAMERA



PIN NO.	1/0	SIGNAL									
1	0	SP1	13	1	FL	25	-	DO	37		TEST2
2	0	SHD	14	0	VAA	26	-	MODE3	38	0	PBLK
3	0	SHP	15	-	GND	27	- 1	MODE2	39	0	ID
4	0	XV4	16	0	XH2	28	- 1	MODE1	40	0	CLP3
5	0	XV2	17	0	XH1	29	1	OSCI	41	0	CLP2
6	-	GND	18	-	VDD	30	0	OSCO	42	0	CLP1
7	1	TEST1	19	-	VDD	31	-	GND	43	-	VDD
8	0	XV3	20	1	MODE4	32	1	CK	44	0	XDL2
9	0	XV1	21	0	XSUB	33	0	XCK	45	0	XDL1
10	0	XSG2	22	1	EN	34	1	VD	46	1	MODE6
11	0	XSG1	23	1	D2	35	1	HD	47	1	MODE5
12	0	XRG	24	- 1	D1	36	0	CL	48	0	SP2

INVERTER INPUT FOR DUTY CONTROL
(MAIN CLOCK)

ELECTRONIC SHUTTER SPEED CHANGE
ELECTRONIC SHUTTER ON/OFF
(I) OFF I) ON)

ELECTRONIC SHUTTER FULCKER LESS
HORIZONTAL DRIVE PULSE
(COLOR MONOCHROME (B/W) CHANGE
(I) COLOR I B/W)

FIELD/FRAME STORAGE CHANGE
(I) FIELD FRAME)

INTSC-PAL CHANGE (I) NTSC I; PAL)

ELECTRONIC SHUTTER SPEED INPUT SELECT
(I) SELAL IN I; PARALLEL IN)

(I) SELAL IN I; PARALLEL IN)

(I) COLOR MONOCHROME (B/W) CHANGE
(I) COLOR I B/W)

PELK CONTROL PULSE
(I) NERROW I; WIDE)

INVERTER INPUT FOR OSCILLATOR
OPEN

OPEN

OPEN

VERTICAL DRIVE SIGNAL INPUT CK XV1 35 HD D0 - D2 EN 25 DO XV4 24 D1 23 D2 HD MODE1 XSG 2 MODE MODE2 27 26 SP2 MODE3 MODE4 MODE4 XDL 1 MODE5 46 HODE XH 1 MODE6 XH2 XRG OSCI TEST1 TEST2 VD 12 SHP SHD TEST GND VERTICAL DRIVE SIGNAL 37 TEST2 OUTPUT

CLOCK OUTPUT FOR SYNC GENERATOR

CLP1 - CLP3 CLAMP PULSE

DSCO INVERTER OUTPUT FOR OSCILLATOR

PBLK PRESILANKIOR PULSE

SHD CCD DATA OUTPUT SYN PULSE

SHD CCD DATA OUTPUT SYN PULSE

SHP, SP1, SP2 COLOR SEPARATE SYN PULSE

SP1, SP2 COLOR SEPARATE SYN PULSE

XCK INVERTER OUTPUT FOR DUTY CONTROL

XCK INVERTER OUTPUT FOR DUTY CONTROL

XCK INVERTER OUTPUT FOR DUTY CONTROL

XH1, XH2 H REGISTER CLOCK PULSE

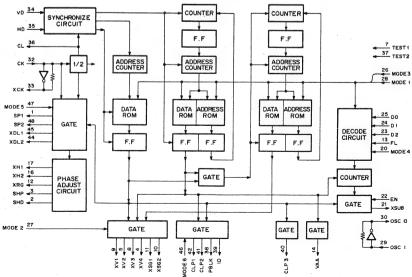
XSUB CCD OUTPUT RESET PULSE

XSUB CCD OUTPUT RESET PULSE

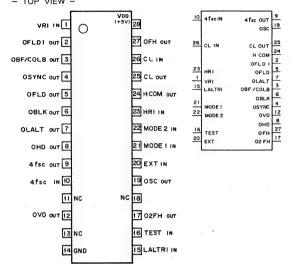
XSUB SENSOR ELECTRIC CHARGE SWEEPING AWAY PULSE

XSGI XSG2 SENSOR ELECTRIC CHARGE FAAD OUT PULSE

XVI - XV4 V REGISTER CLOCK PULSE 22 XSUB CLP 2 CLP3 38 ID 39 VAA 14 29 osco 30 osci 32

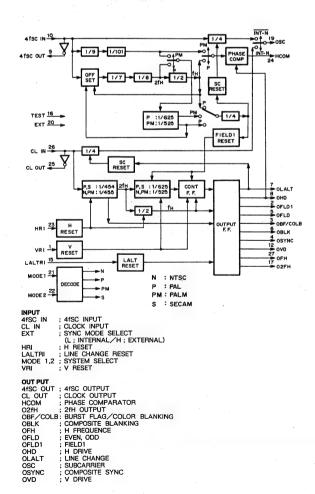


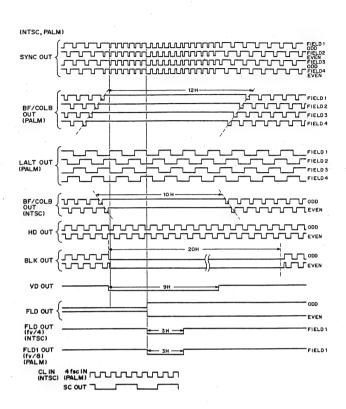
CXD1217M (SONY) FLAT PACKAGE C-MOS SYNC GENERATOR - TOP VIEW -

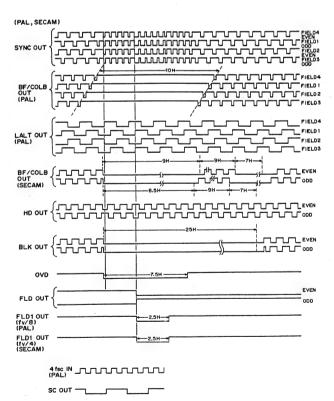


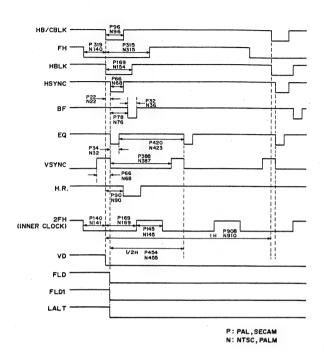
SYSTEM	4fsc	CLOCK
NTSC	910fH	910fH
PAL	1135fn+2fv	908fH
PALM	909fH	910fH
SECAM	_	908fH

INF	UT	SYSTEM
MODE1	MODE2	SISIEM
0	0	NTSC
0	1	SECAM
1	0	PALM
11	1	PAL
0 ; LOW 1 ; HIGH		



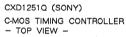


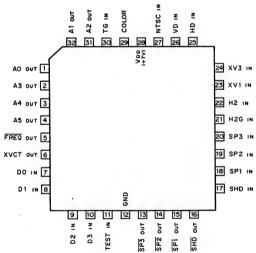






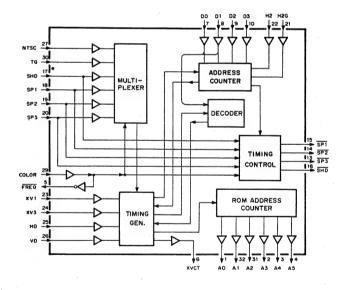
D1-D4; EXTERNAL ROM DATA INPUT
A0-A5; EXTERNAL ROM ADDRESS OUTPUT
SPI-SF3; SAMPLE HOLD PULSE
SHD; DATA SAMPLE HOLD PULSE
H2;H2; CLOCK INPUT FOR HORIZONTAL REGISTER TRANSMISSION
XVLT; POWER CONTROL OUTPUT FOR EXTERNAL ROM
HD; HORIZONTAL DRIVE INPUT
VD; VERTICAL DRIVE INPUT
VD; VERTICAL DRIVE INPUT



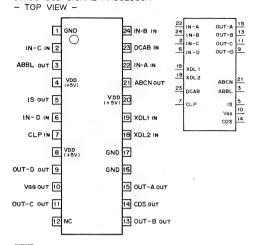


	1	0
NTSC	CCIR MODE	NTSC MODE
COLOR	B/W MODE	COLOR MODE
TG		IC FOR TG:
TG	CXD1149 USE	CXD1155/1156 USE

1 ; HIGH LEVEL 0 ; LOW LEVEL



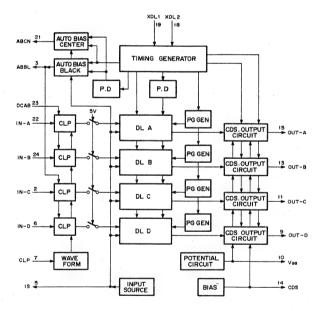
CXL1505M (SONY) FLAT PACKAGE C-MOS CCD SIGNAL PROCESSOR



INPUT CLP DCAB IN-A, B, C, D XDL1, 2

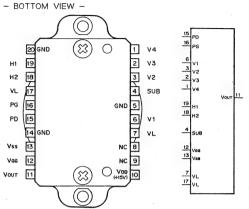
CLAMP PULSE
DC BIAS FOR A, B CH
SIGNAL INPUT A, B, C, D CH
CLOCK PULSE IN1, 2

OUTPUT
ABBL
ABCN
CDS
IS
OUT-A, B, C, D
VGG : AUTO BIAS DC OUT FOR Y SIGNAL : AUTO BIAS DC OUT FOR C SIGNAL : DC OUT FOR CDS : INPUT SOURCE DC OUT : SIGNAL OUTPUT A, B, C, D CH : GATE BIAS DC OUT



IU022AR (SONY) (NTSC) IU024AR (SONY) (PAL)

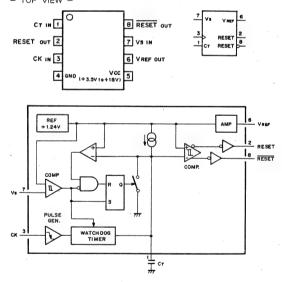
CCD IMAGE BLOCK FOR COLOR CAMERA

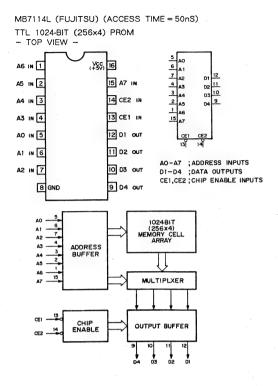


H1, H2 PD PG SUB V1 - V4 VGG VL VOUT VSS

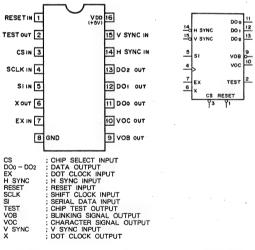
TRANSFER CLOCK INPUTS OF HORIZONTAL SHIFT REGISTER OUTPUT RESET CLOCK INPUT PRECHARGE DRAIN BIAS INPUT SUBSTRATURE OF STREET CLOCK INPUTS OF VERTICAL SHIFT REGISTER GATE BIAS INPUT FOR OUTPUT AMP.
BIAS INPUT FOR LOOKOUT TRANSISTOR SIGNAL OUTPUT SIGNAL OUTPUT SIGNAL OUTPUT SOURCE BIAS INPUT FOR OUTPUT AMP.

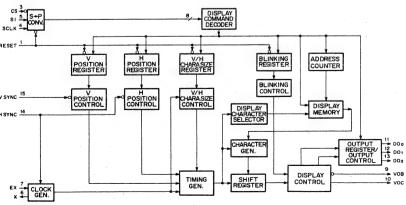
MB3773PF (FUJITSU) FLAT PACKAGE BIPOLAR SOURCE VOLTAGE SUPERVISOR - TOP VIEW -





MB88313PF (FUJITSU) FLAT PACKAGE C-MOS TV DISPLAY CONTROLLER - TOP VIEW -

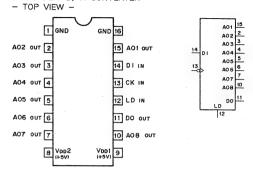




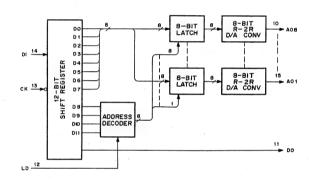
B-11

DXC-151 (UC, J) DXC-151P (EK)

MB88342PF (FUJITSU) FLAT PACKAGE C-MOS 8-BIT D/A CONVERTER



- AO8 : 8-BIT D/A OUTPUTS
: CLOCK INPUT
: SERIAL DATA INPUT
: DATA OUTPUT
: DATA LOAD CONTROL INPUT (H; LOAD)

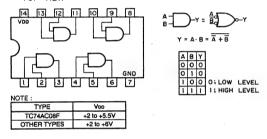


MC14577AF (MOTOROLA) DUAL VIDEO AMPLIFIER - TOP VIEW -

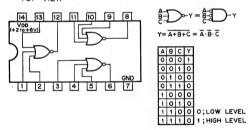


XVDD+1Vss1=+5V to +121

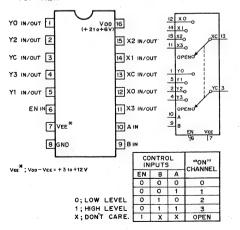
MC74HC08AF (MOTOROLA) FLAT PACKAGE C-MOS QUAD 2-INPUT AND GATE - TOP VIEW -



MC74HC27F (MOTOROLA) FLAT PACKAGE C-MOS 3-LINE POSITIVE-NOR GATE - TOP VIEW -

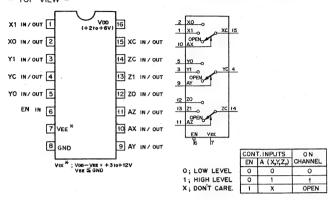


MC74HC4052F (MOTOROLA) FLAT PACKAGE C-MOS DUAL 4-CHANNEL ANALOG MULTIPLEXER/DEMULTIPLEXER - TOP VIEW -



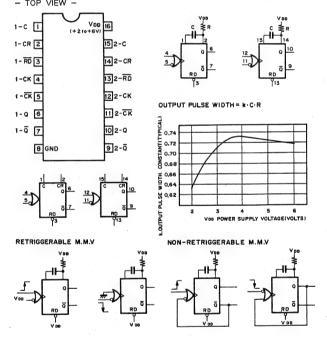
MC74HC4053F (MOTOROLA) FLAT PACKAGE

C-MOS TRIPLE 2-CHANNEL ANALOG MULTIPLEXER / DEMULTIPLEXER



MC74HC4538AF (MOTOROLA) FLAT PACKAGE

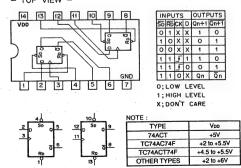
C - MOS DUAL RETRIGGERABLE / NON - RETRIGGERABLE MONOSTABLE MULTIVIBRATOR - TOP VIEW -



MC74HC74AF (MOTOROLA) FLAT PACKAGE

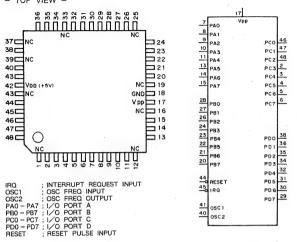
C-MOS D-TYPE FLIP FLOP WITH DIRECT SET/RESET

- TOP VIEW -

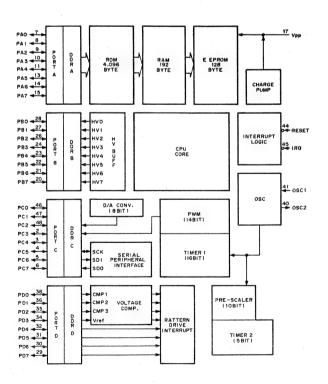


SÇ406670FU (MOTOROLA)

C-MOS 8-BIT MICROPROCESSOR - TOP VIEW -

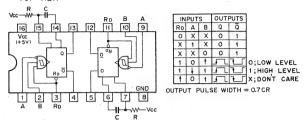


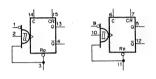
PIN NO.	1/0	SYMBOL	PIN NO:	1/0	SYMBOL	PIN NO.	1/0	SYMBOL	PiN NO.	1/0	SYMBOL
1	-	NC	13	1/0	PA5	25	-	NC	37	-	NC
2	1/0	PC3	14	1/0	PA6	26	1/0	PB2	38	1/0	PD0
3	1/0	PC4	15	1/0	PA7	27	1/0	PB1	39	-	NC
4	1/0	PC5	16	-	NC	28	1/0	PB0	40	0	OSC2
5	1/0	PC6	17	1	VPP	29	1/0	PD7	41	1	OSC1
6	1/0	PC7	18	-	GND	30	1/0	PD6	42	_	VDD (+5V)
7	1/0	PAO	19	-	NC	31	1/0	PD5	43	-	NC
8	1/0	PA1	20	1/0	PB7	32	1/0	PD4	44	-	RESET
9	1/0	PA2	21	1/0	PB6	33	-	NC	45	1	IRQ
10	1/0	PA3	22	1/0	PB5	34	1/0	PD3	46	1/0	PC0
11	1/0	PA4	23	1/0	PB4	35	1/0	PD2	47	1/0	PC1
12	-	NC	24	1/0	PB3	36	1/0	PD1	48	1/0	PC2



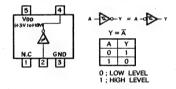
SN74LS221NS (TI) FLAT PACKAGE

TTL MONOSTABLE MULTIVIBRATOR WITH SCHMITT TRIGGER INPUT - TOP VIEW -



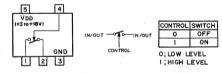


TC4S584F (TOSHIBA) FLAT PACKAGE C-MOS SCHMITT TRIGGER INVERTER - TOP VIEW -



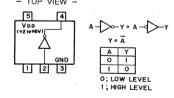
TC4S66F (TOSHIBA)

C-MOS BILATERAL ANALOG SWITCH - TOP VIEW -



TC7S04F (TOSHIBA) FLAT PACKAGE

C-MOS INVERTER - TOP VIEW -

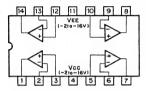


uPC358G2 (NEC) FLAT PACKAGE DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS - TOP VIEW -



uPC4064G (NEC) FLAT PACKAGE

TTL-QUAD OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER WITH LOW POWER CONSUMPTION — TOP VIEW —

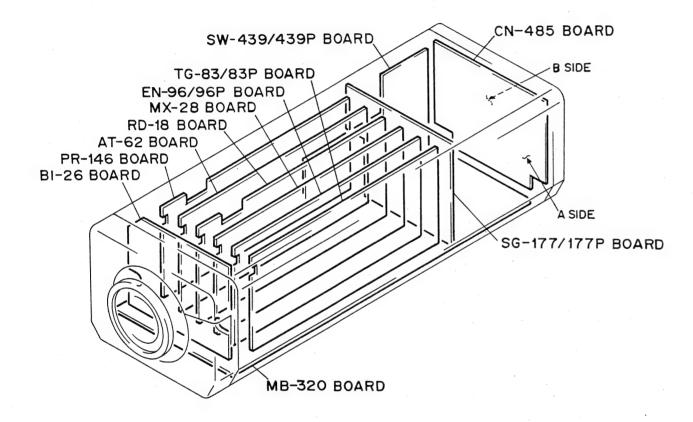


uPC4570G2 (NEC) FLAT PACKAGE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER - TOP VIEW -

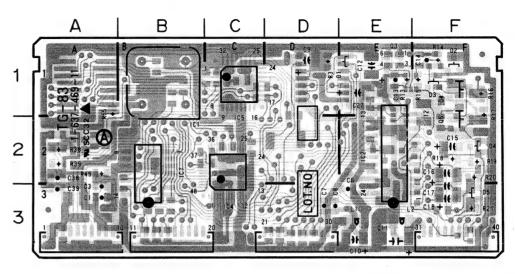


SECTION C SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS AND BOARD ILLUSTRATION

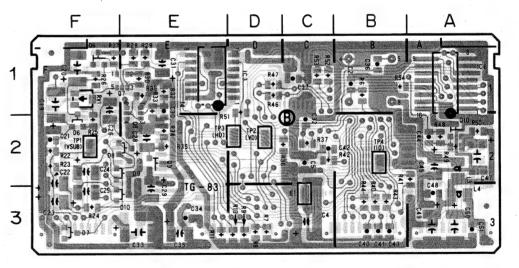
BOARD LAYOUT



TG-83/83P



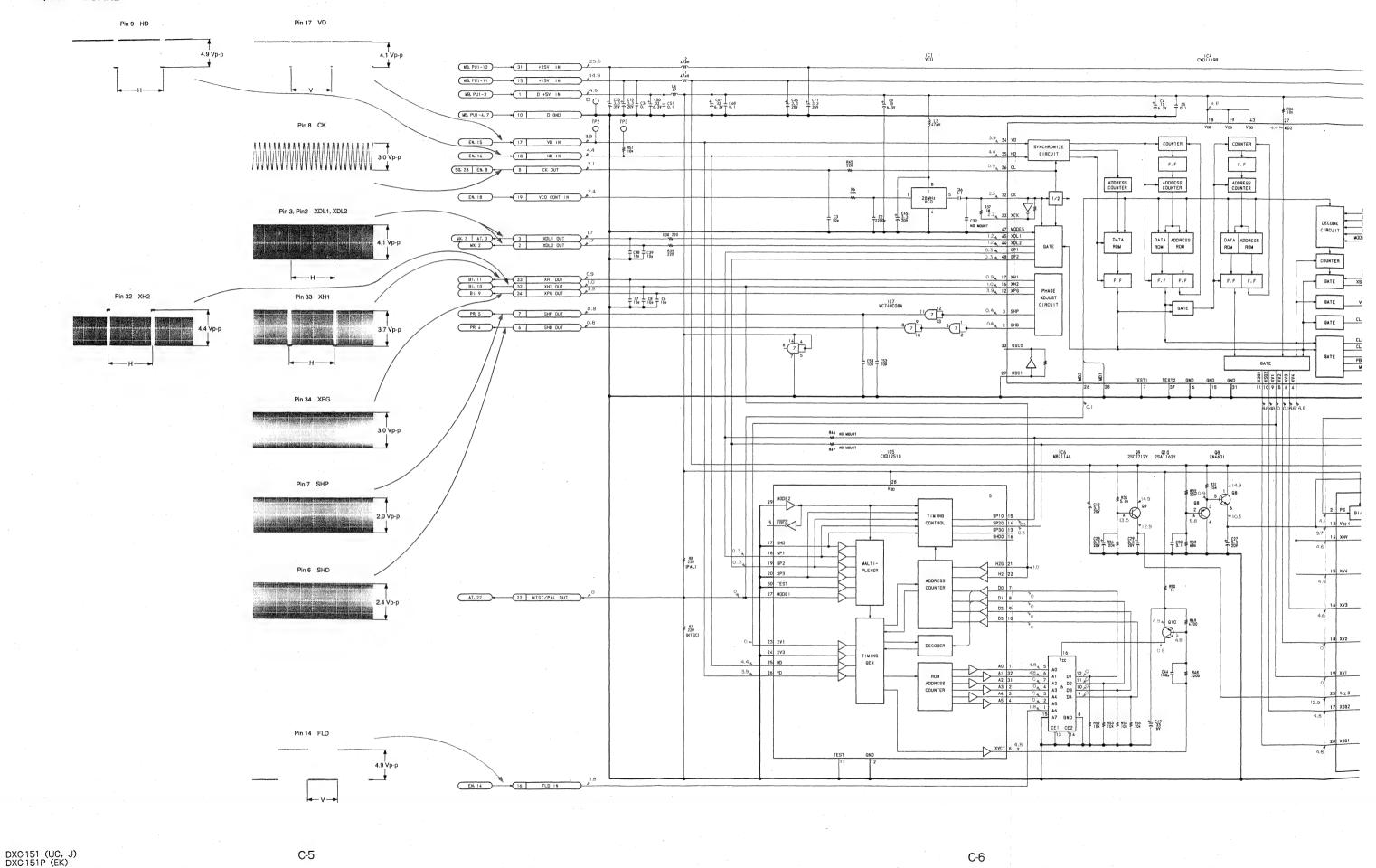
TG-83/83P - A SIDE - 1-637-469-11 DXC-151 (UC,J) DXC-151P (EK)

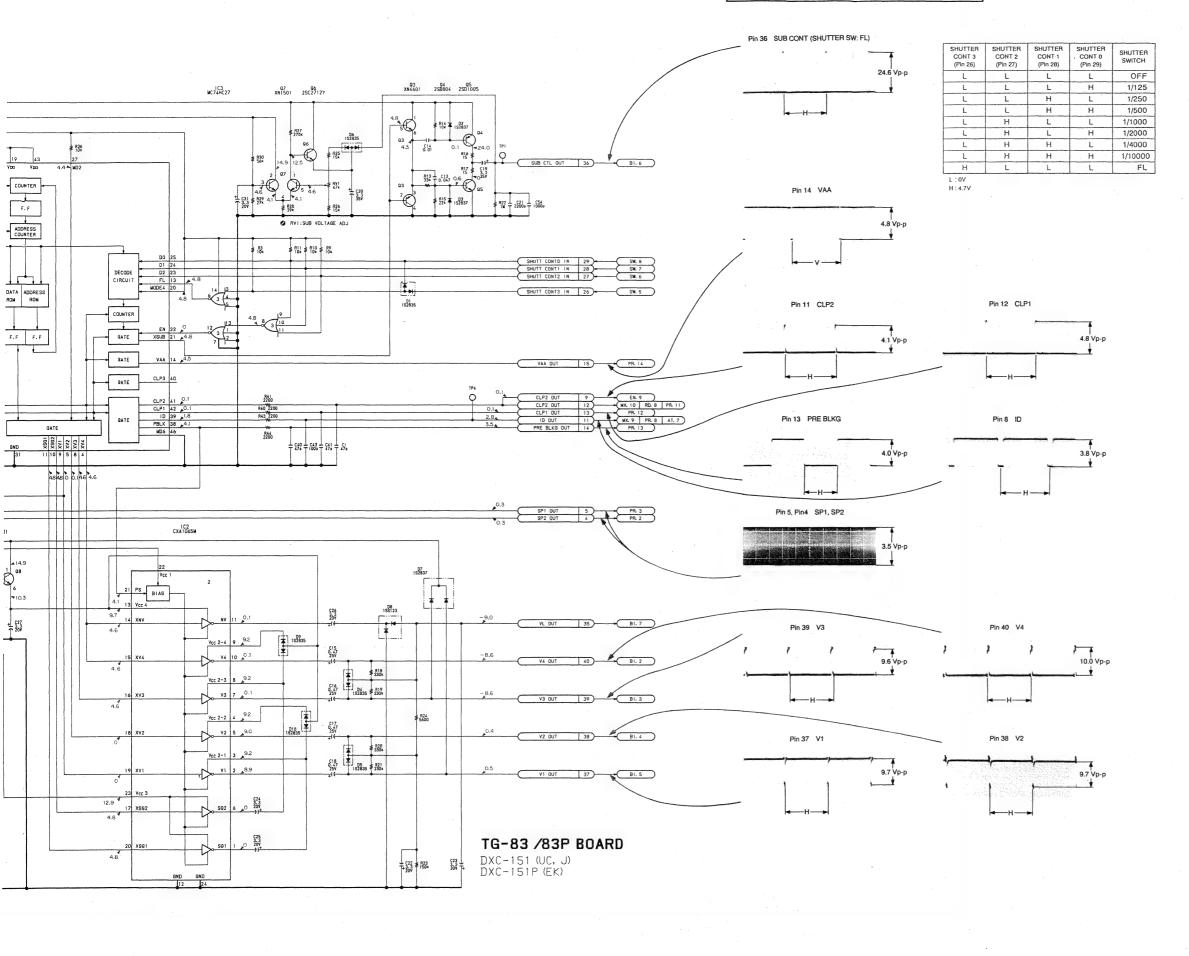


TG-83/83P - B SIDE -1-637-469-11 DXC-151 (UC,J) DXC-151P (EK)

rg-83,	/83P 1-63	7-469-11
01	E-1	
02	F-1	
03	F-1	
04	F-2	
05	F-3	
06	* F-2	
07	* F-3	
08	* E-2	
09	* E-2	
010	* E-3	
C1	B-1	
C2	E-2	
СЗ	* E-1	
C4	C-2	
C5	C-1	
C7	B-2	
23	E-1	
24	F-1	
25	F-2	
26	* F-1	
Ω7	* E-1	
28	* E-1	
09	* E-1	
210	* A-2	
RV1	* F-1	
TP1	* F-1	
TP2	* D-2	
TP3	* D-2	
TP4	* B-2	
* : B	SIDE	

TG-83/83P BOARD





注意:

- 1. DC電圧はデジタル電圧計にて測定。 (入力インピーダンス 10MΩ)
- 2. 波形および電圧の測定の時, 端子間が狭いので回路のショート には注意して下さい。
- 3. 基板を延長する時は、必ず電源を「OFF」の状態で行って下さい。

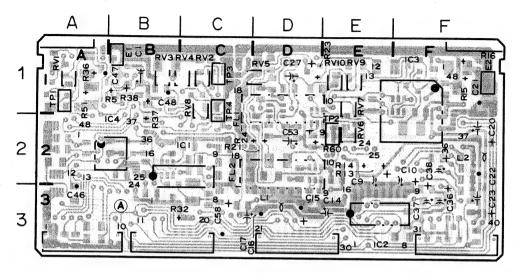
NOTE:

- 1. All voltage are measured with a digital voltmeter (input resistance 10 M Ω).
- 2. Since there is very narrow space between the pins, pay attention not to short-circuit when measuring the waveform and
- 3. When extending the board, be sure to turn OFF the power.

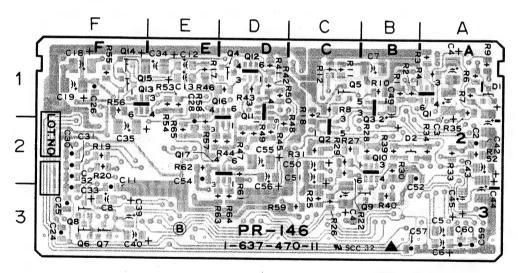
C-8

B-DXC151-TG83/M

PR-146 BOARD



PR-146 – A SIDE – 1-637-470-11 DXC-151 (UC,J) DXC-151P (EK)



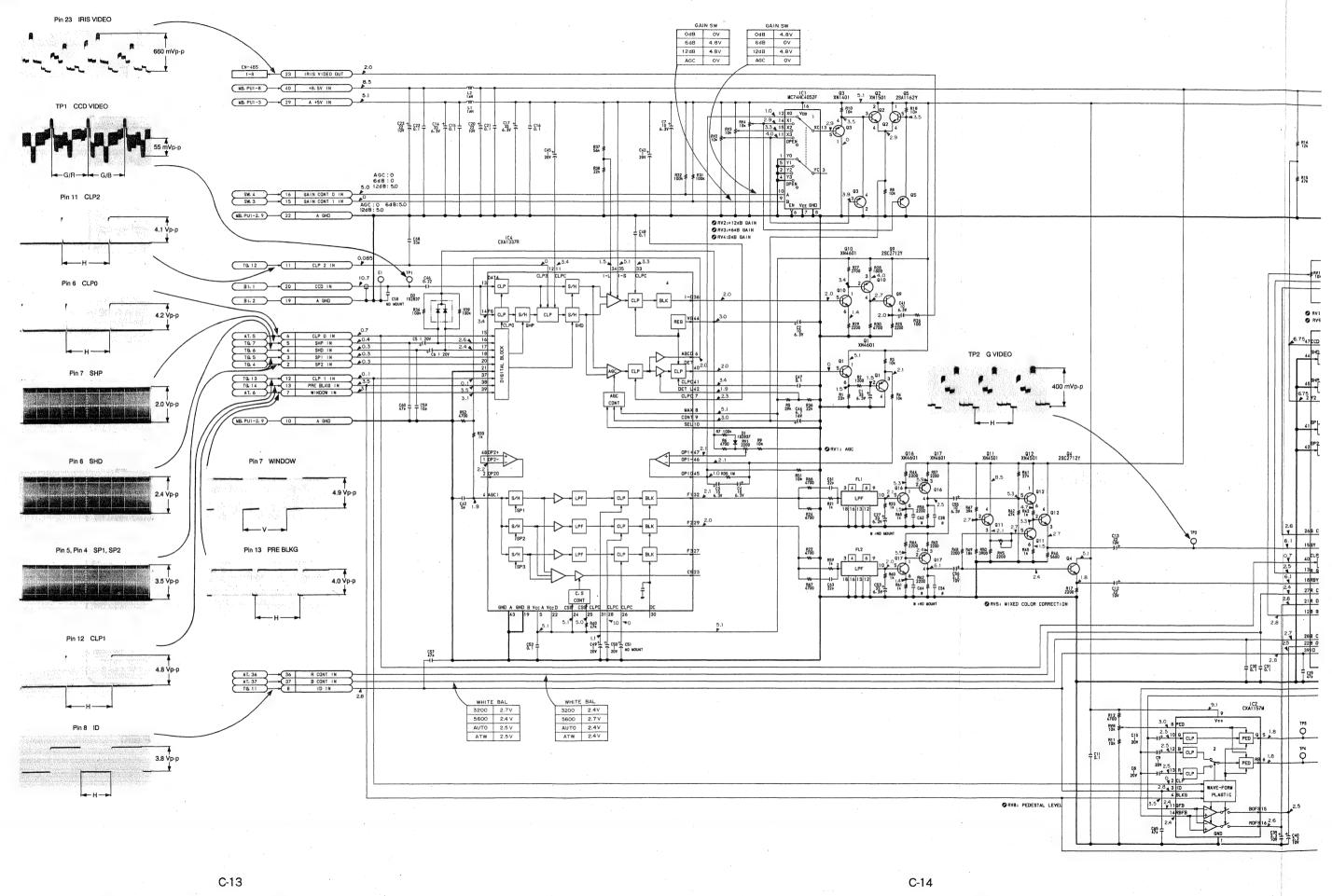
PR-146 - B SIDE -1-637-470-11 DXC-151 (UC,J) DXC-151P (EK)

PR-146	1-637-4	70-11
D1	* A-1	
D2	* B-2	
E1	B-1	
E2	F-1	
FL1	D-1	
FL2	D-2	
IC1	C-2	
IC2	E-3	
IC3	F-1	
IC4	B-2	
Q1	* A-1	
02	* C-2	
03	* B-1	
24	* D-1	
25	* C-1	
26	* F-3	
27	* F-3	
28	* F-3	
29	* B-3	
210	* B-2	
211 212	* D-1	
213	* F-1	
214	* F-1	
	* F-1	
216	* D-1	
217	* D-2	
RV1	A-1	
RV2	C-1	
RV3	B-1	
RV4	C-1	
RV5	D-1	
3V6	E-2	
₹V7	E-1	
RV8 RV9	C-1 E-1	
₹V10	E-1	
1410	F. I	
P1	A-1	
P2	E-2	
P3	C-1	
P4	C-1	

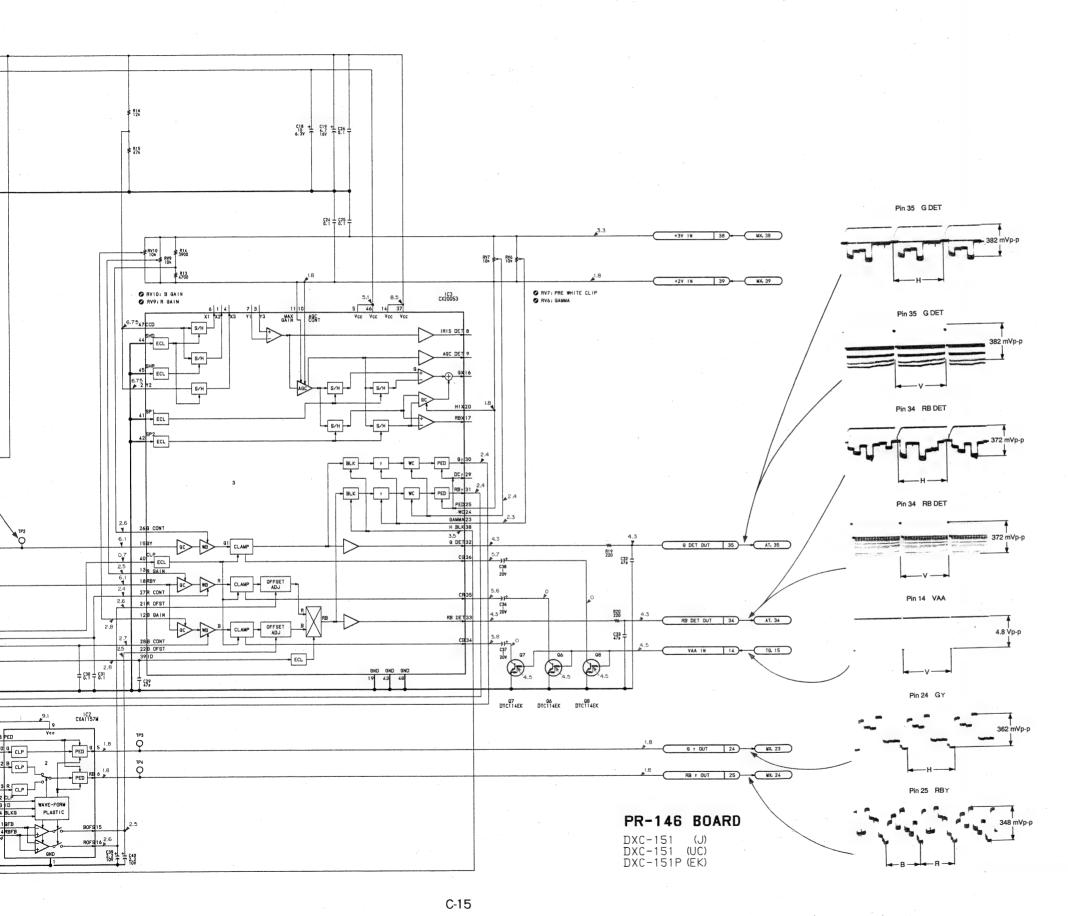
* : B SIDE

PR-146 BOARD

DXC 151 (UC, J) DXC 151P (EK)



Е



1. DC電圧はデジタル電圧計による値。 (入力インピーダンス 10MΩ)

2. 波形写真は下記条件で撮影。

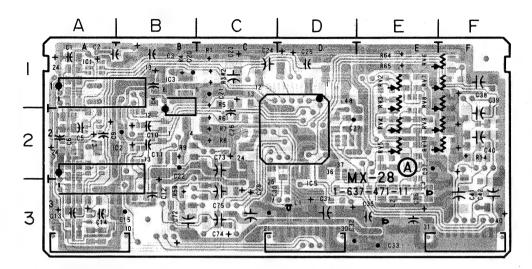
- PR-146基板, TP2にてカラーバーの白部分が400mVp-pにな るようレンズアイリスをセットする。 (F ≒ 5.6, 波形モニターで 100IRE)
- WHITE BAL スイッチ→ "3200" 位置
- GAIN スイッチ→ "0dB" 位置
- 3. 波形および電圧の測定の時,端子間が狭いので回路のショート には注意して下さい。
- 4. 基板を延長する時は、必ず電源を「OFF」の状態で行って下さい。

- 1. All voltage are dc, measured with a digital voltmeter (input resistance 10 $M\Omega$).
- 2. All waveforms are taken in conditions below.
 - Shoot the color bar pattern on the pattern box. Adjust lens iris so that a white level at TP2/PR-146 board is 400 mV. [F = 5.6, White level on the waveform monitor is 100 IRE (700 mV for PAL)]
 - Set the camera WHITE BAL switch to "3200".
- . Set the camera GAIN switch to "0 dB".
- 3. Since there is very narrow space between the pins, pay attention not to short-circuit when measuring the waveform and
- 4. When extending the board, be sure to turn OFF the power.

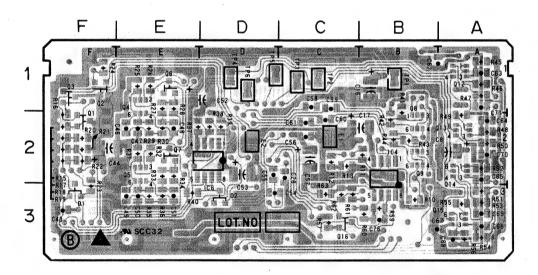
C-16

B-DXC151-PR146/M

MX-28 BOARD



MX-28 - A SIDE -1-637-471-11 DXC-151 (UC J) DXC-151P (EK)

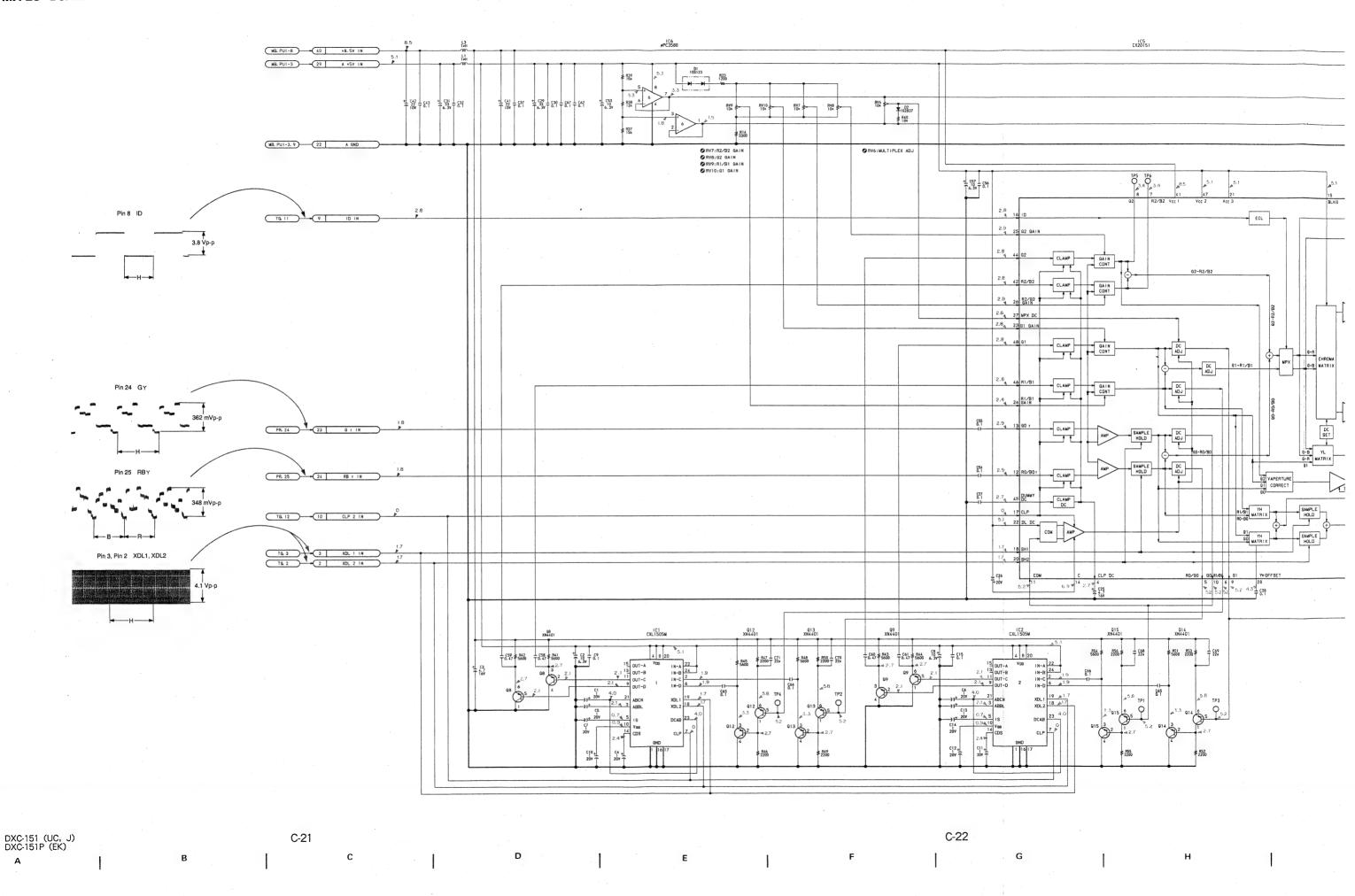


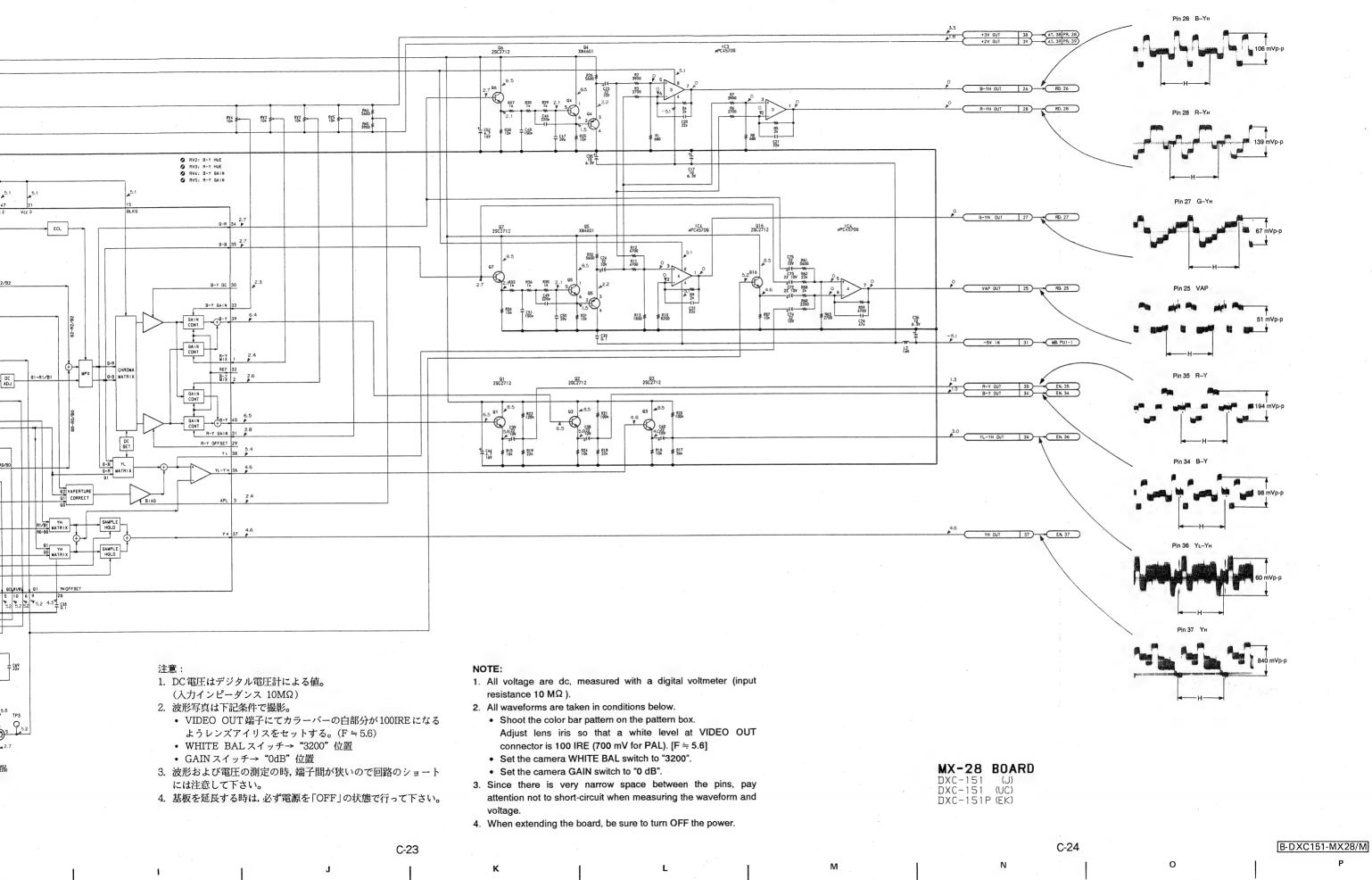
MX-28 - B SIDE -1-637-471-11 DXC-151 (UC,J) DXC-151P (EK)

MX-28	1-637-471-11
D1	* F-2
D2	* D-3
E1	* C-2
E2	* D-2
IC1	A-1
IC2	A-2
IC3	B-1
IC4	* B-2
IC5	D-2
IC6	* D-2
Q1	* F-2
Q2	* F-1
Q3	* F-1
Q4	* E-1
Q5	* E-2
Q6	* E-1
Q7	* E-2
Q8	* B-1
Q9	* B-2
Q12	* A-1
Q13	* A-2
Q14	* A-2
Q15	* A-3
Q16	* C-3
RV2	E-1
RV3	E-1
RV4	E-2
RV5	E-2
RV6	F-1
RV7	F-1
RV8	F-1
RV9	F-2
TP1	* B-1
TP2	* C-1
TP3	* C-1
TP4	* D-1
TP5	* D-1
TP6	* D-1

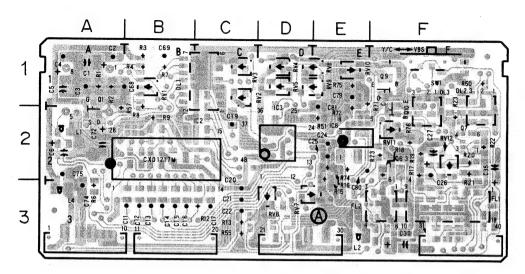
* : B SIDE

MX-28 BOARD

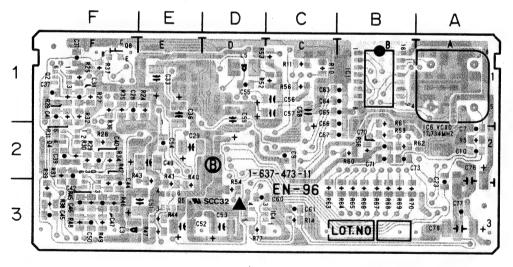




EN-96/96P BOARD



EN-96/96P - A SIDE - 1-637-473-11 DXC-151 (UC, J) DXC-151P (EK)

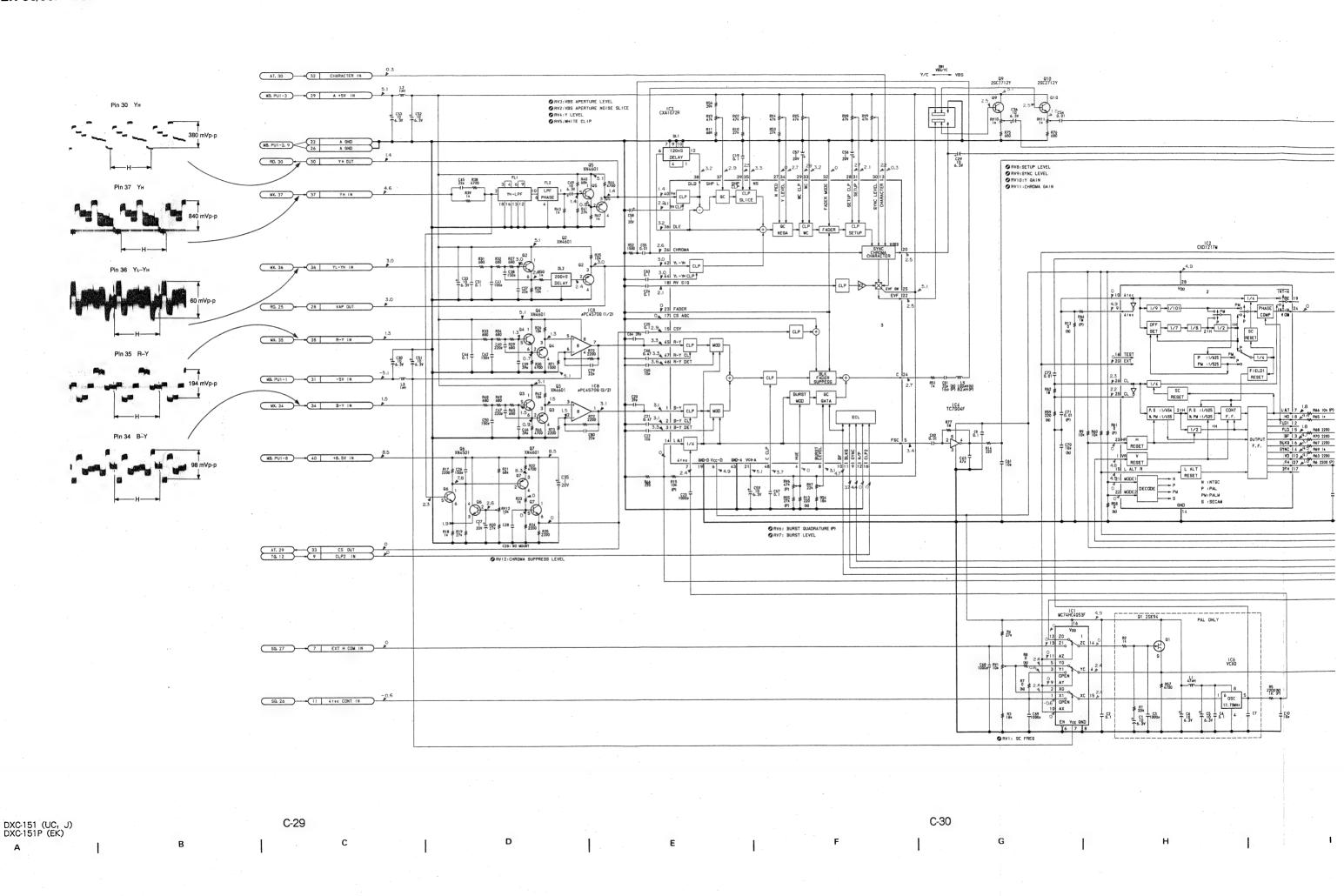


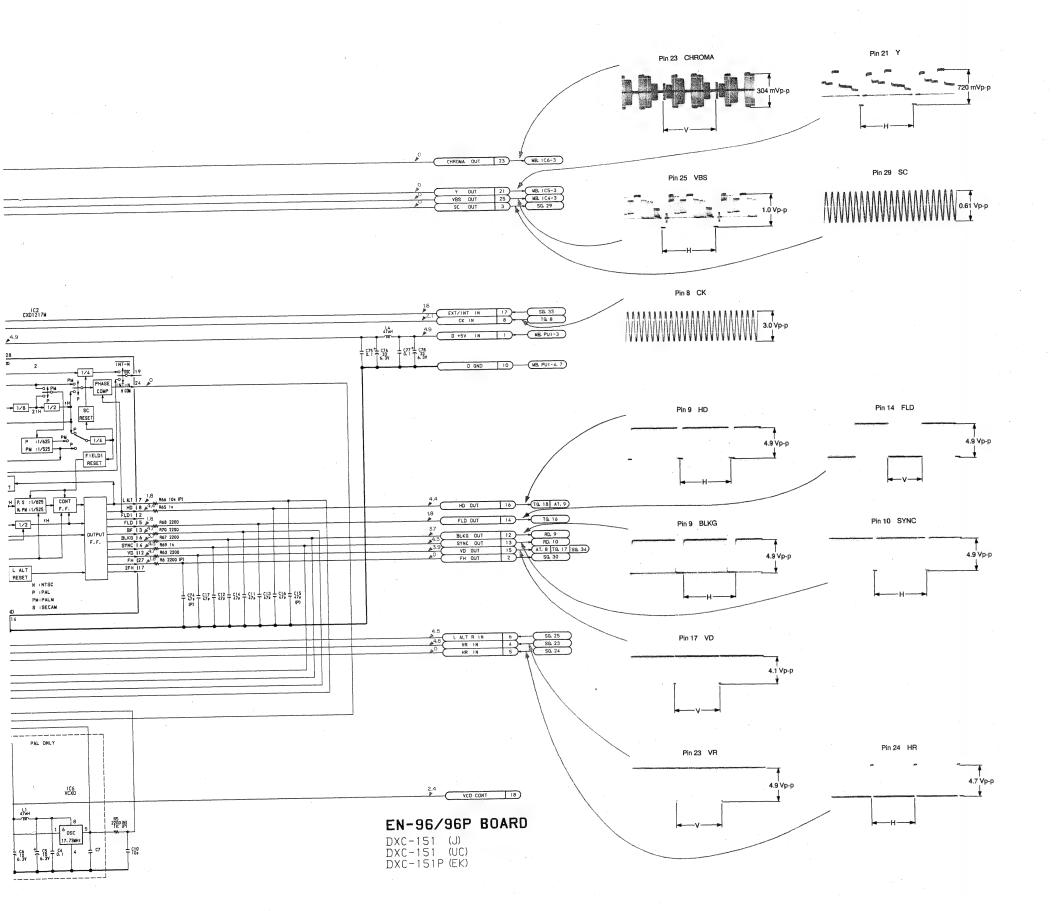
EN-96/96P – B SIDE – 1-637-473-11 DXC-151 (UC,J) DXC-151P (EK)

EN-96/96P 1-637-473-11 DL1 C-1 DL2 F-1 DL3 F-1 FL1 F-3 FL2 F-3 IC1 * B-1 IC2 B-2 IC3 D-2 IC4 * C-3 IC6(P) IC8(N) * A-1 IC8(P) F-2 Q1(P) Q2 * F-1 Q3 Q4 Q5 * E-3 Q6 F-2 **Q**7 F-2 **Q8 Q**9 F-1 Q10 F-1 RV1 B-1 RV2 C-1 RV3 C-1 RV4 D-1 RV5 D-1 RV6(P) D-3 RV7 D-3 RV8 E-1 RV9 E-1 RV10 E-1 RV11 F-2 SW1 F-1

* : B SIDE

EN-96/96P BOARD





- 1. DC電圧はデジタル電圧計による値。 (入力インピーダンス 10MΩ)
- 2. 波形写真は下記条件で撮影。
 - VIDEO OUT端子にてカラーバーの白部分が 100IRE になる ようレンズアイリスをセットする。(F≒5.6)
- WHITE BAL スイッチ→ "3200" 位置
- GAIN スイッチ→ "0dB" 位置
- 3. 波形および電圧の測定の時,端子間が狭いので回路のショート には注意して下さい。
- 4. 基板を延長する時は、必ず電源を「OFF」の状態で行って下さい。

NOTE:

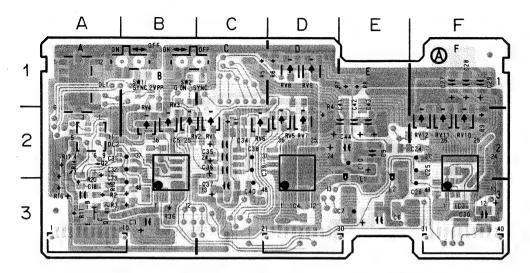
- 1. All voltage are dc, measured with a digital voltmeter (input resistance 10 $M\Omega$).
- 2. All waveforms are taken in conditions below.
 - Shoot the color bar pattern on the pattern box. Adjust lens iris so that a white level at VIDEO OUT connector is 100 IRE (700 mV for PAL). [F ≒ 5.6]
 - Set the camera WHITE BAL switch to "3200".
 - Set the camera GAIN switch to "0 dB".
- 3. Since there is very narrow space between the pins, pay attention not to short-circuit when measuring the waveform and
- 4. When extending the board, be sure to turn OFF the power.

C-32

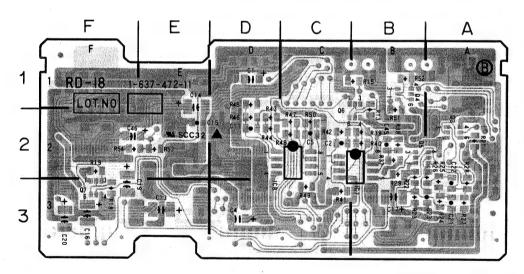
B-DXC151-EN96/M

C-31

RD-18 BOARD



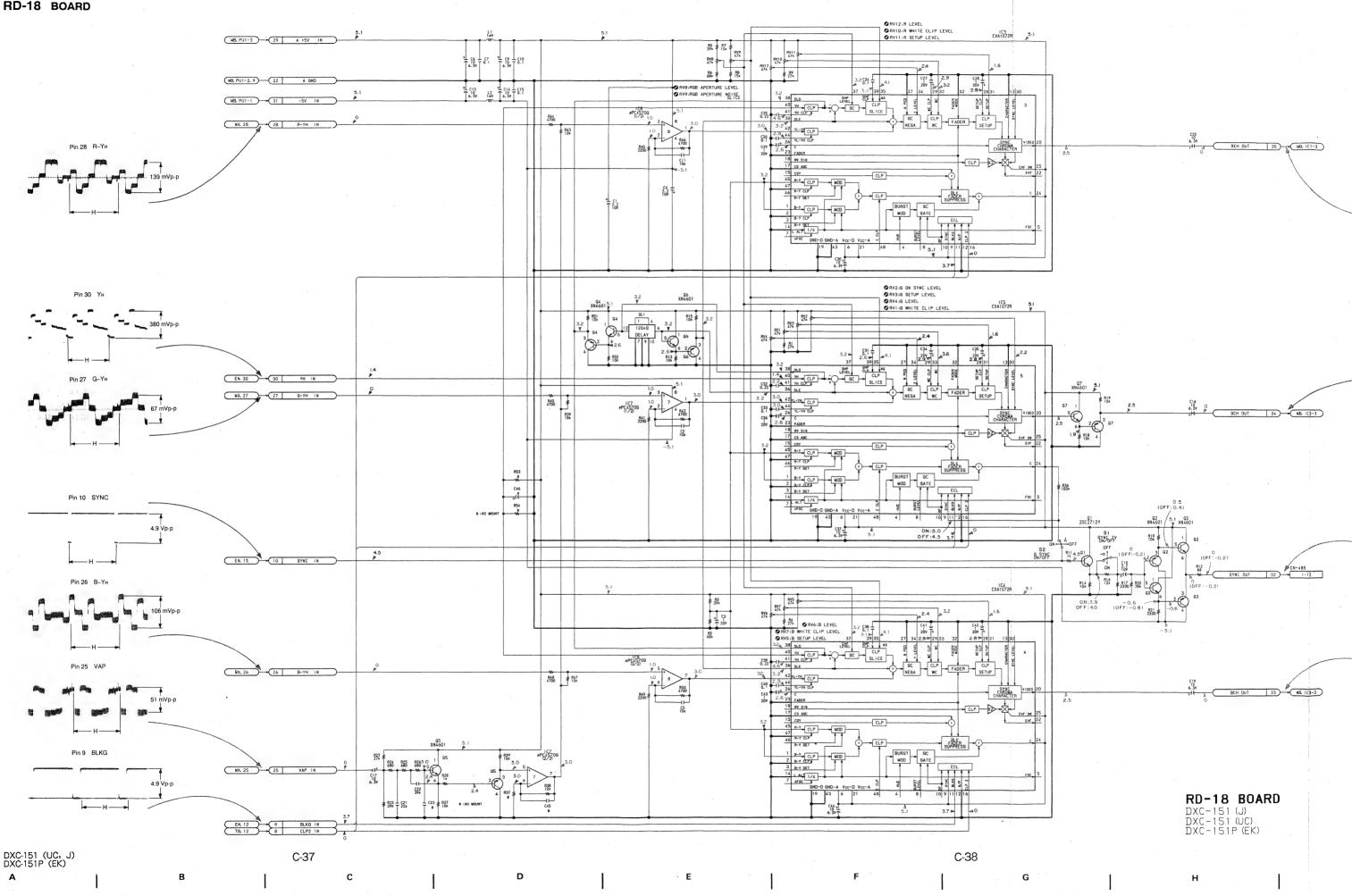
RD-18 – A SIDE – 1-637-472-11 DXC-151 (UC,J) DXC-151P (EK)

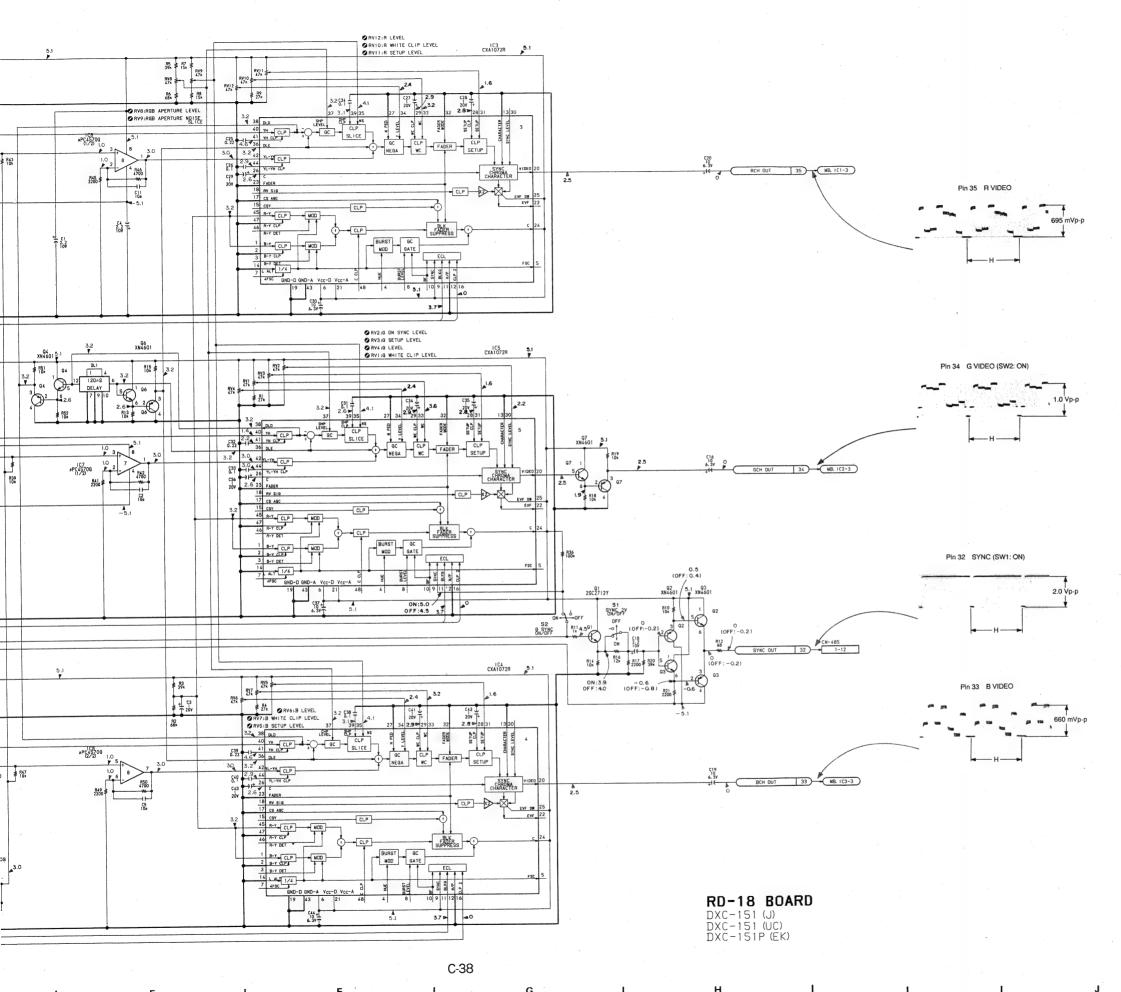


RD-18 – B SIDE – 1-637-472-11 DXC-151 (UC,J) DXC-151P (EK)

RD-18 1-637-472-11	
DL1	A-1
DL2	A-2
IC3	F-2
IC4	D-2
IC5	B-2
IC7	* B-3
IC8	* C-3
Q1	A-3
02	A-2
Q3	* A-2
Q4	* B-1
Q5	* B-2
Q6	* B-2
Q7	* F-3
RV1	C-2
RV2	B-2
RV3	B-2
RV4	B-2
RV5	D-2
RV6	C-2
RV7	D-2
RV8	D-1
RV9	D-1
RV10 RV11	F-2 F-2
RV12	F-2
11412	1-2
SW1	B-1
SW2	B-1
*:B	SIDE

RD-18 BOARD





注意

- 1. DC電圧はデジタル電圧計による値。 (入力インピーダンス 10MΩ)
- 2. 波形写真は下記条件で撮影。
 - VIDEO OUT 端子にてカラーバーの白部分が100IREになるようレンズアイリスをセットする。(F ≒ 5.6)
 - WHITE BAL スイッチ→ "3200" 位置
 - GAIN スイッチ→ "0dB" 位置
- 3. 波形および電圧の測定の時,端子間が狭いので回路のショートには注意して下さい。
- 4. 基板を延長する時は、必ず電源を「OFF」の状態で行って下さい。

NOTE

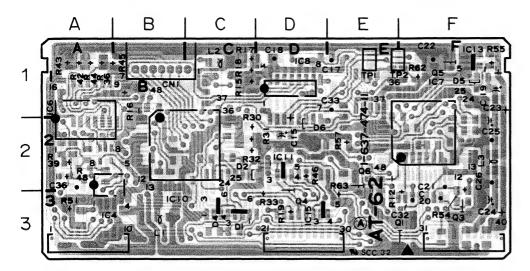
- 1. All voltage are dc, measured with a digital voltmeter (input resistance 10 $M\Omega$).
- 2. All waveforms are taken in conditions below.
 - Shoot the color bar pattern on the pattern box.
 Adjust lens iris so that a white level at VIDEO OUT connector is 100 IRE (700 mV for PAL). [F = 5.6]
 - Set the camera WHITE BAL switch to "3200".
 - Set the camera GAIN switch to "0 dB".
- Since there is very narrow space between the pins, pay attention not to short-circuit when measuring the waveform and voltage.
- 4. When extending the board, be sure to turn OFF the power.

B-DXC151-RD18/M

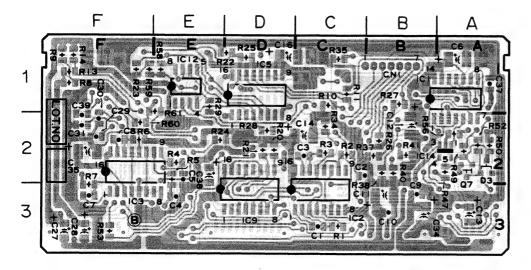
C-39

E

AT-62 BOARD



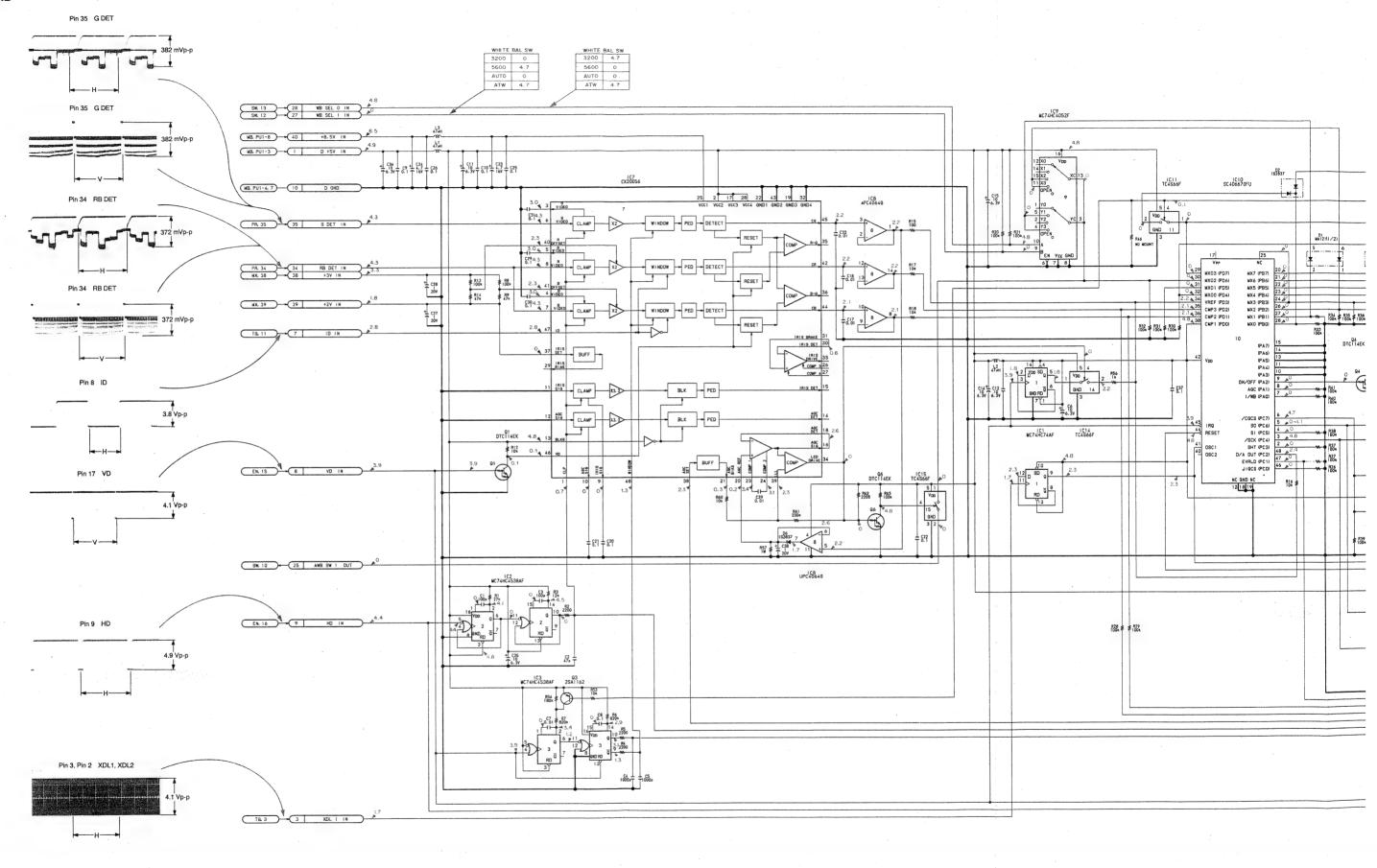
AT-62 – A SIDE – 1-637-474-11 DXC-151 (UC,J) DXC-151P (EK)



AT-62 – B SIDE – 1-637-474-11 DXC-151 (UC, J) DXC-151P (EK)

AT-62 1-637-474-11	
CN1	B-1
D1	C-1
D2	C-2
D3 -	* A-2
D4	C-3
D5	F-1
D6	D-2
IC1	* A-1
IC2	* C-3
IC3	* F-2
IC4	A-2
IC5	* D-1
IC6	A-1
IC7	D-2
IC8	D-1
IC9	* D-3
IC10	B-2
IC11	D-2
IC12	* E-1
IC13	F-1
IC14	* A-2
IC15	D-3
Q1 Q2	F-3
Q3	F-3
Q4	D-2
Q5	F-1
Q6	E-2
40	
TP1	E-1
TP2	E-1
* : B	SIDE

AT-62 BOARD

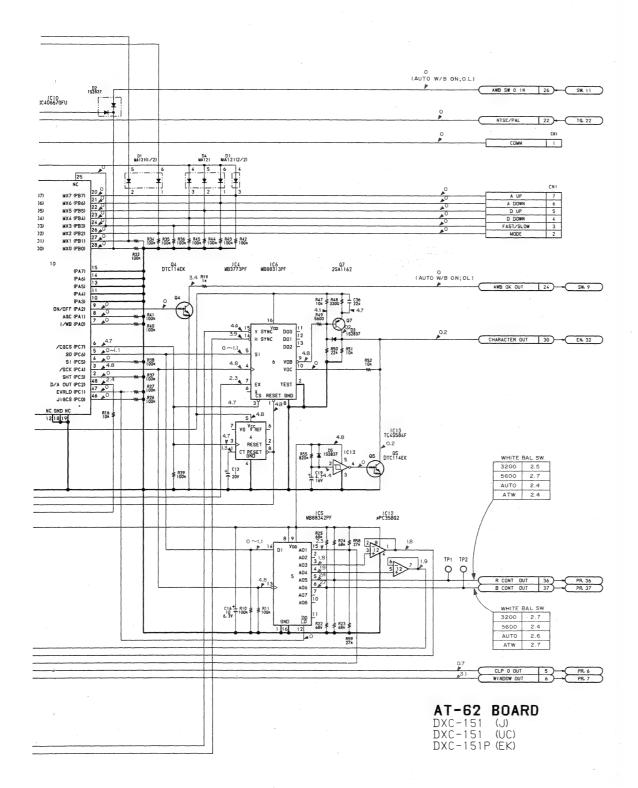


DXC151 (UC. J)
DXC151P (EK)

B

C-44

C | D | E | G | H |



汪.意

- 1. DC電圧はデジタル電圧計による値。 (入力インピーダンス $10M\Omega$)
- 2. 波形写真は下記条件で撮影。
 - VIDEO OUT端子にてカラーバーの白部分が100IREになるようレンズアイリスをセットする。(F = 5.6)
- WHITE BALスイッチ→ "3200" 位置
- GAIN スイッチ→ "OdB" 位置
- 3. 波形および電圧の測定の時、端子間が狭いので回路のショートには注意して下さい。
- 4. 基板を延長する時は、必ず電源を「OFF」の状態で行って下さい。

NOTE:

- 1. All voltage are dc, measured with a digital voltmeter (inpu resistance 10 $M\Omega$).
- 2. All waveforms are taken in conditions below.
 - Shoot the color bar pattern on the pattern box.
 Adjust lens iris so that a white level at VIDEO OUT connector is 100 IRE (700 mV for PAL). [F = 5.6]
 - Set the camera WHITE BAL switch to "3200".
 - Set the camera GAIN switch to "0 dB".
- Since there is very narrow space between the pins, pay attention not to short-circuit when measuring the waveform and voltage.
- 4. When extending the board, be sure to turn OFF the power.

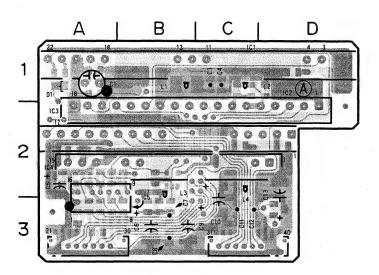
C-45

M

N

С

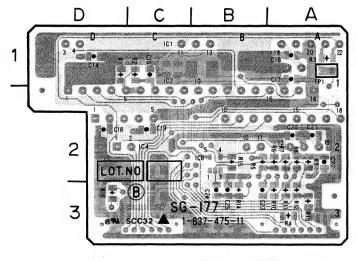
SG-177/177P BOARD



SG-177/177P - A SIDE - 1-637-472-11 DXC-151 (UC,J) DXC-151P (EK)

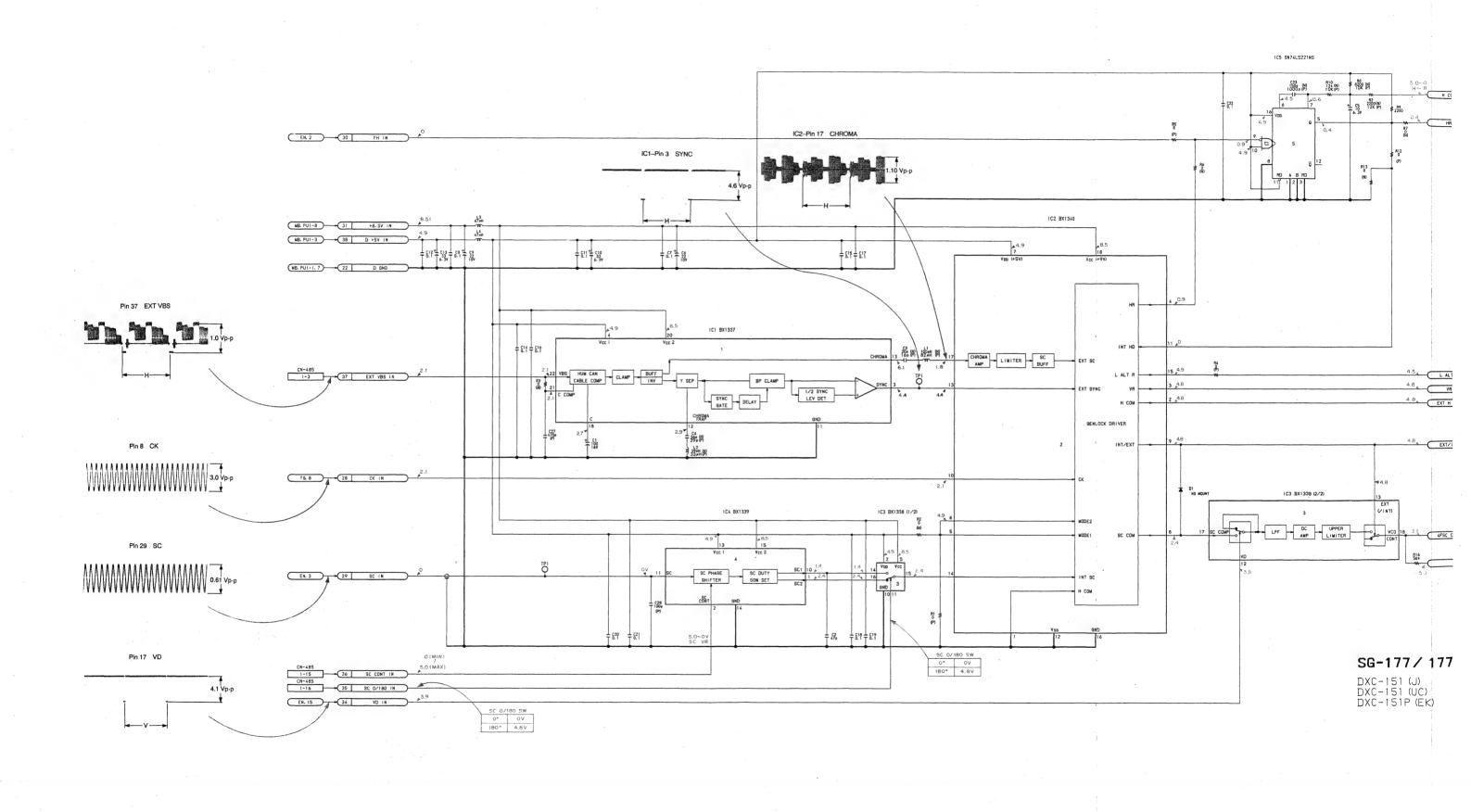
SG-177/177P 1-637-475-11 IC1 A-1 IC2 A-1 IC3 A-2 IC4 A-2 IC5 A-2 IC6 * B-2 TP1 * A-1

* : B SIDE



SG-177/177P - B SIDE - 1-637-472-11 DXC-151 (UC,J) DXC-151P (EK)

SG-177/177P BOARD



C-52

C-51

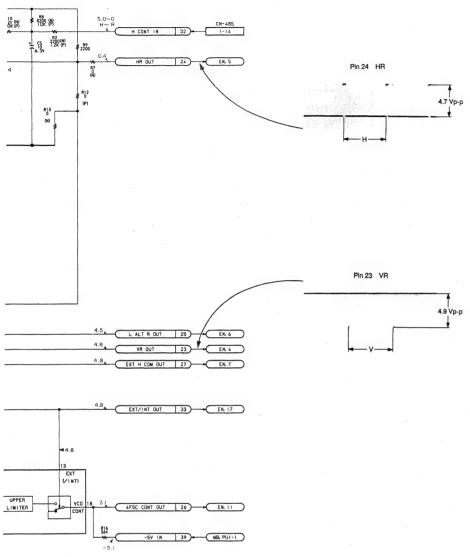
C-52

C-52

C-51

C-52

C-52



SG-177/177P BOARD

DXC-151 (J) DXC-151 (UC) DXC-151P (EK)

注意:

- 1. DC電圧はデジタル電圧計による値。 (入力インピーダンス 10MΩ)
- 2. 波形写真はGENLOCK IN端子よりカラーバー信号を入力する。
- 3. 波形および電圧の測定の時, 端子間が狭いので回路のショート には注意して下さい。
- 4. 基板を延長する時は、必ず電源を「OFF」の状態で行って下さい。

NOTE:

C-53

- 1. All voltage are dc, measured with a digital voltmeter (input
- 2. All waveforms are taken in conditions below.
- Supply a color bar signal to the GENLOCK connector.
- 3. Since there is very narrow space between the pins, pay attention not to short-circuit when measuring the waveform and voltage.
- 4. When extending the board, be sure to turn OFF the power.

B-DXC151-SG177/M

C-54

0

CN-485 1-637-477-11

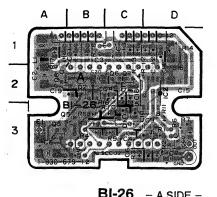
B3 A-1

* C-1

SW1 * D-1

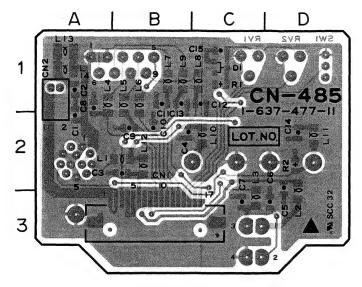
* : B SIDE

CN-485 BOARD



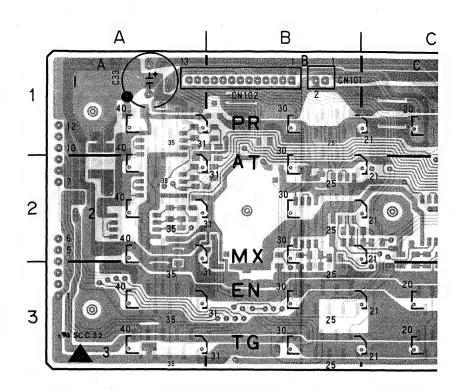
GND GND	
BI-26 - A SIDE - 1-630-679-12 DXC-151 (UC,J) DXC-151P (EK)	

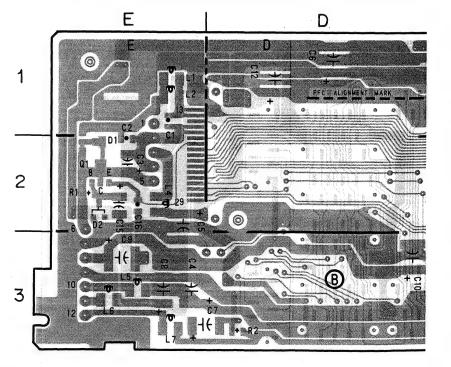
BI-26	1-630-679-11
D1	B-1
IC2	B-1
Q1	B-1
Q2	A-1
Q3	A-1
Q4	A-1
Q5	A-1
Q6	B-1
Q 7	B-1
Q8	A-1



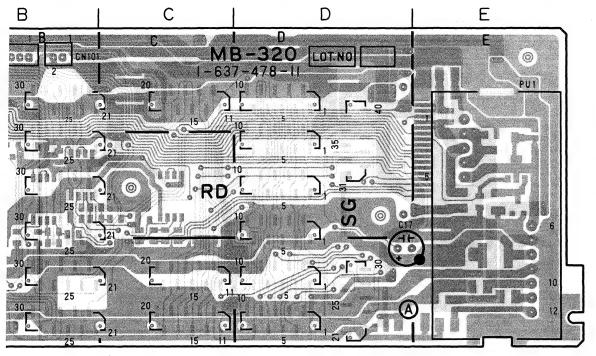
CN-485 – A SIDE – 1-637-477-11 DXC-151 (UC,J) DXC-151P (EK)

MB-320 BOARD

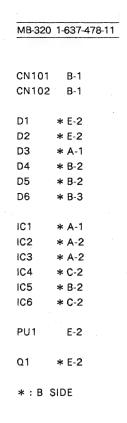


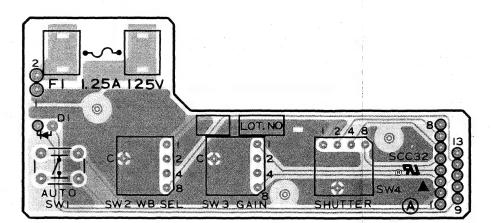


SW-439/439P BOARD

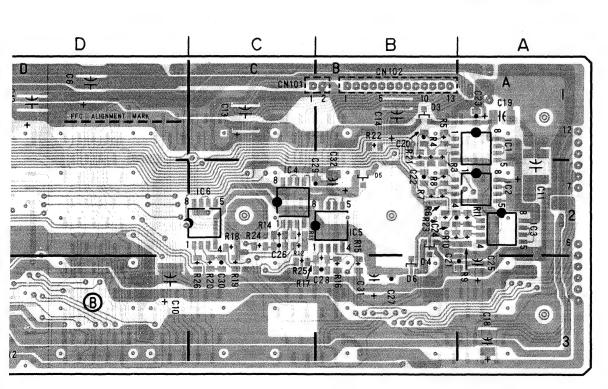


MB-320 - A SIDE -1-637-478-11 DXC-151 (UC.J) DXC-151P (EK)

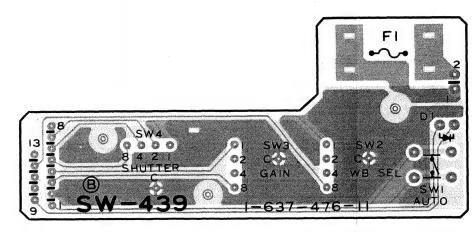




SW-439/439P - A SIDE - 1-637-476-11 DXC-151 (UC,J) DXC-151P (EK)



MB-320 - B SIDE -1-637-478-11 DXC-151 (UC,J) DXC-151P (EK)



SW-439/439P - B SIDE - 1-637-476-11 DXC-151 (UC, J) DXC-151P (EK)

C-57

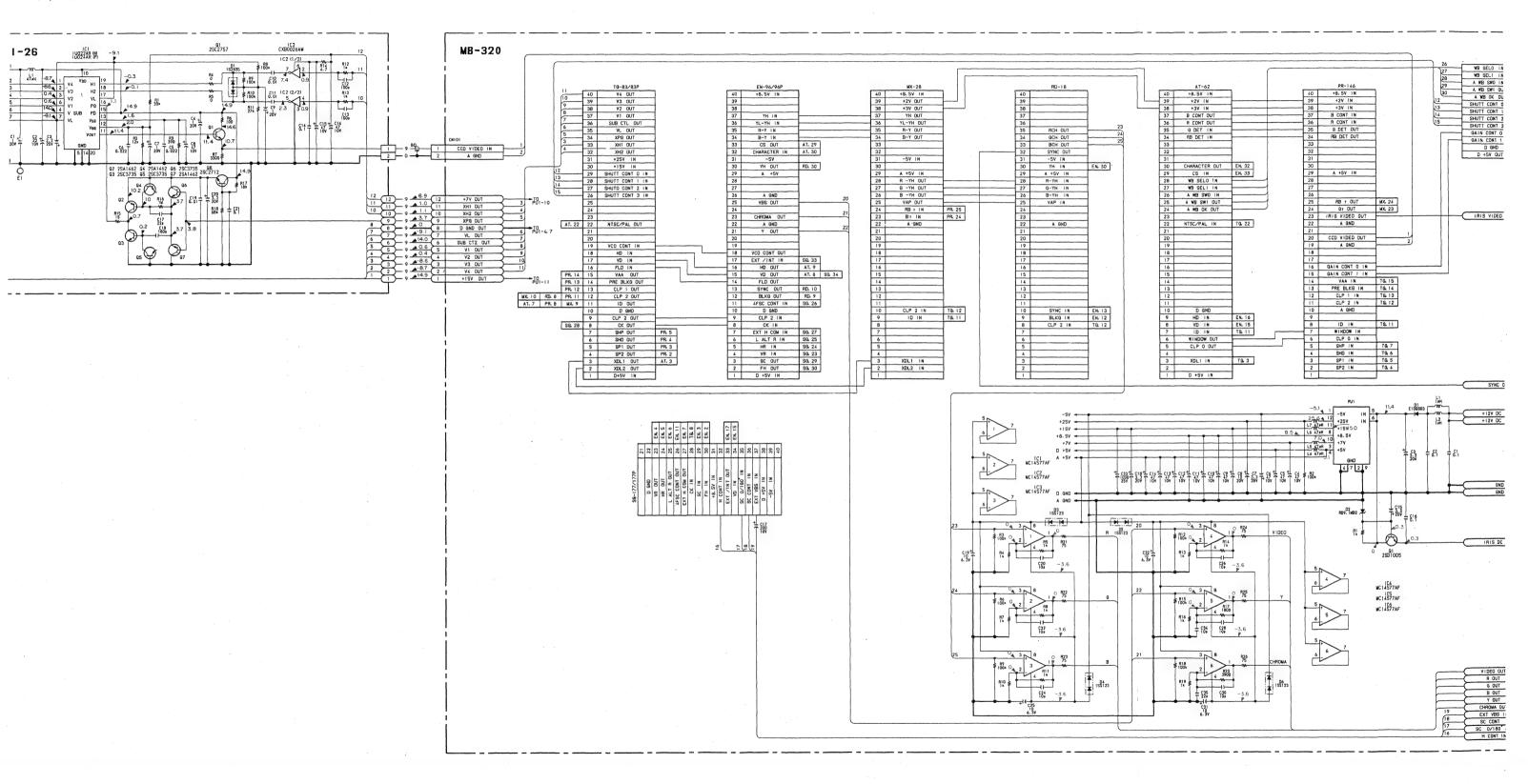
AME WIRING

I-26 BOARD

:N-485 BOARD

1B-320 BOARD

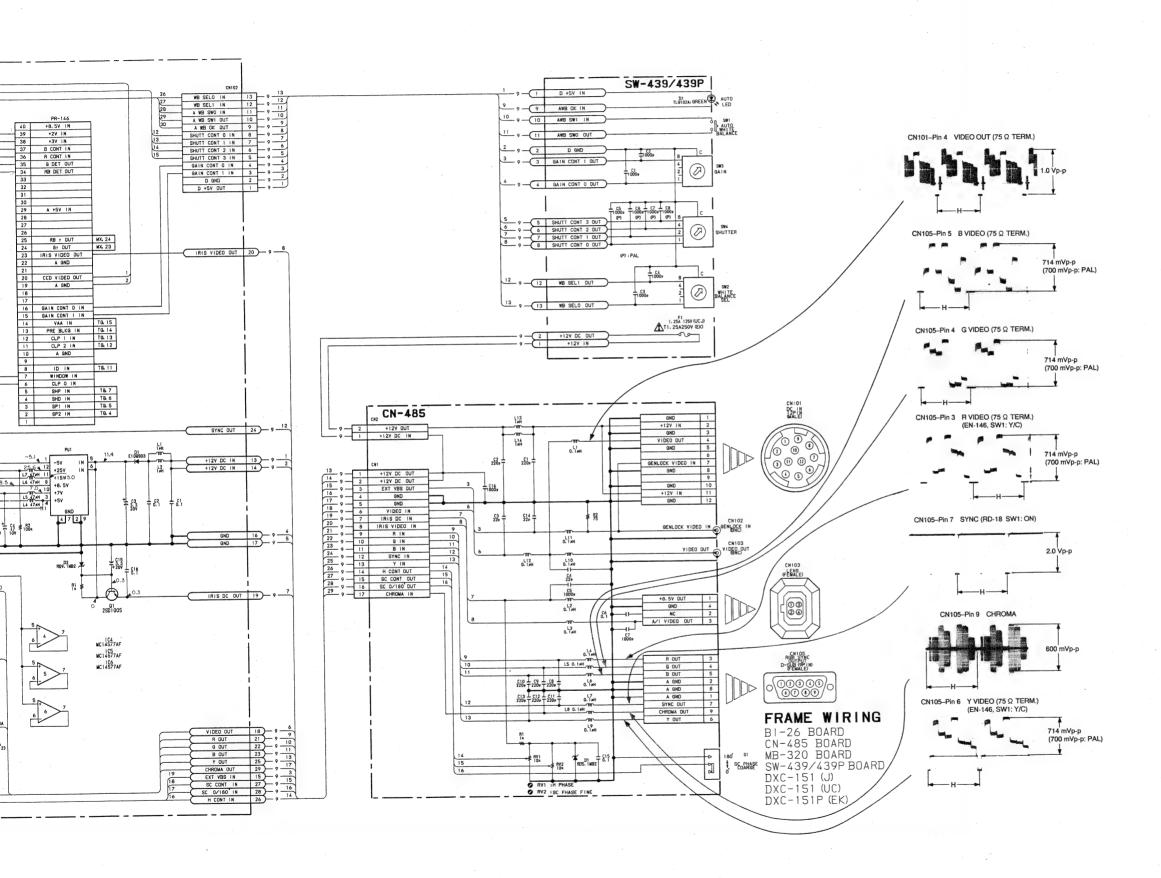
W-439/439P BOARD



(C-151 (UC, J) (C-151P (EK)

C-59

C-60



注意:

- 1. DC電圧はデジタル電圧計による値。 (入力インピーダンス $10M\Omega$)
- 2. 波形写真は下記条件で撮影。
 - VIDEO OUT端子にてカラーバーの白部分が 100IRE になる ようレンズアイリスをセットする。(F≒5.6)
 - WHITE BAL スイッチ→ "3200" 位置
 - GAIN スイッチ→ "0dB" 位置
- 3. 波形および電圧の測定の時,端子間が狭いので回路のショート には注意して下さい。
- 4. 基板を延長する時は、必ず電源を「OFF」の状態で行って下さい。
- 5. △印の部品は安全性を維持するために重要な部品です。従って 交換する時は必ず指定の部品を使って下さい。

- 1. All voltage are dc, measured with a digital voltmeter (input resistance 10 $\mbox{M}\Omega$).
- 2. All waveforms are taken in conditions below.
 - Shoot the color bar pattern on the pattern box. Adjust lens iris so that a white level at VIDEO OUT connector is 100 IRE (700 mV for PAL). [F = 5.6]
 - Set the camera WHITE BAL switch to "3200".
- Set the camera GAIN switch to "0 dB".
- 3. Since there is very narrow space between the pins, pay attention not to short-circuit when measuring the waveform and
- 4. When extending the board, be sure to turn OFF the power.
- 5. The ${\ensuremath{ \Lambda}}$ marked components are critical to safety. Replace only with same components as specified.

C-62

B-DXC151-FRAME/M

C-61

SECTION D SPARE PARTS

PARTS INFORMATION

1. Safety Related Component Warning

Components identified by shading marked with \triangle on the schematic diagrams, exploded views and electrical spare parts list are critical to safe operation. Replace these components with Sony parts whose parts numbers appear as shown in this manual or in service manual supplements published by Sony.

- 2. Replace parts that are supplied from Sony Parts Center can sometimes have different shape and external appearance than what are actually used in equipment. This is due to accommodating the improved parts and/or engineering changes or standardization of genuine parts."
 - This manual's exploded view and electrical spare parts lists are indicating the parts numbers of "the standardized genuine parts at present."
 - Regarding engineering parts and diagrams changes in our engineering department, refer to Sony service bulletins and service manual supplements.
- 3. The parts marked with "S" in the SP column of the exploded views and electrical spare parts list are normally required for routine service work. Orders for parts marked with "O" will be processed, but allow for additional delivery time.
- 4. Item with no parts number and/or no description are not stocked because they are seldom required for routine service.

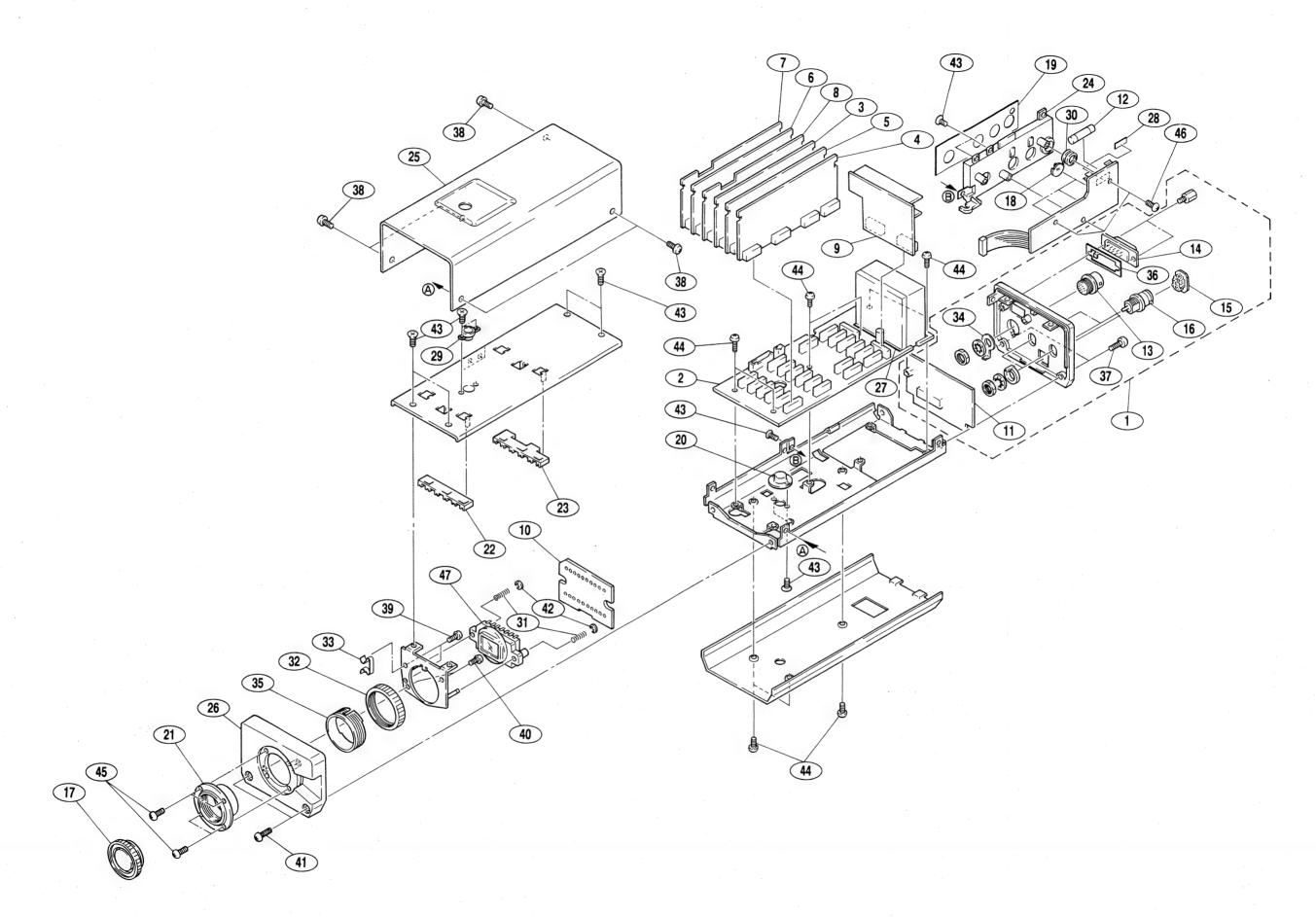
5. Abbreviation

All capacitors are in micro farads unless otherwise specified. All inductors are in micro henries unless otherwise specified. All resistors are in ohms.

EXPLODED VIEW

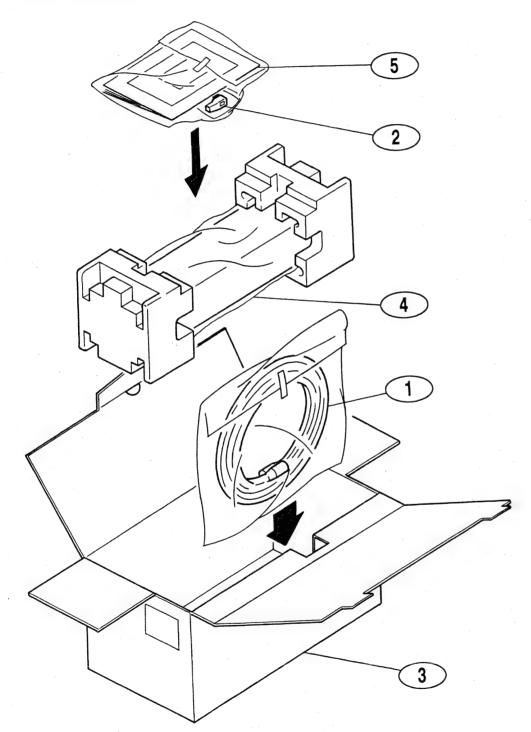
```
Part No.
                     SP Description
      A-7420-194-A o PANEL SUB ASSY, REAR
      A-7515-244-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, MB-320
      A-7515-245-A O MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, MX-28
 3
       A-7515-246-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, TG-83
                                                          (DXC-151)
      A-7515-252-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, TG-83P
                                                         (DXC-151P)
      A-7515-247-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, EN-96
                                                           (DXC-151)
       A-7515-253-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, EN-96P
                                                         (DXC-151P)
       A-7515-248-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, AT-62
       A-7515-249-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, PR-146
       A-7515-250-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, RD-18
       A-7515-251-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, SG-177
                                                          (DXC-151)
       A-7515-254-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, SG-177P
                                                         (DXC-151P)
       A-7520-429-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, BI-26
       A-7520-530-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, CN-485
11
12 ⚠ 1-532-285-00 s FUSE, TIME-LAG 1.25A (DXC-151P)

⚠ 1-532-741-11 s FUSE, GLASS TUBE 1.25A (DXC-151)
       1-562-381-00 s CONNECTOR, ROUND TYPE 12P
1-580-090-11 s SOCKET, D-SUB CONNECTOR 9P
13
14
       1-580-172-11 s CONNECTOR, MICRO (RECEPTACLE) 4P
15
       1-580-724-11 s CONNECTOR, BNC
17
       2-042-385-00 s CAP, C MOUNT
       3-167-311-01 s KNOB
18
       3-167-312-01 o LABEL
19
       3-167-313-01 o SCREW (B), TRIPOD
20
21
       3-167-315-01 o MOUNT, C
       3-167-318-01 s RETAINER (B), PC BOARD 3-167-319-01 s RETAINER (A), PC BOARD
22
23
       3-167-320-01 o PANEL, SWITCH
24
       3-167-323-01 o COVER
       3-167-325-01 o PANEL, FRONT
       3-167-756-01 s SHEET, INSULATING, DD
3-168-700-01 o LABEL, FUSE RATING (DXC-151P)
3-670-518-00 o SCREW, TRIPOD
27
28
29
30
       3-676-244-00 s COVER, SWITCH
31
       3-698-802-01 o SPRING, COMPRESSION
32
       3-698-814-01 o RING, ADJUSTMENT
       3-715-187-01 o SPRING (B), PLATE
33
34
       3-718-804-01 o LUG, GROUND
       3-737-502-01 o RING, SLIDE
       3\text{--}737\text{--}536\text{--}01 o LUG, GROUND, CONNECTOR 7\text{--}621\text{--}259\text{--}55 s SCREW +P 2.6X8
36
37
38
       7-621-772-10 s SCREW +B 2X4
       7-621-772-50 s SCREW +B 2X10
       7-621-773-95 s SCREW +B 2.6X6
       7-621-775-70 s SCREW +B 2.6X14
7-624-102-04 s STOP RING 1.5, TYPE -E
41
42
       7-627-452-28 s SCREW, PRECISION +K 2X4
       7-627-553-48 s SCREW, PRECISION +P 2X4
44
       7-627-556-08 s SCREW +P 2.6X2.8
45
       7-685-104-19 s SCREW +P 2X6 TYPE2 NON-SLIT
       8-750-013-08 s IU022AR-10C (DXC-151)
       8-753-013-09 s IU024AR-10C (DXC-151P)
```



Part No. SP Description

- 1-557-668-51 s CABLE, DC POWER (4 CORE)
 1-580-173-11 s CONNECTOR, MICRO (PLUG) 4P
 3-168-377-01 o INDIVIDUAL CARTON (DXC-151)
 3-168-378-01 o INDIVIDUAL CARTON (DXC-151P)
 3-701-623-00 s BAG, POLYETHYLENE
 3-752-644-11 s MANUAL, INSTRUCTION



ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

RESISTOR, CHIP		RESISTOR, CHIP			
Part No. SP Description	on	Part No. SP	Description		
1-216-295-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-298-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-302-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-304-11 s RES, CHIP 1-216-306-11 s RES, CHIP	2.2 5% 1/10W 2.7 5% 1/10W 3.3 5% 1/10W	1-216-095-00 s 1-216-097-00 s 1-216-099-00 s	RES, CHIP 68k 5 RES, CHIP 82k 5 RES, CHIP 100k 5 RES, CHIP 120k 5 RES, CHIP 150k 5	% 1/10W % 1/10W % 1/10W	
1-216-308-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-309-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-311-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-313-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-001-00 s RES, CHIP	5.6 5% 1/10W 6.8 5% 1/10W 8.2 5% 1/10W	1-216-105-00 s 1-216-107-00 s	RES, CHIP 180k 5 RES, CHIP 220k 5 RES, CHIP 270k 5 RES, CHIP 330k 5 RES, CHIP 390k 5	% 1/10W % 1/10W	
1-216-003-11 s RES, CHIP 1-216-005-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-007-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-009-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-011-00 s RES, CHIP	15 5% 1/10W 18 5% 1/10W 22 5% 1/10W	1-216-115-00 s 1-216-117-00 s 1-216-119-00 s	RES, CHIP 470k 5 RES, CHIP 560k 5 RES, CHIP 680k 5 RES, CHIP 820k 5 RES, CHIP 1.0M 5	% 1/10\ % 1/10\ % 1/10\ % 1/10\	
1-216-013-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-015-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-017-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-019-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-021-00 s RES, CHIP	39 5% 1/10W 47 5% 1/10W 56 5% 1/10W	1-216-125-00 s 1-216-127-11 s 1-216-129-00 s	RES, CHIP 1.2M 5 RES, CHIP 1.5M 5 RES, CHIP 1.8M 5 RES, CHIP 2.2M 5 RES, CHIP 2.7M 5	% 1/10W % 1/10W % 1/10W	
1-216-023-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-025-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-027-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-029-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-031-00 s RES, CHIP	100 5% 1/10W 120 5% 1/10W 150 5% 1/10W	1-216-133-00 s		% 1/10W	
1-216-033-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-035-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-037-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-039-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-041-00 s RES, CHIP	270 5% 1/10W 330 5% 1/10W 390 5% 1/10W	1-163-083-00 s 1-163-085-00 s 1-163-087-00 s	Description CAP, CHIP CERAMIC CAP, CHIP CERAMIC CAP, CHIP CERAMIC CAP, CHIP CERAMIC	2pF + 4pF +	-0.25pF 50V
1-216-043-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-045-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-047-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-049-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-051-00 s RES, CHIP	680 5% 1/10W 820 5% 1/10W 1k 5% 1/10W	1-163-091-00 s 1-163-093-00 s 1-163-097-00 s 1-163-101-00 s	CAP, CHIP CERAMIC	8pF 10pF 15pF 22pF	+-0.5pF 50V 5% 50V 5% 50V 5% 50V
1-216-053-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-055-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-057-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-059-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-061-00 s RES, CHIP	1.8k 5% 1/10\ 2.2k 5% 1/10\ 2.7k 5% 1/10\	1-163-109-00 s 1-163-113-00 s 1-163-117-00 s 1-163-121-00 s	CAP, CHIP CERAMIC CAP, CHIP CERAMIC CAP, CHIP CERAMIC CAP, CHIP CERAMIC	47pF 68pF 100pF 150pF	5% 50V 5% 50V 5% 50V 5% 50V 5% 50V
1-216-063-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-065-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-067-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-069-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-071-00 s RES, CHIP	4.7k 5% 1/10W 5.6k 5% 1/10W 6.8k 5% 1/10W	1-163-129-00 s 1-163-133-00 s 1-163-137-00 s 1-163-141-00 s	CAP, CHIP CERAMIC CAP, CHIP CERAMIC CAP, CHIP CERAMIC CAP, CHIP CERAMIC CAP, CHIP CERAMIC	330pF 470pF 680pF 1000pF	
1-216-073-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-075-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-077-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-079-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-081-00 s RES, CHIP	12k 5% 1/10W 15k 5% 1/10W 18k 5% 1/10W	1-164-161-11 s 1-164-182-11 s 1-163-017-00 s 1-163-019-00 s	CAP, CHIP CERAMIC CAP, CHIP CERAMIC CAP, CHIP CERAMIC CAP, CHIP CERAMIC CAP, CHIP CERAMIC	2200pF 3300pF 4700pF 6800pF	10% 100V 10% 100V 10% 50V 10% 50V
1-216-083-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-085-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-748-11 s RES, CHIP 1-216-089-00 s RES, CHIP 1-216-091-00 s RES, CHIP	33k 5% 1/10W 39k 5% 1/10W 47k 5% 1/10W	1-163-023-00 s 1-163-034-00 s 1-163-035-00 s 1-163-036-00 s	CAP, CHIP CERAMIC	0.015 0.033 0.047 0.068	20% 100V 10% 50V 50V 50V 50V 50V

D - 6

AT-62 BOARD	BI-26 BOARD
Ref. No. or Q'ty Part No. SP Description	Ref. No. or Q'ty Part No. SP Description
1pc A-7515-248-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, AT-62 3pcs 1-568-351-11 o CONNECTOR, BOARD TO BOARD 10P	1pc A-7520-429-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, BI-26 1pc 1-563-936-11 o HOUSING, CONNECTOR 2P
C1 1-163-251-11 s CERAMIC 100PF 5% 50V C3 1-163-251-11 s CERAMIC 100PF 5% 50V C4 1-163-009-11 s CERAMIC. CHIP 0.001uF 10% 50V	1pc 1-563-940-11 s CONTACT, FEMALE 2pcs 1-574-867-11 o WIRE, PVC (FLAT TYPE) (6 CORE)
C4 1-163-009-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 0.001uF 10% 50V C5 1-163-009-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 0.001uF 10% 50V C6 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V	C1 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V C2 1-135-164-21 s TANTAL 22uF 20% 10V C3 1-135-153-21 s TANTAL 2.2uF 10% 25V
C11 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C12 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C13 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V	C4 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V C5 1-163-033-00 s CERAMIC, CHIP 0.022uF 50V
C13 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V C14 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C15 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V	C6 1-163-033-00 s CERAMIC, CHIP 0.022uF 50V C7 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V C8 1-135-166-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 47uF 10% 10V
C16 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C19 1-135-155-21 s TANTAL CHIP 4.7uF 10% 16V C23 1-135-155-21 s TANTAL CHIP 4.7uF 10% 16V	C9 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V C12 1-163-251-11 s CERAMIC 100PF 5% 50V
C24 1-135-155-21 s TANTAL CHIP 4.7uF 10% 16V C27 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V	C13
C28 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V C34 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C35 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V	C17
C36 1-163-235-11 s CERAMIC 22PF 5% 50V	D1 8-719-104-34 s DIODE 1S2836
CN1 1-565-879-11 s CONNECTOR (PC BOARD) 7P, MALE D1 8-719-404-40 s DIODE MA121	IC1 8-750-013-08 s IC IU022AR-10C (DXC-151) IC1 8-750-013-09 s IC IU024AR-10C (DXC-151P) IC2 8-759-013-02 s IC CXB0026AM
D2 8-719-400-18 s DIODE MAI52WK D3 8-719-400-18 s DIODE MAI52WK D4 8-719-404-40 s DIODE MAI21	L1 1-410-713-31 s INDUCTOR, CHIP 47uH
D5 8-719-400-18 s DIODE MA152WK D6 8-719-400-18 s DIODE MA152WK	Q1 8-729-175-73 s TRANSISTOR 2SC2757 Q2 8-729-112-65 s TRANSISTOR 2SA1462 Q3 8-729-140-47 s TRANSISTOR 2SC3735-L-B35
IC1 8-759-032-23 s IC MC74HC74AF IC2 8-759-008-45 s IC MC74HC4538F	Q4 8-729-112-65 s TRANSISTOR 2SA1462 Q5 8-729-140-47 s TRANSISTOR 2SC3735-L-B35
IC3 8-759-008-45 s IC MC74HC4538F IC4 8-759-988-82 s IC MB3773PF IC5 8-759-977-80 s IC MB88342PF	Q6 8-729-140-47 s TRANSISTOR 2SC3735-L-B35 Q7 8-729-112-65 s TRANSISTOR 2SA1462 Q8 8-729-271-22 s TRANSISTOR 2SC2712-G
IC6 8-759-942-27 s IC MB88313PF IC7 8-759-933-28 s IC CX20056 IC8 8-759-147-21 s IC UPC4064G2	R1 1-216-084-00 s METAL 30K 5% 1/10W
IC9 8-759-011-64 s IC MC74HC4052F IC10 8-759-038-37 s IC MC68HC05N4-SC406670FU	
IC11 8-759-234-77 s IC TC4S66F IC12 8-759-100-94 s IC UPC358G2 IC13 8-759-245-04 s IC TC4S584F	
IC14 8-759-234-77 s IC TC4S66F IC15 8-759-234-77 s IC TC4S66F	
L1 1-412-031-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 47uH L2 1-412-031-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 47uH L3 1-412-031-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 47uH	
Q1 8-729-900-53 s TRANSISTOR DTC114EK Q3 8-729-216-22 s TRANSISTOR 2SA1162 Q4 8-729-900-53 s TRANSISTOR DTC114EK Q5 8-729-900-53 s TRANSISTOR DTC114EK Q6 8-729-900-53 s TRANSISTOR DTC114EK	
Q7 8-729-216-22 s TRANSISTOR 2SA1162	

Please see page D-6 for the part number of capacitors and resistors that are not listed in the parts list.

CN-485 BOARD	EN-96/96P BOARD
Ref. No. or Q'ty Part No. SP Description	Ref. No. or Q'ty Part No. SP Description
1pc A-7520-530-A o PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD, CN-485	1pc A-7515-247-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, EN-96
C3	(DXC-151) 1pc A-7515-253-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, EN-96P (DXC-151P) 4pcs 1-568-351-11 o CONNECTOR, BOARD TO BOARD 10P
C14 1-163-235-11 s CERAMIC 22PF 5% 50V	C1 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V (DXC-151P)
CN1 1-566-533-11 o CONNECTOR, FPC (ZIF) 17P CN2 1-566-426-11 s PIN, CONNECTOR 2P D1 8-719-105-82 s DIODE RD5.1M-B2	C3 1-163-009-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 0.001uF 10% 50V (DXC-151P) C5 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V (DXC-151P) C6 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V (DXC-151P) C10 1-163-227-11 s CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V
L1 1-410-180-51 s INDUCTOR CHIP 0.1UH L2 1-410-180-51 s INDUCTOR CHIP 0.1UH L3 1-410-180-51 s INDUCTOR CHIP 0.1UH L4 1-410-180-51 s INDUCTOR CHIP 0.1UH L5 1-410-180-51 s INDUCTOR CHIP 0.1UH	C20 1-163-241-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 39PF 5% 50V C21 1-164-005-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 0.47uF 25V C22 1-163-227-11 s CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V C23 1-163-009-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 0.001uF 10% 50V C27 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V
L6 1-410-180-51 s INDUCTOR CHIP 0.1UH L7 1-410-180-51 s INDUCTOR CHIP 0.1UH L8 1-410-180-51 s INDUCTOR CHIP 0.1UH L9 1-410-180-51 s INDUCTOR CHIP 0.1UH L10 1-410-180-51 s INDUCTOR CHIP 0.1UH	C29 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C30 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C33 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C35 1-135-177-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C36 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V
L11 1-410-180-51 s INDUCTOR CHIP 0.1UH L12 1-410-180-51 s INDUCTOR CHIP 0.1UH L13 1-412-026-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 1uH L14 1-412-026-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 1uH R2 1-216-022-00 s METAL, CHIP 75 5% 1/10W	C37 1-163-235-11 s CERAMIC 22PF 5% 50V C39 1-163-241-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 39PF 5% 50V C41 1-163-251-11 s CERAMIC 100PF 5% 50V C45 1-163-235-11 s CERAMIC 22PF 5% 50V C46 1-163-241-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 39PF 5% 50V
RV1 1-230-523-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 10K RV2 1-230-523-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 10K SW1 1-570-857-11 s SWITCH, SLIDE	C49 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C51 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C52 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C53 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C56 1-135-177-21 s TANTAL UM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V
	C57 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V C58 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V C59 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C61 1-163-227-11 s CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V C64 1-163-241-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 39PF 5% 50V
	C65 1-163-227-11 s CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V C66 1-164-005-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 0.47uF 25V C68 1-163-009-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 0.001uF 10% 50V C69 1-163-009-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 0.001uF 10% 50V C70 1-163-227-11 s CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V (DXC-151)
	C72 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V C76 1-135-162-21 s TANTAL 33uF 10% 6.3V C78 1-135-162-21 s TANTAL 33uF 10% 6.3V C79 1-163-235-11 s CERAMIC 22PF 5% 50V C80 1-163-235-11 s CERAMIC 22PF 5% 50V

C81

DL1 DL2

FL1 FL2 1-163-100-00 s CERAMIC, CHIP 20PF 5% 50V

1-415-635-21 s DL (LC) 1-415-498-21 s Y DL

1-236-368-11 s LPF (YH) 1-415-634-21 s DL (LC)

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MB-320 BOARD
(EN-96/96P BOARD)
                                                                    Ref. No.
Ref. No.
                                                                                          SP Description
                                                                    or Q'ty Part No.
or Q'ty Part No.
                      SP Description
                                                                              A-7515-244-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, MB-320
         8-759-011-65 s IC MC74HC4053F
IC1
                                                                              1-568-328-11 o CONNECTOR, BOARD TO BOARD 10P
                                                                    23pcs
IC2
         8-752-332-67 s IC CXD1217M
                                                                              1-590-357-11 o CABLE, FLAT (1.0MM)
3-167-756-01 s SHEET, INSULATING, DD
         8-752-033-34 s IC CXA1072R
                                                                    1 pc
IC3
          8-759-031-84 s IC SC7S04F
                                                                    1pc
TC4
          1-577-044-11 s OSCILLATOR, CRYSTAL (DXC-151P)
IC6
                                                                              1-135-154-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 20V
                                                                    C3
                                                                             1-135-166-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 47uF 10% 10V
1-135-166-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 47uF 10% 10V
1-135-166-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 47uF 10% 10V
IC8
          8-759-106-02 s IC UPC4570G2
                                                                    C4
                                                                    C5
                                                                    C6
          1-412-031-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 47uH (DXC-151P)
1.1
          1-412-026-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 1uH
                                                                              1-135-079-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 25V
                                                                    C7
L2
          1-412-026-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 1uH
1.3
                                                                              1-135-159-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 10uF 10% 20V
                                                                     C8
          1-412-031-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 47uH
L4
                                                                              1-135-166-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 47uF 10% 10V
          1-410-717-31 s INDUCTOR, CHIP 100uH (DXC-151)
                                                                    C9
1.5
                                                                              1-135-166-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 47uF 10% 10V
                                                                     C10
                                                                              1-135-166-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 47uF 10% 10V
                                                                     C11
          1-410-716-31 s INDUCTOR, CHIP 82uH (DXC-151P)
L5
                                                                              1-135-166-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 47uF 10% 10V
                                                                     C12
          8-729-109-44 s TRANSISTOR 2SK94 (DXC-151P)
01
                                                                              1-135-166-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 47uF 10% 10V
1-135-166-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 47uF 10% 10V
          8-729-402-84 s TRANSISTOR XN4601
                                                                     C13
02
          8-729-402-84 s TRANSISTOR XN4601
                                                                     C14
03
                                                                     C15
                                                                              1-135-154-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 20V
          8-729-402-84 s TRANSISTOR XN4601
                                                                              1-126-923-11 s ELECT 220uF 20% 10V
                                                                     C17
Q5
          8-729-402-84 s TRANSISTOR XN4601
                                                                              1-135-154-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 20V
                                                                     C18
          8-729-402-81 s TRANSISTOR XN4501
06
                                                                     C19
                                                                              1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V
          8-729-402-84 s TRANSISTOR XN4601
07
          8-729-271-22 s TRANSISTOR 2SC2712-G
                                                                     C20
                                                                              1-163-227-11 s CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V
09
                                                                              1-163-227-11 s CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V
                                                                     C22
Q10
          8-729-271-22 s TRANSISTOR 2SC2712-G
                                                                              1-163-227-11 s CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V
                                                                     C24
                                                                              1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V
                                                                     C25
          1-238-090-11 s RES, ADJ METAL 10K
RV1
          1-238-092-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 47K
RV2
                                                                              1-163-227-11 s CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V
                                                                     C26
          1-238-092-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 47K
RV3
                                                                              1-163-227-11 s CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V
                                                                     C28
          1-238-092-11 s RES, ADJ,
                                     METAL 47K
RV4
                                                                               1-163-227-11 s CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V
          1-238-092-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 47K
                                                                     C30
RV5
                                                                               1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V
                                                                     C31
          1-238-092-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 47K (DXC-151P)
                                                                               1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V
RV6
          1-238-091-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 22K
 RV7
                                                                               1-126-942-11 s ELECT 1000uF 20% 25V
                                                                     C33
          1-238-092-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 47K
 RV8
 RV9
          1-238-092-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 47K
                                                                               1-566-430-11 o PIN, CONNECTOR 2P
          1-238-087-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 1K
                                                                     CN101
 RV10
                                                                               1-580-716-11 o PIN, CONNECTOR (PC BOARD) 13P
                                                                     CN102
          1-238-087-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 1K
 RV11
                                                                               8-719-200-36 s DIODE E10QS04
                                                                     D1
                                                                               8-719-106-44 s DIODE RD9. 1M-B2
 SW1
          1-571-277-11 s SWITCH, SLIDE
                                                                     D2
                                                                               8-719-800-76 s DIODE 1SS226
                                                                     D3
                                                                               8-719-800-76 s DIODE 1SS226
                                                                     D4
                                                                               8-719-800-76 s DIODE 1SS226
                                                                     D5
                                                                               8-719-800-76 s DIODE 1SS226
                                                                     DA
                                                                     IC1
                                                                               8-759-037-41 s IC MC14577AF
                                                                               8-759-037-41 s IC MC14577AF
                                                                     IC2
                                                                               8-759-037-41 s IC MC14577AF
                                                                     IC3
                                                                               8-759-037-41 s IC MC14577AF
                                                                     TC4
                                                                      IC5
                                                                               8-759-037-41 s IC MC14577AF
                                                                               8-759-037-41 s IC MC14577AF
                                                                      IC6
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1-412-026-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 1uH

1-412-026-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 1uH

1-412-031-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 47uH

1-412-031-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 47uH

1-412-031-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 47uH

1-412-031-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 47uH 1-466-471-11 s DC-DC CONVERTER

8-729-103-72 s TRANSISTOR 2SD1005-BV

L1

L2

L4

L5

L6 L7

PU1

01

(MB-320 BOARD)

MX-28 BOARD

Ref. No. or Q'ty Part No. SP Description A-7515-245-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, MX-28 1 pc 3pcs 1-568-351-11 o CONNECTOR, BOARD TO BOARD 10P C1 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C2 1-135-155-21 s TANTAL CHIP 4.7uF 10% 16V C3C4 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V C6 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V C7 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V C8 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V C10 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V C11 C12 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V C13 C14 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C16 C17 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C20 1-163-235-11 s CERAMIC 22PF 5% 50V 1-163-235-11 s CERAMIC 22PF 5% 50V C21 1-163-235-11 s CERAMIC 22PF 5% 50V C22 C23 1-135-161-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 22uF 10% 10V 1-135-161-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 22uF 10% 10V C24 C25 1-135-155-21 s TANTAL CHIP 4.7uF 10% 16V 1-135-177-21 s TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V C26 C29 1-135-162-21 s TANTAL 33uF 10% 6.3V C31 1-135-162-21 s TANTAL 33uF 10% 6.3V C35 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C36 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C38 1-135-161-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 22uF 10% 10V C39 1-135-161-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 22uF 10% 10V 1-135-161-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 22uF 10% 10V 1-135-161-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 22uF 10% 10V C40 C41 C42 1-135-161-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 22uF 10% 10V C44 1-135-155-21 s TANTAL CHIP 4.7uF 10% 16V 1-163-241-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 39PF 5% 50V 1-163-241-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 39PF 5% 50V C47 C50 1-135-155-21 s TANTAL CHIP 4.7uF 10% 16V C52 C53 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V C57 1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V 1-135-161-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 22uF 10% 10V C72 1-135-161-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 22uF 10% 10V C73 C74 1-135-161-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 22uF 10% 10V C75 1-135-161-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 22uF 10% 10V 8-719-800-76 s DIODE 1SS226 D1 8-719-400-18 s DIODE MA152WK D2 IC1 8-752-329-60 s IC CXL1505M 8-752-329-60 s IC CXL1505M IC2 8-759-106-02 s IC UPC4570G2 IC3 IC4 8-759-106-02 s IC UPC4570G2 IC5 8-752-015-08 s IC CX20151 TC6 8-759-100-94 s IC UPC358G2 1-412-026-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 1uH L1 L2 1-412-026-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 1uH 1.3 1-412-026-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 1uH

(MX-28 BOARD)

Ref. No. or Q'ty	Part No. SP Descr	ription
01	8-729-271-22 s TRANS	SISTOR 2SC2712-G
Q2		SISTOR 2SC2712-G
Q3		SISTOR 2SC2712-G
	8-729-402-84 s TRANS	
Q5		SISTOR XN4601
Q6	8-729-271-22 s TRANS	SISTOR 2SC2712-G
Q7	8-729-271-22 s TRANS	SISTOR 2SC2712-G
Q8	8-729-403-27 s TRANS	SISTOR XN4401
Q9	8-729-403-27 s TRANS	SISTOR XN4401
Q12	8-729-403-27 s TRANS	SISTOR XN4401
Q13		SISTOR XN4401
Q14	8-729-403-27 s TRANS	
Q15		SISTOR XN4401
Q16	8-729-271-22 s TRANS	SISTOR 2SC2712-G
R4	1-216-056-00 s METAL	
R5	1-216-056-00 s METAL	
R9	1-216-056-00 s METAL	,
R58	1-216-056-00 s METAL	., CHIP 2K 5% 1/10W
RV2	1-238-090-11 s RES,	ADJ, METAL 10K
RV3	1-238-090-11 s RES,	
RV4	1-238-090-11 s RES,	ADJ, METAL 10K
RV5	1-238-090-11 s RES,	ADJ, METAL 10K
RV6	1-238-090-11 s RES,	ADJ, METAL 10K
RV7	1-238-090-11 s RES,	
RV8	1-238-090-11 s RES,	
RV9	1-238-090-11 s RES,	ADJ, METAL 10K
RV10	1-238-090-11 s RES,	ADJ, METAL 10K

PR-146 BOARD

Ref. No. or Q'ty	Part No. SP	Description
1pc 4pcs		MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, PR-146 CONNECTOR, BOARD TO BOARD 10P
C1 C2 C3 C4 C5	1-135-157-21 s 1-135-157-21 s 1-135-157-21 s	TANTAL 33uF 10% 6.3V TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V
C6 C7 C8 C9	1-135-157-21 s 1-135-177-21 s 1-135-177-21 s	TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V
C12 C13 C14 C17 C18	1-135-177-21 s 1-135-162-21 s 1-135-162-21 s	TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V TANTAL 33uF 10% 6.3V TANTAL 33uF 10% 6.3V TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V
C19 C20 C23 C27 C34	1-135-161-21 s 1-135-161-21 s 1-135-162-21 s	TANTAL CHIP 4.7uF 10% 16V TANTALUM, CHIP 22uF 10% 10V TANTALUM, CHIP 22uF 10% 10V TANTAL 33uF 10% 6.3V TANTAL CHIP 4.7uF 10% 16V
C35 C36 C37 C38 C39	1-135-177-21 s 1-135-177-21 s 1-135-177-21 s	TANTAL CHIP 4.7uF 10% 16V TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V TANTALUM, CHIP 2.2uF 10% 10V
C40 C41 C42 C43 C44	1-135-157-21 s 1-163-088-00 s 1-135-177-21 s	TANTALUM, CHIP 2.2uF 10% 10V TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V CERAMIC, CHIP 5PF 50V TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V TANTAL CHIP 4.7uF 10% 16V
C45 C46 C49 C50 C53	1-164-222-11 s 1-135-177-21 s 1-135-177-21 s	TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V CERAMIC 0.22uF 25V TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V TANTAL 33uF 10% 6.3V
C55 C56 C58 C59 C60	1-135-149-21 s 1-163-088-00 s 1-163-227-11 s	TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V TANTALUM, CHIP 2.2uF 10% 10V CERAMIC, CHIP 5PF 50V CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V
D1 D2	8-719-400-18 s 8-719-400-18 s	
FL1 FL2	1-236-368-11 s 1 1-236-368-11 s 1	
IC1 IC2 IC3 IC4	8-759-011-64 s 8-752-032-48 s 8-759-933-24 s 8-752-034-23 s	IC CXA1157M
L1 L2		INDUCTOR CHIP 1uH INDUCTOR CHIP 1uH
Q1 Q2		TRANSISTOR XN4601 TRANSISTOR XN1216

(PR-146 BOARD)

Ref. No. or Q'ty	Part No. SI	Description
U. Q U,		
Q3	8-729-403-42	
Q4	8-729-271-22	TRANSISTOR 2SC2712-G
Q5	8-729-216-22	TRANSISTOR 2SA1162
Q6	8-729-900-53	TRANSISTOR DTC114EK
07	8-729-900-53	TRANSISTOR DTC114EK
•		
Q8	8-729-900-53	TRANSISTOR DTC114EK
Q9	8-729-271-22	TRANSISTOR 2SC2712-G
Q10	8-729-402-84	TRANSISTOR XN4601
Q11	8-729-402-81	TRANSISTOR XN4501
012	8-729-402-81	TRANSISTOR XN4501
Ť		
Q13	8-729-402-81	
Q14	8-729-900-53	TRANSISTOR DTC114EK
Q15	8-729-900-53	TRANSISTOR DTC114EK
Q16	8-729-402-84	TRANSISTOR XN4601
017	8-729-402-84	TRANSISTOR XN4601
RV1	1-238-088-11	RES, ADJ, METAL 2.2K
RV2	1-238-090-11	RES, ADJ, METAL 10K
RV3	1-238-090-11	RES, ADJ, METAL 10K
RV4	1-238-090-11	RES, ADJ, METAL 10K
RV5	1-238-088-11	RES, ADJ, METAL 2.2K
RV6	1-238-090-11	RES, ADJ. METAL 10K
RV7	1-238-090-11	
RV8		RES, ADJ, METAL 10K
RV9		RES, ADJ, METAL 10K
RV10	1-238-090-11	
	1 200 000 11	, nes, noo, meine ion

RD-18 BOARD

KD-18 BUA	AKD .	
Ref. No. or Q'ty	Part No. SP	Description
1pc 3pcs		MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, RD-18 CONNECTOR, BOARD TO BOARD 10P
C1 C2 C3 C4 C5	1-163-227-11 s 1-135-177-21 s 1-135-149-21 s	TANTALUM, CHIP 2.2uF 10% 10V CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V TANTALUM, CHIP 2.2uF 10% 10V CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V
C6 C9 C11 C13 C14	1-135-157-21 s 1-163-227-11 s 1-135-157-21 s	TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V
C16 C17 C18 C19 C20	1-135-157-21 s 1-135-149-21 s 1-135-157-21 s	TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V TANTALUM, CHIP 2.2uF 10% 10V TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V
C21 C22 C25 C27 C28	1-163-241-11 s 1-164-222-11 s 1-135-177-21 s	CERAMIC 22PF 5% 50V CERAMIC, CHIP 39PF 5% 50V CERAMIC 0.22uF 25V TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V
C29 C30 C32 C34 C35	1-135-157-21 s 1-164-222-11 s 1-135-177-21 s	TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V CERAMIC 0.22uF 25V TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V
C36 C37 C39 C41 C42	1-135-157-21 s 1-164-222-11 s 1-135-177-21 s	TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V CERAMIC 0.22uF 25V TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V
C43 C44		TANTALUM CHIP 1uF 10% 25V TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V
DL1	1-415-635-21 s	DL (LC)
IC3 IC4 IC5 IC7 IC8	8-752-033-34 s 8-752-033-34 s 8-752-033-34 s 8-759-106-02 s 8-759-106-02 s	IC CXA1072R
L1 L2	1-412-026-11 s 1-412-026-11 s	INDUCTOR CHIP 1uH INDUCTOR CHIP 1uH
Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q5	8-729-402-84 s 8-729-402-84 s	TRANSISTOR 2SC2712-G TRANSISTOR XN4601 TRANSISTOR XN4601 TRANSISTOR XN4601 TRANSISTOR XN4601
Q6 Q7		TRANSISTOR XN4601 TRANSISTOR XN4601
RV1 RV2 RV3 RV4 RV5	1-238-092-11 s 1-238-092-11 s	RES, ADJ. METAL 47K RES, ADJ, METAL 47K RES, ADJ, METAL 47K RES, ADJ, METAL 47K RES, ADJ, METAL 47K

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(RD-18 BOARD)
                                                                   SW-439/439P BOARD
Ref. No.
                                                                   Ref. No.
or Q'ty Part No.
                      SP Description
                                                                   or Q'ty Part No.
                                                                                          SP Description
RV6
         1-238-092-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 47K
                                                                             1-637-476-11 o PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD, SW-439
RV7
         1-238-092-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 47K
                                                                                                                        (DXC-151)
RV8
         1-238-092-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 47K
                                                                             1-637-476-11 o PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD, SW-439P
                                                                   1pc
RV9
         1-238-092-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 47K
                                                                                                                       (DXC-151P)
         1-238-092-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 47K
RV10
                                                                   2pcs
                                                                             1-533-146-00 o HOLDER, FUSE
                                                                             1-946-971-11 o HARNESS (CN-SW)
                                                                   1pc
RV11
         1-238-092-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 47K
                                                                   1pc
                                                                             1-946-972-11 o HARNESS (SW-MB)
RV12
         1-238-092-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 47K
                                                                   C3
                                                                             1-163-009-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 0.001uF 10% 50V
         1-571-275-11 s SWITCH, SLIDE
SW1
                                                                                                                        (DXC-151)
SW2
         1-571-275-11 s SWITCH, SLIDE
                                                                   C4
                                                                             1-163-009-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 0.001uF 10% 50V
                                                                                                                        (DXC-151)
                                                                   C5
                                                                             1-163-009-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 0.001uF 10% 50V
                                                                                                                       (DXC-151P)
                                                                   C6
                                                                             1-163-009-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 0.001uF 10% 50V
                                                                                                                       (DXC-151P)
                                                                             1-163-009-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 0.001uF 10% 50V
SG-177/177P BOARD
                                                                                                                       (DXC-151P)
Ref. No.
                                                                   C8
                                                                             1-163-009-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 0.001uF 10% 50V
or Q'ty Part No.
                      SP Description
                                                                                                                       (DXC-151P)
1pc
         A-7515-251-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, SG-177
                                                                             8-719-800-33 s DIODE TLG102A
                                                                   D1
                                                    (DXC-151)
1pc
         A-7515-254-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD,
                                                  SG-177P
                                                                   F1

↑ 1-532-741-11 s FUSE, GLASS TUBE (DXC-151)

                                                   (DXC-151P)
                                                                          ↑ 1-532-285-00 s FUSE, TIME-LAG 1.25A 250V
         1-568-351-11 o CONNECTOR, BOARD TO BOARD 10P
2pcs
                                                                                                                       (DXC-151P)
                                                                             1-553-856-00 s SWITCH, TACTILE
C1
         1-126-933-11 s ELECT 100uF 20% 16V
                                                                   SW1
C3
         1-163-100-00 s CERAMIC, CHIP 20PF 5% 50V
                                                                             1-571-881-11 s SWITCH, ROTARY (DR-FC10P)
1-571-881-11 s SWITCH, ROTARY (DR-FC10P)
                                                                   SW2
C4
         1-163-245-11 s CERAMIC 56PF 5% 50V
                                                                   SW3
         1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V
C5
                                                                   SW4
                                                                             1-571-881-11 s SWITCH, ROTARY (DR-FC10P)
C6
         1-135-161-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 22uF 10% 10V
C9
         1-135-161-21 s TANTALUM, CHIP 22uF 10% 10V
C10
         1-135-162-21 s TANTAL 33uF 10% 6.3V
         1-135-162-21 s TANTAL 33uF 10% 6.3V
C13
C23
         1-163-009-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 0.001uF 10% 50V
                                                   (DXC-151P)
C24
         1-163-009-11 s CERAMIC, CHIP 0.001uF 10% 50V
IC1
         1-807-836-11 s HYBRID-IC (SYNC SEP)
         8-741-134-00 s IC BX-1340
IC2
IC3
         1-808-514-11 s IC IB-37
         1-808-513-12 s IC IB-38
IC4
IC5
         8-759-907-81 s IC SN74LS221NS
IC6
         8-759-031-84 s IC SC7S04F
         1-410-717-31 s INDUCTOR, CHIP 100uH (DXC-151)
1-410-716-31 s INDUCTOR, CHIP 82uH (DXC-151P)
L1
1.1
         1-410-712-31 s INDUCTOR CHIP 39UH (DXC-151)
L2
L2
          1-410-711-31 s INDUCTOR CHIP 33UH (DXC-151P)
L3
         1-412-031-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 47uH
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1-412-031-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 47uH

1.4

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TG-83/83P BOARD
                                                                    (TG-83/83P BOARD)
Ref. No.
                                                                   Ref. No.
or Q'ty Part No.
                      SP Description
                                                                   or Q'ty Part No.
          A-7515-246-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, TG-83
1 pc
                                                                   IC5
                                                     (DXC-151)
                                                                   IC7
1pc
          A-7515-252-A o MOUNTED CIRCUIT BOARD, TG-83P
                                                    (DXC-151P)
                                                                   1.1
         1-568-351-11 o CONNECTOR, BOARD TO BOARD 10P
4pcs
                                                                   L2
                                                                   L3
C3
          1-163-227-11 s CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V
                                                                   L4
          1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V
C4
C6
          1-163-227-11 s CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V
                                                                   03
          1-163-227-11 s CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V
C7.
                                                                   04
          1-163-227-11 s CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V
C8
                                                                   Q5
                                                                   06
CQ
         1-135-157-21 s TANTAL 10uF 10% 6.3V
                                                                   Q7
C10
         1-135-154-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 20V
         1-135-079-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 25V
1-135-154-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 20V
C11
                                                                   80
C12
                                                                   09
         1-135-145-11 s TANTALUM, CHIP 0.47uF 10% 35V
C15
                                                                   Q10
C16
         1-135-145-11 s TANTALUM, CHIP 0.47uF 10% 35V
                                                                   R32
C17
         1-135-145-11 s TANTALUM, CHIP 0.47uF 10% 35V
C18
         1-135-145-11 s TANTALUM, CHIP 0.47uF 10% 35V
                                                                   RV1
         1-135-079-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 25V
C19
C20
         1-135-079-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 25V
C22
         1-135-154-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 20V
C23
         1-135-154-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 20V
         1-135-154-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 20V
C24
C25
         1-135-154-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 20V
C26
         1-135-154-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 20V
C27
         1-135-154-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 20V
C28
         1-135-154-21 s TANTAL 3. 3uF 20% 20V
         1-135-154-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 20V
C29
C31
         1-135-154-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 20V
C33
         1-135-079-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 25V
C35
         1-135-154-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 20V
C38
         1-163-227-11 s CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V
         1-163-227-11 s CERAMIC 10PF 5% 50V
1-163-251-11 s CERAMIC 100PF 5% 50V
C39
C44
C45
         1-135-154-21 s TANTAL 3.3uF 20% 20V
C47
         1-135-162-21 s TANTAL 33uF 10% 6.3V
C49
         1-135-162-21 s TANTAL 33uF 10% 6.3V
C50
         1-135-162-21 s TANTAL 33uF 10% 6.3V
D1
         8-719-104-34 s DIODE 1S2836
D2
         8-719-400-18 s DIODE MA152WK
D3
         8-719-400-18 s DIODE MA152WK
         8-719-104-34 s DIODE 1S2836
D5
         8-719-104-34 s DIODE 1S2836
Dĥ
         8-719-104-34 s DIODE 1S2836
D7
         8-719-400-18 s DIODE MA152WK
         8-719-800-76 s DIODE 1SS226
D8
D9
         8-719-104-34 s DIODE 1S2836
D10
         8-719-104-34 s DIODE 1S2836
IC1
         1-567-779-41 s VIBRATOR, CRYSTAL (VCO)
                                                    (DXC-151)
IC1
         1-567-779-21 s VIBRATOR, CRYSTAL (VCO)
                                                   (DXC-151P)
IC2
         8-752-031-03 s IC CXA1065M
         8-759-031-07 s IC MC74HC27F
IC3
IC4
         8-752-326-17 s IC CXD1149R
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SP Description

8-752-329-33 s IC CXD1251Q

8-759-032-14 s IC MC74HC08AF

1-412-031-11 s INDUCTOR CHIP 47uH

8-729-402-84 s TRANSISTOR XN4601

8-729-421-23 s TRANSISTOR XN1216

8-729-402-84 s TRANSISTOR XN4601

8-729-104-25 s TRANSISTOR 2SB804-AV

8-729-103-72 s TRANSISTOR 2SD1005-BV

8-729-271-22 s TRANSISTOR 2SC2712-G

8-729-271-22 s TRANSISTOR 2SC2712-G

8-729-216-22 s TRANSISTOR 2SA1162

1-216-084-00 s METAL 30K 5% 1/10W

1-238-092-11 s RES, ADJ, METAL 47K

FIXTURE

Part No. SP Description

J-6094-170-B s VECTORSCOPE SCALE J-6095-730-A s EXTENSION BOARD 40P

